



... You're probably going to see some hard times when it comes to getting certain repair parts for your M37B1 <sup>3</sup>/<sub>4</sub>-ton or M715 1 <sup>1</sup>/<sub>4</sub>-ton truck.

This goes for all of the trucks in the TM-212-series (3/4-ton) and TM-244-series (11/4-ton).

These vehicles are WUZ GREAT FUN...

In most cases, they'll be replaced with a commercial-design 1½-ton pickup truck—pretty near exactly like the truck you see downtown in the dealer's showroom.



This changeover can't happen in the flick of an eye. It takes a while to move the old trucks out and the new ones in.

And this means that repair parts support of the old trucks will taper off.

You won't be able to get certain repair parts—even though the -20P TM for your truck says the parts are authorized. And don't expect TM changes to come along and give the new story on those parts—it's hardly worth the money to put out TM changes for equipment that's going out of the picture.

You'll just have to bear with it until the changeover is completed.

Your own command will probably work out some plans to make it easier on you:

—The ol' bone yard (cannibalization point) will have to cough up more repair parts.

—Your support may have to make some parts for you. If the parts are simple to make—like a bent piece of metal with holes drilled in it for a mounting bracket—your own shop may be able to do the job.

—Your truck may not be on the road so much. If there're now requirements for putting a certain number of miles on your truck during a certain time period, they may have to be changed.

—Hard-nosed inspectors may have to relax a little. No, not on such things like keeping engine oil up to snuff, cooling system filled, batteries maintained, tires inflated and so on. Common sense will save everybody a lot of headaches.

Do the best you can with what you've got—until that spankin' new pickup comes over the hill and shoves your old <sup>3</sup>/<sub>4</sub>-tonner or 1 <sup>1</sup>/<sub>4</sub>-tonner out of the scene.





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ISSUE	No. 282 MAY 1976
GROUND M	OBILITY 2-9
Goer	2-3 20-Ton CCE Truck 7

Goer	2-3	20-Ton CCE Truck
11/4-Ton Truck	4, 5	Trailer Cables
5-Ton Truck	6	LVCT TM
Boot Patch	6	2½-Ton Truck

# M60/M728 10-11, 12 M113/M113A1 14-15 M88 11 M109A1 16 M60/M48A3 12, 13 M107/M110 17 DA Form 12-37 13 18 750-852 17

# AN/GRC-106 18-19 TA-43/-312 23, 24 Camouflage Screen 20 Meteorological AM-1780 21 Console 24 EIR Replies 21 RL-31 Reel Unit 25 CX-4720/U Power 23 Console 24

#### COMBAT SUPPORT

Cables

Generators 26-27,	37	400-Gal Water	
Adapter Connector	27	Trailer	57
New Publications/		Plastic Caps	58
Films, TV Tapes,		NSN Tip	59
TEC Lessons	28	Pubs Request	59
Torque Story 29-	36	SMR Codes	60-61
Water Purification		Status Cards	62-64
Unit 54	56		

#### AIR MOBILITY

38-53

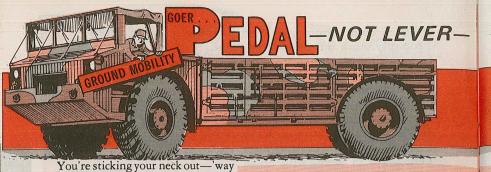
BYOL...CH-47 (Part 1)

PS wants your ideas and contributions, and is glad to answer your questions. Name and address are kept in confidence. Just write to Or call: AUTOVON 745-3503.

M S G Half-Mass PS Magazine Lexington, KY

Use of funds for printing of this publication has been approved by Headquarters. Department of the Army, 23 December 1975 in accordance with AR 310-1.

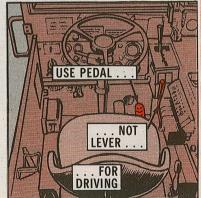
DISTRIBUTION: In accordance with requirements submitted on



You're sticking your neck out—'way out!—if you drive with your Goer's governor lever feeding the fuel.

If you've got to stop quick—or slow down in a hurry—you could forget to push the lever forward. You'll be hitting the brakes while the engine just keeps pushing you on.

Stick to the accelerator pedal for highway and cross-country driving and for swimming. Then you cut off the power when you move your foot from the accelerator to the brakes.



That governor lever is only for tanker fuel dispensing and wrecker lifting operations. It's only to keep a steady engine speed for those operations.

# FORTRAVEL

Driving calls for special attention.

You may think you're just poking along—since the top speed is only about 30 MPH. But you've got a lotta weight pushing you. Anywhere from 12 to 23 tons, depending on which Goer you're driving and how much of a load you're carrying.

It's like a slow-moving freight train coming to a stop—all of that weight takes a while to slow down.

Keep a sharp eye out ahead. Watch for curves, crossroads, other vehicles—anything you might have to stop or slow down for.

Get your foot off the accelerator pedal and onto the brake pedal early. Start slowing down all of that weight—early.

YEOW! SI CAN'T STOP!

SPECIAL CONTRACTOR

CONTRACTOR LOGISTIC SUPPORT

SUPPORT!

NEVER USE THE GOVERNOR LEVER FOR DRIVING! MAKE UP YOUR MIND,
F'GOSHSAKES--- YOU'RE
HITTIN' THE BRAKES BUT
YOU DIDN'T PUSH THE
GOVERNOR LEVER FORWARD,

GOER REPAIR PARTS BY CLS

You've got to be up on CLS if you have a M520 8-ton cargo truck, M559 2,500-gallon tanker or M553 10-ton wrecker. That's because some Goer repair parts are supplied directly by the manufacturer.

GET ALL OF THE POOP ON CLS BY WRITING TO...

Commander US Army Tank-Automotive Command ATTN: DRSTA-WG Warren, MI 48090

Fact is, if you've got any questions or problems on your Goer, drop a line to that address.

3

TM-242-SERIES 11/4-TON TRUCK . . HITCH PINS ARE ON TH' TOUGH ? BURP? SIDE... BUT THEY DO HELP GET AND KEEP IT TOGETHER!

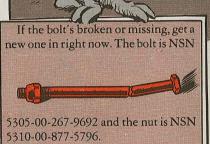
If your Gama Goat's carrier-totractor attaching pins (hitch pins) are loose, you might end up with a 2-piece vehicle. If you're an ambulance driver, you might even lose your patients.



Those pins are held in with a capscrew and nut. When you check the pins, reach in and make sure the nuts



down to 10 lb-ft.



This is Grade 5 hardware—with 3

**USE GRADE 5—NOTHING WEAKER** 







slash marks on the head. Use only this grade—nothing weaker.

Those pins are part of the beforeare tight. If they're loose, torque 'em operation check, so give 'em a feel every time you go out.

You forgot. And you ruined a brake drum on your Gama Goat. About \$100 shot!

BAA-AAH



You didn't back out the jacking screws before mounting the brake drum. The tips of the jacking screws were sticking through—from screwing them in to take the drum off. Then 70 lb-ft torque. when you tightened the mounting nuts, you were fighting the jacking screws.



ANOTHER DRUM SHOT

para 2-162f(26).

LB-IN-NOT LB-FT You use the inch-pound torque wrench, NSN 5120-00-853-4538, in

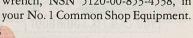
Remember! When you jack a brake drum off your M561 11/4-ton truck or M792 ambulance, turn the 4 jacking screws back out-right now!

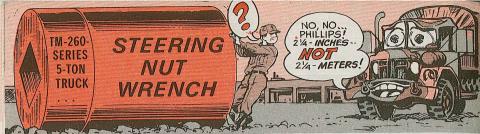
And play it safe—check the jacking screws again when you put the drum back on. If they're sticking through just a fraction of an inch, the flange will crack or break when you tighten the mounting nuts.

Run your finger over the jacking screw holes. If you can touch the end of the screw, back it out some more.

Brake drum mounting nuts get 55-

But when you tighten the jacking screws, you give 'em only 35-40 lb-in torque. That's inches, not pounds. Forget that "lbs-ft" you see in TM 9-2320-242-20 (Aug 70), page 2-243,





from upstairs (local command your tool set go up only to 2 inches. authorization) to assure safe steering 475-500 LB-FT on your M813 or other TM-260-series 5-ton trucks.



You need a 21/4-in socket—NSN

You mechanics need a little help truck's pitman arm nut. The sockets in



Your authorization for this socket is Appendix A, CTA 50-970.

This nut gets torqued to 475-500 lbft—like it says in TM 9-2320-260-20 5120-00-199-7771—to tighten your (Jul 72), page 2-272, para 2-164b(2).

### PATCH THE BOOT

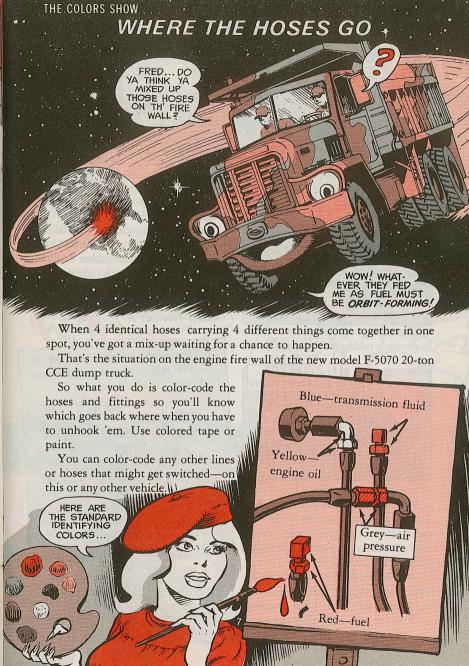
Don't send that torn dust and moisture protective boot on your truck to Boot Hill. Maybe you can fix it.

If it has a puncture or a small tear but otherwise good—you can patch it with a tire patch.



Unclamp the boot, clean it thoroughly, and patch it just like you used to do with your bicycle inner tubes. Step-by-step instructions are in TM 9-2610-200-20 (Nov 72) on page 2-15. The materials you need are listed on pages 4-5 and 4-6 of Ch 1 (May 74). There's one change to make there: 1 gallon of Rubber Buffer comes under NSN 2640-00-403-5539, not 2640-138-8325.

This repair job'll save money, and you'll get that truck back into action a lot quicker than waiting for a new boot.





Pick out a trailer—¼-ton, ¾-ton, 1½-ton—and look at the door on the intervehicular cable connector.



There's a good chance you'll find a homemade rubber seal stuck inside the



A real screw-up! Yank it out.

Somebody thought the door needed a seal—to keep water out so the pins in the connector wouldn't get corroded. So he cut out a piece of rubber and glued it in the cup.

And he screwed up a good seal—and now water's getting in and corroding the pins. That piece of

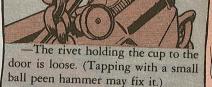
rubber holds the cup part way open, so water goes right in through the indexing slot.

That cable connector and its door are OK just the way they come. The cup presses against the rubber end of the connector and makes a tight seal—so water can't get in.

THE ONLY WAY WATER CAN GET IN IS...

The edge of the cup is damaged.

The edge of the cup is damaged.
 The rubber part of the connector is chewed up.



—The door spring is broken or weak.

IF THE DOOR
OR CONNECTOR
CAN'T BE FIXED TO
STOP THE LEAKING,
YOU NEED A
NEW CABLE!

QUICK! LET'S TELL FILBERT ABOUT TH'

DON'T BOTHER! HE SEZ ALL HE NEEDS TO TEST ANYTHING

SCREW-DRIVER!

It's TM 9-4910-509-10 (Apr 75), Operator's Manual for Low Voltage Circuit Testers.

It's for trouble-shooting the electrical system of your tactical and combat vehicles—using Test Set, Generator And Voltage Regulator, Automotive, NSN 4910-00-092-9136 in your No. 1 Supplemental or No. 2 Common Shop Equipment.

This pocket-size TM gives the poop on how to use 9 different models of the LVCT.

Every automotive mechanic needs a copy of TM 9-4910-509-10.



## FUEL NOZZLE STRAINER

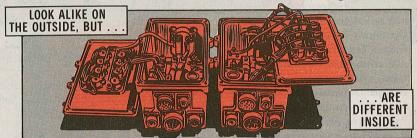
PUBS CENTER!

Are you looking for a new strainer for the 1½-in fuel nozzle on your M49-series 2½-ton fuel service tank truck? It's not in the truck's parts manuals, but it is in TM's for the M131-series 5,000-gal fuel service tank semitrailers. It's Strainer, NSN 4930-00-954-1317, in TM 9-2330-272-14 (Jun 72) and TM 9-2330-286-14 (Nov 68).





It's what's inside that counts. That's the story on the turret-power relaycontrol boxes for the M60-series tanks and the M728 combat engineer vehicle.



These boxes look alike on the outside even though they have different stock numbers and different internal wiring. Use the wrong one and your tank will be low or high on electrical power and blow its relays or other components often.

Some control boxes are interchangeable while others can be used with only



NSN 6110-00-068-8491

NSN 1015-01-006-0621

but without AOS

M60A1 with 2.2-KW searchlight

and with AOS

M60A1 with AOS and 1-KW searchlight

This will take care of you if you know what kind of box you have. If you don't know, get your turret mechanic to open up the box. He can tell you

what kind it is by the internal wiring.

THEY ALL LOOK JUST ALIKE!

YER KIDDIN', BONNIE!

= WHEW :

THANKS

BONNIE

This situation will get better because all new production boxes will have part numbers on them. Also, as an interim measure, your friendly DSU can put part numbers on the outside of boxes they issue. Authority for this is on page 4-42 of TB 43-0001-36-1 (Apr 75).

For now, when you turn in one of these boxes for DX, put the right NSN on the exchange tag (DA Form 2402).



When you get a new control box from supply keep the supply card (DD Form 1348-1) that comes glued on the outside of the cardboard container. It'll tell you what model control box is inside.

11654980

11655385

## M88 FINAL DRIVE DANGER

The hoisting adapter NSN 4910-00-766-1961 (\$337) for the final drive assembly on your M88 recovery vehicle could be dangerous to your health . . .



Click your eyeballs and look it over because the welds could be cracked.

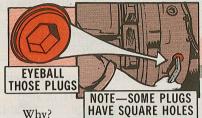
If it's cracked, get it welded before you try swinging a final drive with it. Also, load test it with 2500 pounds.



A new adapter is being designed. Meanwhile, pay sharp attention to Step 3 of Fig 142 on page 197 of your TM 9-2350-242-20 (Aug 66) when you take off a final drive. Your command will have the original TACOM message on this: AMSTA-MCA 291300Z Aug 75.

## FINAL DRIVE PLUG DRILL

Check the level plugs on both final drives every few days for any accumulation of metal chips.



Because metal chips could be coming from the bull gears. Some bull gears got the wrong hardening





process. When they start chipping, the rest of the final drive—including the case and carrier—will soon be ruined.



If you spot any chips on the magnetic plugs, tell your mechanic before the whole expensive assembly falls apart.

## STOPPING RUST'S A MUST



Your M728 combat engineer vehi- compound. Note 9 to C1 of your LO9-2350-222-12 tells you how. cle can do a lot of things.

What it can't do is clean the rust out of its own tube.

For that it needs you.

The tube on the M728 is very special. It's the only tube without an EFC round limit. It won't wear out but, and changing one is a rough job.

clean it with rifle bore cleaning \$5.32.

. TO

KEEP

THE

RAIN AWAY



Use the muzzle cap to keep the rain if you neglect it, it can rust out. Also, out. If the cap's missing, get a new one it's put on differently-full thread- with NSN 1025-00-299-0785. It's listed on page B-8 of Ch 10 to your TM So check your tube for rust, and 9-2350-222-10 (Aug 65), and it costs M60/M60A1 TANKERS

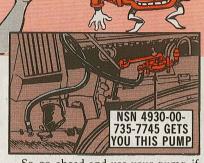
## **WATER REMOVER READY**



You can have fuel injector and engine problems if you don't get the water out of your fuel.

During cold weather you've got to do this daily on both fuel tanks. See page 3-39 in TM 9-2350-215-10 for details.

The fuel tank condensate removal Sect II, page 64 of CTA 50-970 which order it. The pump is NSN 4930-00authorizes 1 pump per platoon and 1 735-7745. Pay no mind to the replaceper maintenance section. This in- ment NSN listed in the Army Master cludes AVLB's. The pump is a Basic Data File. It's out of date and will be Issue Item for M728 combat engineer changed. NSN 4930-00-735-7745 is vehicles.



LEMME AT THAT WATER IN YER FUEL!

So go ahead and use your pump if pump that you need for this job is in you have it and if you don't have it, the only pump now being procured.

## **DA FORM 12-37 WRITE IN VOTE**

Get yourself in practice for the elections by doing a little write-in voting on DA manuals on any of this equipme

A Form 12-37 for	OPER- ATOR	ORGANIZATIONAL		DIR & GEN SUPPORT			
ent:	TM	TM ,	TMP,	TM	TM		
WRITE-INS ITEMS							
A-33 TANK, COMBAT, FT, 90MM, M48A3	1056)	1057) .	1058)	1059)	1060)		
TANK, COMBAT, MGOAI (RISE)	1064)	1065)	1066)	1067)	1068)		
TANK, COMBAT, M48A5	1072)	1073)	1074)	1075)	1076)		
TRAINER, LASER GUNNERY, M55	1080)	1081)	1082)	1083)	1084)		
only way you'll get	1088)	1089)	1090)	1091)	1092)		
1'							

Doing the write-in bit is the these TM's by pinpoint. Don't use any line on the form but the one shown for your specific equipment. 13

## M113/M113A1 GARRIER

Loose screws in the power train universal joints can wreck your vehicle.



However, the tablock washers now used to hold the screws on the entire M113/M113A1 family of carriers let them wiggle loose.

You need to replace the tablock washers with Washers flat: hardened,

NSN 5310-00-000-0079 (10910174-33). You can get 'em from supply even though this number is not in the Army Master Data File yet.

You also need some Screws, cap: hexhead %-24x2 in, NSN 5305-00-269-3242 (MS90727-66) and some Screws, cap: hexhead %-24x1 in, NSN 5305-00-269-3236 (MS90727-60).

VEHICLE

NUMBER OF PARTS

M548/M730/
XM727

56 washers
32 2-in screws
16 1-in screws
Use 1 extra washer under each of the screws holding the spiders to the left drive plate.

M113A1/M132A1/
52 washers

24 2-in screws

24 1-in screws

M125A1/M106A1/

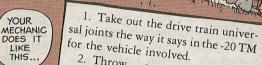
M577A1/M741/

XM806E1/and

M667

File yet.
in, NSN 5305-00-269-24x1 in, NSN 5305-00THIS IS HOW MANY PARTS YOU'LL NEED...
r screws

PART NEEDED



2. Throw away the tablock washers, NSN 5340-00-682-2084.



## REPLACE TABLOCK WASHERS AND SCREWS

3. Put back the drive train universal joints and shafts using hardened steel washers and the new screws. Tighten all screws to 35-40 lb-ft torque except when using torque adapter NSN 5120-00-977-7421. In this case torque should be 28-32 lb-ft.

28-32 LB-FT TORQUE WITH THIS ADAPTER



NOTE:

This change in washers applies to all members of both the M113 (gasoline powered) and the M113A1 (diesel powered) family of vehicles.

Use 1 extra

washer under

each of the screws @

holding the spider

to the output yoke of the transmission.



RIGHT ON!

The 10 steel balls in the bore evacuator of your M109A1 are specially hardened. If you lose some of them you can't use regular ball bearings in their place. The pressure would crack regular ball bearings like walnuts.

GREAT MARBLES, EH?

You can fire your howitzer even though up to 4 of the balls are missing. It won't hurt anybody or do any BEARINGS damage to the gun tube or bore evacuator. The only bad result will be the extra smoke you'll get in the cab because the bore evacuator won't be working right.

'Course, you'll want to replace the missing balls soon as you can.



HOSE'RE MINE!



THAT DOES (\*KERECT! IT, HUH? LET'S

Monthly or after 300 rounds whichever comes FIRST.

That's when LO 9-2350-217-12 (Jan 72) says to clean and lube the bore evacuator.

If you skip this service, the evacuator can get stuck on so tight it takes a cutting torch to get it off. And going up in smoke, along with your that means a lot of your assets are reputation.



HEY! HOW 'BOUT ME? I DON'T WANNA BE STUCK HERE!



## TRACK VEHICLE ENGINE



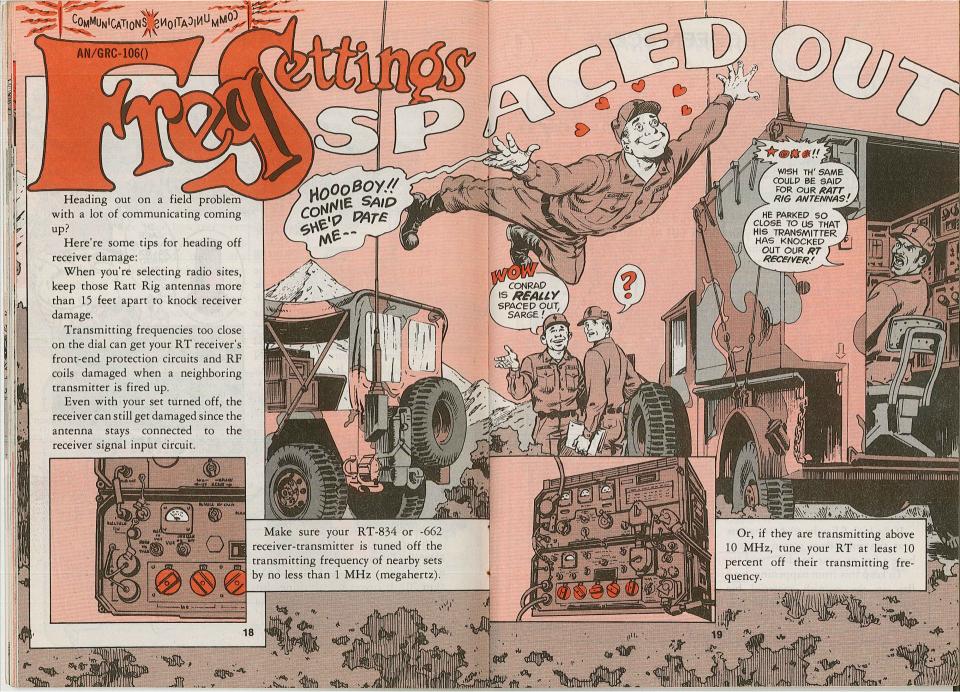
6558 (MS3338-6839), that's listed in the Army Master Data File at \$1.67

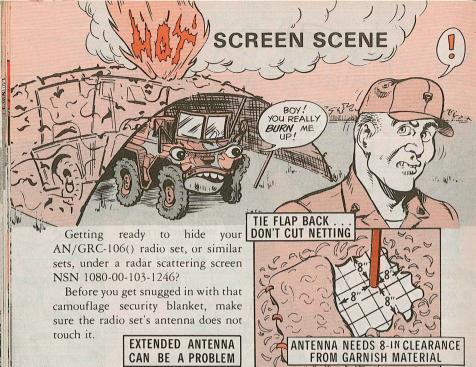
each.

If you have a tracked vehicle with a Detroit Diesel 6V53, 6V53T or 8V71T engine, you need TB 750-652 (Jun 70). It covers over-heating, dirt problems, poor lubrication and operator and mechanic no-no's.



17





Tie the flap back to the screen with plastic straps.

When you're cutting the garnish material take care not to snip the

JSE PLASTIC STRAPS TO REPLACE FLAP

Remember to secure the flap back in its original position after the antenna is removed. The plastic straps will do the job for you.

And, keep your aluminum support poles at least 4 feet from your antenna.

If the high RF voltage antenna gets near the camouflage screen you can have a fire on your hands.

To keep this from happening, cut a flap in the garnish material big enough to give the antenna an 8-in radius clearance.

FOR AM-1780

### MAIN POWER ON FIRST

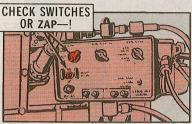
Using an AM-1780 audio frequency CHECK SWITCHES amplifier in your tracked vehicle's FM radio setup?

That's fine!

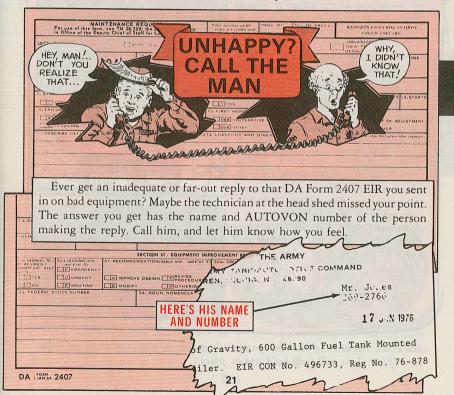
Before you start flipping with those switching fingers, make sure switches are off or that amplifier can get zapped.

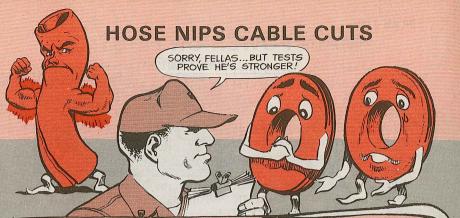
When it's time to turn on your switch in the ON position. radio, first turn the AM-1780's MAIN NORM.

Then, put the POWER CKT BKR the amplifier's innards.



Flipping on the circuit breaker or PWR switch on-to INT ONLY or headset-microphone switch when the main power switch is off can damage





Dear Editor,

That little grommet that's supposed to protect the CX-4720/U power cable in a M151 1/4-ton truck installation is always coming loose. It ends up protecting nothing.

We've found a better way to keep the power cable from getting cut. And, it doesn't come loose like the arommet.

Take a piece of rubber hose, like a heater hose.

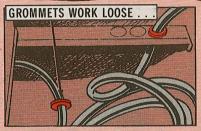
Cut two 2-in sections and slit them down the side.

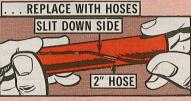
Put the hoses around the power cable.

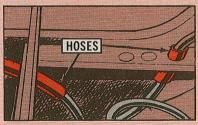
Force one piece of hose through the hole in the side of the battery box and the other hose through the OVM box.

It takes a little effort to get it positioned right, but the hose stays there longer than the grommet and protects the cable.

> SP5 Larry E. Miller APO New York 09086







(Ed Note: Right on! And, when you're slitting those pieces of hose, cut them in a spiral. This will help hold 'em in place.)





Dear Half-Mast,

What's the stock number and authority for a security lamp that goes on TA-43 and -312 telephone sets? SSG J. B. P.

NSN 5805-00-782-9210 is for the telephone off-hook light assembly, Dear Sergeant J. B. P., authorized by Appendix A of CTA 50-970 (Jul 74). There's no TM on the lamp. It's for those users who have a need to put the quietus on loose lips where sensitive info may be floating around. The lamp stays lit when the handset isn't seated in its cradle.

## DRY DAMP **TELEPHONE SET**

Moisture and mildew are a couple of monsters when it comes to your TA-43 or -312 telephone set.



Sure, the telephone is rugged and can take it.

But when it rains, cover your set with a poncho, plastic or anything else that sheds water.



If your telephone gets wet, wipe it off or air-hose it dry.



Be sure to open the battery compartment and get the wet out with a clean, dry cloth.

## HOLDING OUT FOR BETTER HOLDER

Dear Half-Mast.

Some TA-43 and -312 telephone sets have 1-piece handset retaining springs in place of 2-piece springs. Can you give me any info on this, such as NSN and how I can get the 1-piece holder?

SGT J. R. H.



Dear Sergeant J. R. H.,

One-piece handset holders are tested in the field from time to time. None has been accepted yet.

However, the experts are still working on a better holder. It'll be put in the supply pubs when it's available.



## **CAPSCREW CAN GRAB YOU**

When the light goes out the power capscrews until plastic cap covers can come on.

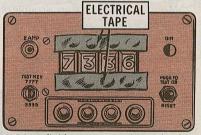
So, hands off those panel lamp capscrews on the ID-854A digital



display indicator of your OA-2054A/FSW-8 meteorological con- wallop . . . as much as 117 volts. sole.

stick electrical insulation tape over the to OFF.

come your way through your local



ECOM field representative, who has been supplied with 'em.

Those capscrews sure can pack a

Before you change a burned out To guard against getting a shock, lamp, throw the main circuit breaker

FOR RL-31()



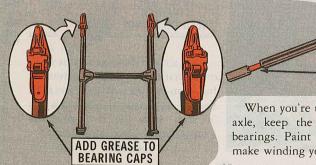
Paying out or taking in field wire on a RL-31() reel unit with dry bearings can put your gear in a bind.

Friction will make that axle hard to turn. And, when you're in a hurry, with the reel on the back of a vehicle, you may wind up with snapped wire or grease so it won't get into the brake. busted bearings.

by adding grease to the bearing caps it.

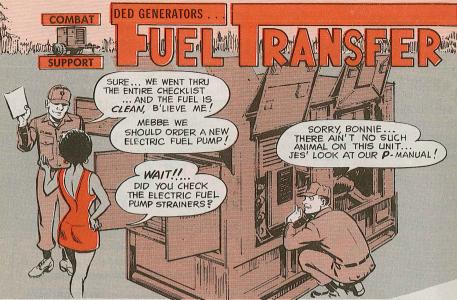
If your reel's one with the divided Keep the reel turning free and easy axle, remember to clean it and grease

OFF BRAKE



When you're touchup painting the axle, keep the paint off the axle bearings. Paint on the bearings can make winding your reel a real drag.

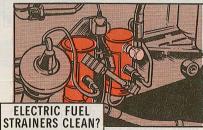
NO PAINT



So, some of you diesel power unit troubleshooting minds.

You start your portable, self- the fuel pump screen. contained generator . . . it runs smoothly for a few minutes . . . then you a run for your money? stops. You start 'er up again, and . . . she stops. This start 'n' stop biz can electric fuel pump strainers. ruin your whole day. Makes you want to order a new \$23 electric fuel pump, NSN 2910-00-930-9367, ASAP!

Sure, you doublechecked the fuel. It's clean, man!



You checked the fuel filters. Cleanoperators are about to blow your ed'em just a couple of days ago. And the fuel injector inlet screens . . . and

So why won't your generator give

Could be you need to clean the



That's right! Your generator has 2 or 4 electric fuel pumps that transfer fuel from the fuel tank to the day tank. Each pump has a strainer to catch junk 'n' stuff. Give the strainer a PM looksee every month . . . or after every 50 hours of operation.

Those strainers are about half-a- 'em if they're not doing their job. NSN thumb size, so handle 'em carefully. 5330-00-763-9322 and 26 cents will Wash the strainers in drycleaning get a new gasket. solvent—PD 680—and dry 'em thoroughly.

6402 and \$1.11.

While you have the covers off, take a look at the cover gaskets. Replace

DOES COVER GASKET NEED TO BE REPLACED?

Some P-manuals don't list these strainers and gaskets, so add 'em to If they're damaged, put in new ones. your parts list to keep your power You get one with NSN 2910-00-893- units putting out the juice day after day.

> NOT ALL PM CHECKLISTS
> SPELL OUT THIS PM POOP, SO MAKE A NOTE ABOUT IT TO THE SEQUENCE THAT CALLS FOR FUEL FILTERS SERVICE!







HIYA, BABE!
I COULD REALLY
GO FER YOU!

Are you glumly eveballing a 2terminal electrical outlet with a 3prong plug in your hand?

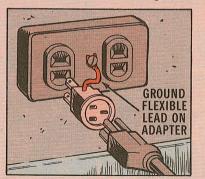
Never try to match 'em by clipping the ground prong. You lose shock protection and some equipment won't work right.

Here are a couple of adapters to help your 3-prong plug and that 2terminal outlet get snugly together.

Adapter Connector NSN 5935-00-937-6699

Adapter Connector NSN 5935-00-081-8025





This is a selected list of recent pubs of interest to organizational maintenance personnel. This list is compiled from recent AG Distribution Centers Bulletins, For complete details see DA Pam 310-4 (Nov. 74), and Ch 3 (Oct 75). TM's.TB's, etc.: DA Pam 310-6 (Jul 75), and Ch 2 (Jan 76), SC's and SM's; and DA Pam (C) 310-9 (Aug 74). COMSEC Pubs.

#### TECHNICAL MANUALS

TM 5-3655-217-14 Dec Maint Tank, Storage, Liquid, 150 Gal

TM 5-5420-202-20 Jan AVLB M60A1 Tank Chassis TM 9-1425-500-L Jan HAWK Pubs

TM 9-1425-525-L Jan Improved HAWK TM 9-1430-379-20P Jan Pershing Azimuth

Laying Set, AN/TSQ-110 (XO-1)
TM 9-1430-382-20P Jan Pershing 1A TM 9-1430-535-12-2-1 Dec AN/MSW-11

Improved HAWK TM 9-1430-535-12-2-2 Dec AN/MSW-11 Improved HAWK

TM 9-1430-535-12-2-3 Dec Improved HAWK

TM 11-5800-213-L Jan Commo Pubs Ch 3. TM 11-5815-238-12 Feb AN/GGC-3(), Teletypewriter Sets -53(), TT-76() & TT-699() Reperforator-Transmitters Ch 1, TM 11-5820-771-14 Jan AN/URR-69

Radio Receiving Set Ch 2, TM 11-5895-532-12 Feb AN/TPX-

46(V) Interrogator Set Ch 22. TM 55-1500-204-25/1 Feb General Aircraft Maint Manual

TM 55-1500-219-L Dec UH-1 Pubs TM 55-1510-208-CL Dec T-42A Checklist Ch 23. TM 55-1520-210-20 Feb UH-1D/H Ch 10, TM 55-1520-219-20 Feb UH-1B

Ch 12 TM 55-1520-220-20 Feb LIH-1C/M TM 55-1520-221-CL Dec AH-1G Checklist TM 55-1520-221-CL-1 Dec AH-1Q Checklist TM 55-1520-221-20P Aug AH-1G

Ch 2, TM 55-1520-221-20P Dec AH-1G

#### LUBE ORDERS

LO 5-6115-313-12 Oct Gen-Set. DED. 45-KW,60-HZ/37.5-KW,50-HZ (Hollingsworth JHDW 45 A)

LO 5-6115-315-12 Oct Gen-Set, DED, 30-KW, 60-HZ/25-KW, 50-HZ (Jeta MD-301815-WA)

LO 5-6115-318-12 Oct Gen-Set DED. 100-KW. 60-HZ. Cons. Mod 4180.



LO 5-6115-319-12 Oct Gen-Set, DED, 150-KW, (Cat D 353) LO 5-6115-321-12 Aug Gen-Set, DED, 30-KW, 60-HZ/25-KW, 50-HZ (precise) CE-

LO 5-6115-354-13 Oct Gen-Set, DED, 15-LO 5-6115-307-12 Oct Gen-Set DED, 45-KW, 60-HZ/37.5-KW, 50-HZ (Consol 4150) KW, 60-HZ/12.5-KW, 50-HZ (Gonsol 4150) LO 5-6115-357-12 Oct Gen-Set, DED, While Mtd 15-KW, 400-HZ (HOL-GAR Mod SP-

LO 5-6115-400-12 Oct Gen-Set, DED, 200-KW, 60-HZ/167-KW, 50-HZ (SF-200-MD/CIED)

LO 5-6115-424-12 Oct Gen-Set, DED, 60-KW, 60-HZ/50-KW, 50-HZ (A-C 3500) LO 5-6115-425-12 Aug Gen-Set. DED. 60-KW, 50-60-HZ (SF-60-MD/CIED, HF-60-,

LO 5-6115-428-12 Aug Gen-Set, DED, 100-KW, 60-HZ Holt HB-3333

LO 5-6115-435-12 Aug Gen-Set, DED, 10-KW, 60-HZ (Libby 148002-1) LO 5-6115-449-12 Aug Gen-Set. 30-KW

60-HZ, SF 30MD/CIED W Herc. D-298-ER LO 5-6115-464-12 Aug Gen-Set, DED, 15-

KW, MEP-004A/103A/113A (precise) LO 5-6115-465-12 Oct Gen-Set, DED, 30-KW, MEP-005A, and MEP (precise) 104Aand 114A 30-KW

LO 5-6115-545-12 Dec Gen-Set DED 60-KW, 120/208-240/416V

LO 9-1440-585-12 Oct Intercept-Aerial GM System M-54

LO 9-2320-266-12 Oct Truck, Cargo: 11/--Ton 4x4 MRRO-series

#### MISCELLANEOUS

DA Pam 350-56 Jan Operators' and Mechanics' Standards (Training) FM 10-508 Nov Rigging %, 1% Ton Trucks

TB 43-180 Dec Calibration TB 43-0195 Nov Inspect Ammo Gages

TC 10-18-1 Dec Programmed Text for TC 10-18-2 Dec Panel Book for Supply Mot-

(Unit and Organization) SC 5180-90-CL-NO7 Feb Canvas Worker's

SC 5180-90-CL-N45 Nov Toot Equip Telephone Electrician's: TE 49

#### FILMS, TV TAPES

These are available at your local TASO.

TF 6-4741 Service of the Piece-M109A1 TF 46-4781 Preflight of the UH-1H (Part I) TVT 5-1 Hiding Something Big (Camouflage Screening) TVT 5-2 Camouflage Pattern Painting

### **TEC LESSONS (Training Extension Courses)**

010-071-1001 F Intro to the Squad 010-071-1002 F Operation Squad 010-071-6601 F Fire Direction Computer-Intro 020-171-1634 F Boresighting 020-171-5353 F Zeroing Main Searchlight M551 020-171-5332 F Tank Ammo M60/M60A1/M60A3 Tank 020-171-5333 E Placing Turret into Power On M60/M6041 020-171-5334 E Preparing Ballistic Cmptr for Op.

M60/M60A1 Tank 020-171-5339 F Placing the Turret in Power Op, M60/M60A1 Tank 020-171-5340 F Range Finder.

020-171-5341 F Preparing Ballistic Cmpt for Op M60/M60A1 020-171-5343 F Op of Xenon Searchlight, M60/M60A1 Tank

loading

020-171-5346 F 105MM Gun. 020-171-5347 F 105MM Gun. Mistire Procedures 020-171-5348 F 105MM Gun, Un-

Main Gun, M60/M60A1 Main Gun, Part 1 020-171-5352 F Boresighting Machineguns, M60/M60A1 Tank

Gun, MG's Set Battlesight 020-171-5354 F Boresighting Xenon Searchlight, M60/M60A1

020-171-5355 F Boresighting Main Gun, Part II 020-171-5366 F Before, During, After Op, Maint, M60/M60A1

020-171-5367 F Before, During. After Op, Maint, M60/M60A1 020-171-5368 F Before. During,

After Op Maint Checks, Svs M60/M60A1 Tank 020-171-5369 F Before, During. After Op Maint, M60/M60A1

020-171-5370 F Before, During, After Op Maint, M60/M60A1 Tank Dt II 020-171-5375 E Manual & Power Turret Op M48A1 Tank

020-171-5349 E Boresighting 020-171-5376 E Ballistic Computer Op M48A1 Tank 020-171-5351 F Boresighting 020-171-5377 E Range Finder M48A1 Tank 020-171-5378 E Boresighting Main Gun, M48A1 Tank 020-171-5379 E Starting, Stopping Engine, M48A1 Tank 020-171-5380 E Loading Un-

loading Main Gun, M48A1 Tank 020-171-5381 E Misfire Procedures, M48A1 Tank 043-441-5901 F Intro to Vulcan 043-441-5903 F Vulcan Cannon

Disassembly 043-441-5904 F Vulcan Cannon Inspect, Lube, Reassembly 043-441-5907 F Vulcan Preoperational Checks, Pt II 043-441-5918 F Vulcan Radar 043-441-5958 E Vulcan Cannon Disassy, Inspect, Lube, Assembly

munition 043-441-5972 E Vulcan Radar 043-441-7804 F Chaparral Energizing Checks, Pt II Maint Pt I

043-441-7806 F Chaparral Daily Maint, Pt II 043-441-7807 F Chaparral Daily 043-441-7808 F Chaparral Daily Maint, Pt IV 043-441-7816 F Chaparral Weekly Maint, Pt III 043-441-7843 F Load/Unload Chaparral Missile, Pt II 510-091-6451 F Preparing, Maintaining DA Form 2401 662-051-7601 A Location, Install 936-061-0129 F Field Wire Install: Maint, Testing 939-071-0009 F Loading, Unloading M16A1 Rifle 939-071-0010 F Disassembling. Assembling M16A1 Rifle 939-071-0011 F Maintaining M16A1 Rifle 939-071-0012 F M16A1 Rifle 043-441-5971 F Vulcan Am-Common Malfunctions 942-071-0001 F Hand Grenade-Types, Uses 942-071-0002 F Hand Grenade Maint Identif 043-441-7805 F Chaparral Daily 948-071-0005 F Operating the







NUTS AND BOLTS ARE TIGHTENED TO CLAMP PARTS TOGETHER AND TO TRANSMIT LOADS. THIS CLAMPING ACTION OCCURS WHEN A PRELOAD -- OR TENSION -- IS PLACED ON THE BOLT BY TIGHTENING THE THREADS AGAINST THOSE OF THE HOLDING MEMBER...



ALL BOLTS ARE SLIGHTLY ELASTIC, THEY'LL STRETCH A MITE WHEN CLAMPING PARTS TOGETHER, BUT EACH BOLT HAS ITS STRETCH LIMIT OR TENSILE STRENGTH!



THAT'S WHY
IT'S IMPORTANT
TO USE THE
RIGHT TORQUE
WRENCH FOR
EACH TORQUE
JOB.



WAY TO GO! WHEN TORQUING JOINTS THAT HAVE GASKETS, JUST ENOUGH TORQUE TO PREVENT LEAKS, BUT NOT DESTROY A GASKET, IS NEEDED...
THAT'LL PREVENT DOWNTIME AND PART'S REPLACEMENT.

OTHER JOINTS
REQUIRE ENOUGH
CLAMPING FORCE -TORQUE -- TO KEEP
PARTS FROM COMING
APART OR SHAKING
LOOSE!

TOO LITTLE TORQUE CAUSES A SHEARING TYPE FORCE AGAINST THE BOLT AS IT TRIES TO MOVE. THIS SHEARING LOAD EVENTUALLY MEANS BOLT FAILURE!



I'M WE DONE TO ST

TOO MUCH TORQUE CAUSES THE BOLT TO STRETCH AND WEAKEN -- BREAKING THE BOLT OR STRIPPING ITS THREADS!







ACCORDING TO THE GOOD BOOK, MY TRUSTY 7M, YOU MUST HAVE 3 THINGS GOING FOR YOU--



WHY? WHEN YOU TIGHTEN A NUT, THE BOLT IS GETTING TWO KINDS OF STRESS-TENSION AND TORSION!



YOU GET TORSION FROM TORQUE BECAUSE THAT'S THE WAY YOU APPLY TENSION! TORQUE IS THE TWISTING FORCE THAT TURNS THE NUT OR BOLT, IT ALWAYS INCLUDES A NECESSARY EVIL CALLED FRICTION!



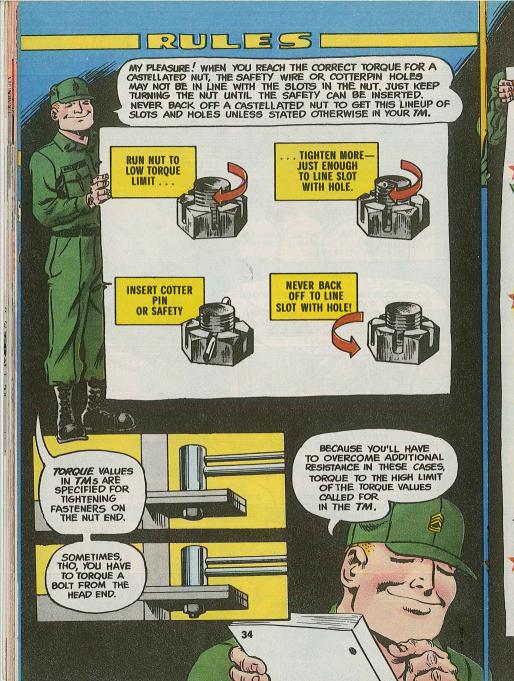


FRICTION -- TARE TORQUE -- IS THE RESISTANCE OR DRAG YOU FEEL WHEN YOU RUNDOWN A NUT, OR SCREW, TOO MUCH RUNDOWN RESISTANCE WILL GIVE YOU A FALSE TORQUE READING. THAT'S WHY THREADED FASTENERS SHOULD ALWAYS BE CLEAN AND FREE OF BURRS, NICKS, PAINT, GREASE OR OIL!

7M 9/7 May 1









#### HERE ARE SOME NUMBAH 1 IMPORTANT TORQUE WRENCH AM TIPS:

NEVER USE A TORQUE WRENCH TO HAMMER OR TAP A NUT. RUINS THE ACCURACY EVERY TIME.



NEVER DROP OR TOSS A TORQUE WRENCH ON TO THE FLOOR OR WORK BENCH.



Take care of your wrenches. They belong in a Tool Box. Stepping on a Torque Wrench will ruin it—quick-like.

SET ALL PRESET, AUDIBLE MICROMETER-TYPE TORQUE WRENCHES BACK TO THE LOWEST READING AFTER EACH USE— AND WHEN YOU STORE 'EM. THIS TAKES THE TENSION OFF THE DETENT LEVER COMPRESSION SPRING AND IT WON'T "SET" ON YOU.



RIGHT . .

Wrench set at lowest reading (0) for storage —or when not in use.

CAUTION!

BE CAREFUL YOU DON'T SHEAR THE STOP PINS INSIDE THE HANDLE WHEN YOU REACH THE LOW READING POINT.

IF YOUR AUDIBLE TORQUE WRENCH HAS BEEN IN STORAGE—OR SHIPMENT—RUN IT THRU A FEW RELEASE CYCLES. THIS'LL FREE THE BALL BEARINGS OR LET THE INTERNAL MECHANISM RE-COVER THE INNARDS WITH A THIN OIL FILM.

PNEVER SCRATCH, ETCH, OR DENT THE TORQUE-MEASURING BEAM ON DIRECT-READING TYPE WRENCHES BECAUSE IT'LL CHANGE THE CALIBRATION.

IF YOU ACCIDENTALLY DROP A TORQUE WRENCH, HAVE IT RECALIBRATED BEFORE USING IT AGAIN.

KEEP READABLE **DA** CALIBRATION LABELS ON YOUR WRENCHES.

OVERLOADING TORQUE WRENCHES PER-MANENTLY DEFORMS THE TORQUE SENSING ELEMENT.

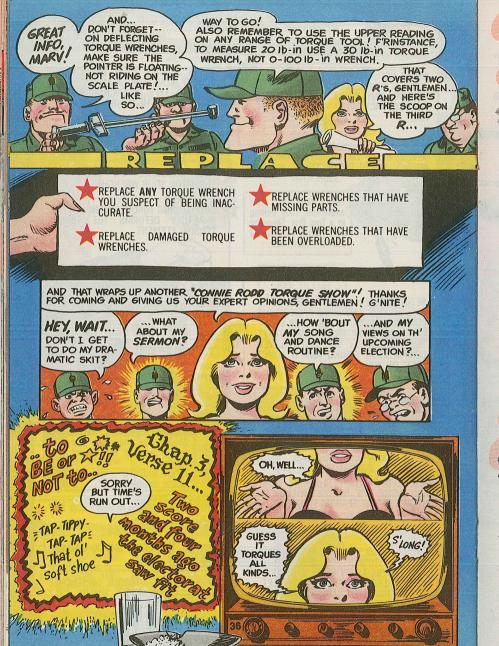


STORE TORQUE WRENCHES IN A DRY PLACE.

PROTECT 'EM FROM SHOCK, DAMAGE, DUST.

NEVER STORE TORQUE WRENCHES AMONG OTHER TOOLS WHERE THEY COULD BE DAMAGED.

35



**GENERATORS AND SUCH...** 

NO STRIP TEASE, PLEASE

OK, OLY GIRL!

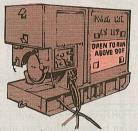
IT'S TOPLESS

FOR YOU!

Topless dancers may be great for the people leave the saving structure.

Topless dancers may be great for night life . . . but topless engines you don't want—especially on generators.

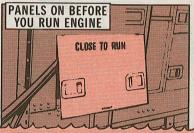
If you do have to take off the panels on such an engine, put 'em back before you start up again.



That cover is put there as part of the air flow system. In summer, it helps the engine "keep its cool." In winter,

the panels keep the engine snug and warm.

So be sure the jacket is on before you run. Otherwise, your engine won't get the flow of air it needs for cooling.



Warning: Some exceptions do happen—if you see a stencil "OPEN TO RUN," heed it . . . and check your TM to be sure.

ON SF-15-MD GENERATOR . . .



You won't find a 30-amp replacement fuse listed for the battery

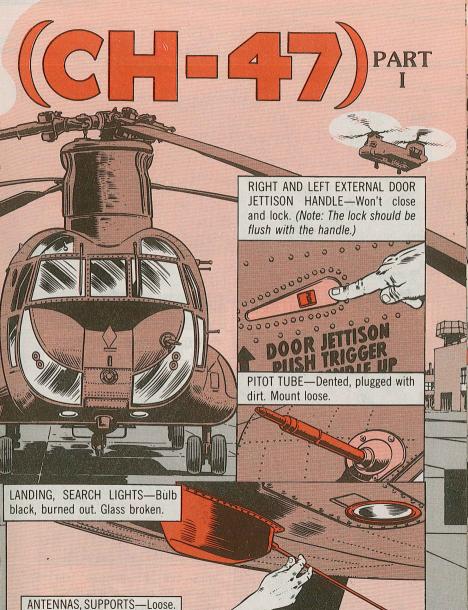
DID YOU READ ABOUT THE 30 AMP FUSE REPLACEMENT?



charging circuit in your TM 5-6115-345-20P (Oct 71). You may find it out as an unpleasant surprise when you try to follow para 90 b.(2) of your -12 TM if the charging circuit quits on you.

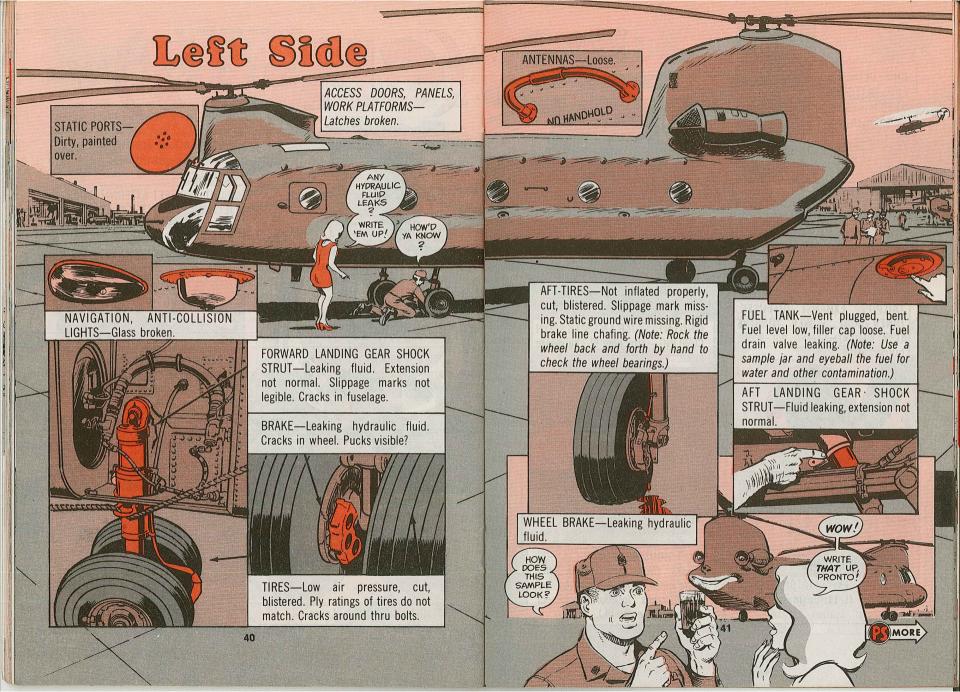
So right now while you're thinking about it, pencil into your manual, "Group 42, NSN 5920-00-539-6920, Fuse, cartridge, 30A."





39

Antenna dirty.



CHIP DETECTOR, FIRE DETECTOR SYSTEM—Wires kinked, chafed, loose.



SHOULD WE MARK 'EM, CONNIE?



I'LL WRITE 'EM UP!

ENGINE OIL TANK—Oil level low.

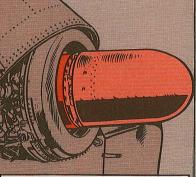


TAILPIPE, EXHAUST DIFFUSER, INNER CONE, POWER TURBINE (L-7 engine)—Cracks, hot spots, burned areas.

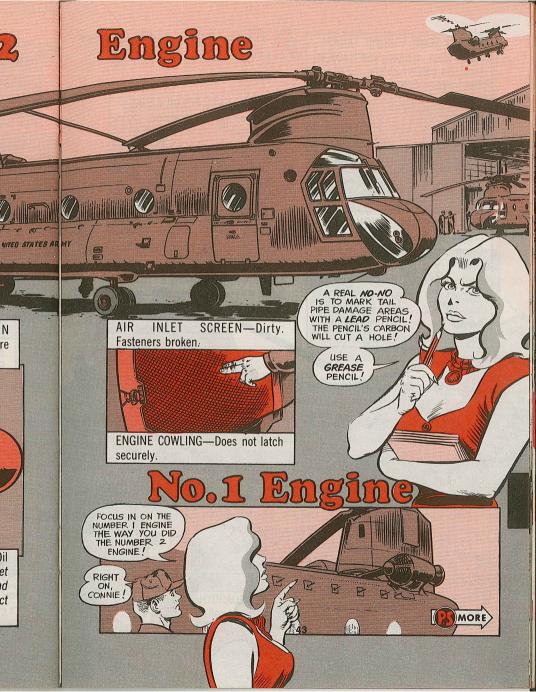


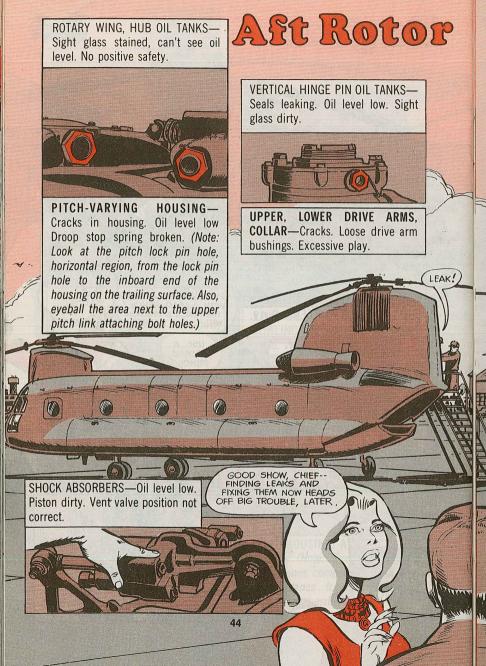
TAILPIPE, EXIT STATOR, POWER TURBINE (L-11 engine)—Cracks, hot spots, burned areas.

ENGINE TRANSMISSION COWLING—Attaching hardware loose.



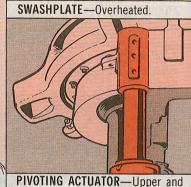
INLET HOUSING, AIR DUCTS—Oil streaks. (Note: Eyeball the inlet guide vanes, compressor blades and stator vanes for foreign object damage and errosion.)





## Pylon

ANOTHER



**PIVOTING ACTUATOR**—Upper and lower thru bolts safety missing. Piston dirty.

AFT ROTARY-WING DRIVE SHAFT.

Overheating. Cracks in support.

LUBRICATION, HYDRAULIC LINES

(both sides)—Chafing, leaking.

HOUSING-

Will Manual Holling

THRUST BEARING

Rivets missing.

RIGHT ON, CONNIE! LONGITUDINAL CYCLIC TRIM ACTUATOR—Cannon plug loose. Safety, top and bottom, missing.

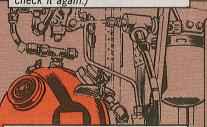
PITCH LINKS—Chafing.

Eveball the links for security and

unbonding of the upper and lower bearing liners.)

(Note:

NOS 2, 1 FLIGHT CONTROL HYDRAULIC FILTER—Indicator warning button popped. (Note: When you're cranking up the bird, a pressure surge can pop the button. If so, just push the button back and check it again.)



NOS 2, 1 FLIGHT CONTROL HYDRAULIC TANK—Oil level low. Cap loose.

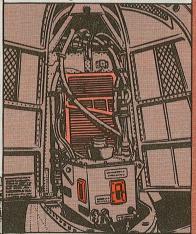


# 3

## Aft Rotor



FORWARD, AFT, COMBINING, ENGINE TRANSMISSION OIL COOLERS—Radiators clogged with grass, cutting off flow of air. Hoses, lines chafing.

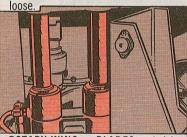


combining transmission—Low oil levels. Filter button popped. Lines leaking. (Note: The rotor blade dephasing handle should be "up" and have a safety.)

COMBINING TRANSMISSION TO AFT TRANSMISSION DRIVE SHAFT ADAPTERS, PLATES—Adapters cracked. Too much gap between plates. (Note: You're only allowed 0.060 inch between any 2 plates and a total of 0.100 inch across the flex pack.)



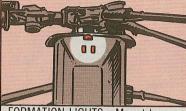
SWIVELING ACTUATOR—Leaking,



ROTARY-WING BLADES (with ISIS)—Black rings visible . . . an unsafe condition, for real! Press-totest, indicator must return to white.

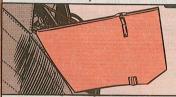






FORMATION LIGHTS—Mount loose, glass broken.

WORK PLATFORMS, FAIRING, ACCESS DOORS, PANELS—Latch pins and catches worn. Platform loose. Cables frayed.



FLIGHT CONTROL PNEUMATIC SYSTEM (if installed)—Water build up in pressure regulator.

ROTARY-WING BLADE SURFACES, EDGES, TIP COVERS—Cracks. Tip covers loose.

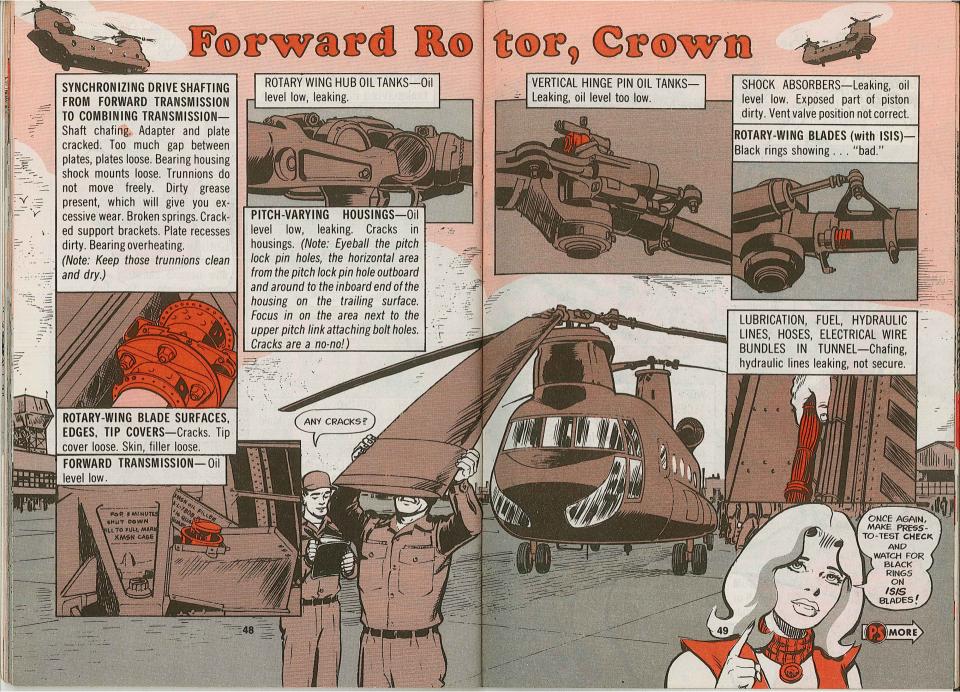


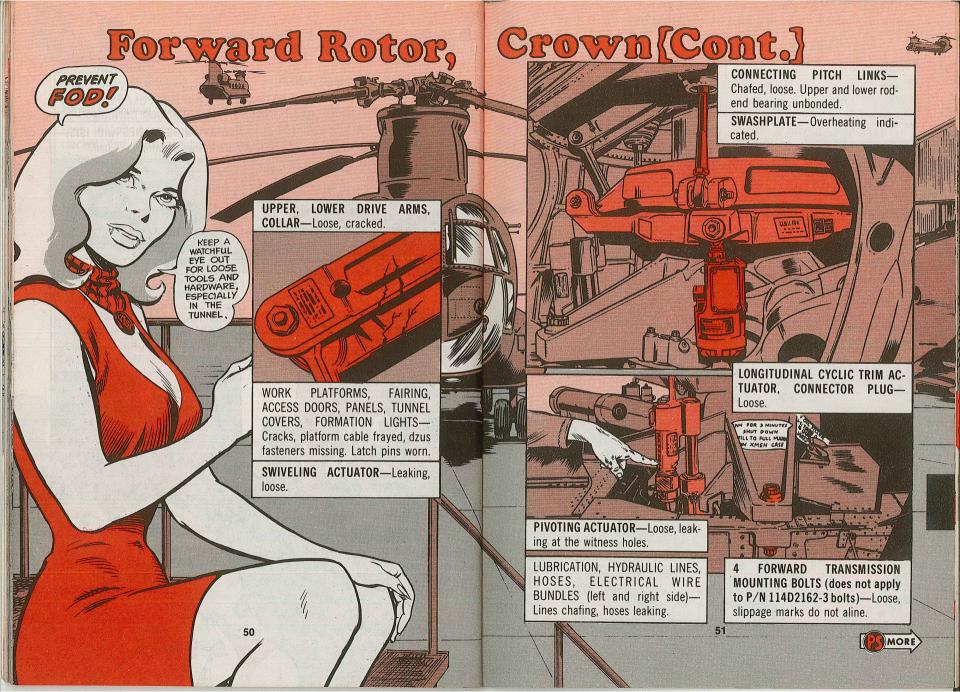
...LOOK FOR BLACK RINGS...

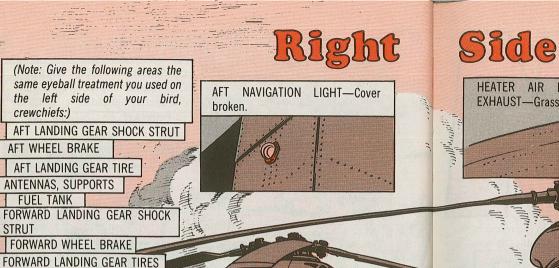
REAL BAD NEWS!



WHILE EYE-BALLING YOUR ROTARY-WING BLADES...

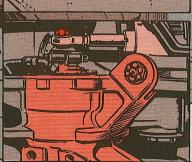












STATIC PORTS

PANELS

engine.)

ACCESS DOORS, WORK PLATFORMS.

APU AIR INLET—Debris blocking air entrance. Note: Skip this if your baby has been modified by MWO 55-

1520-227-50-19 with the L-11

AFT LANDING GEAR POWER STEER-ING ACTUATOR AND SWIVELING HOUSING—Leaking.



DON'T FORGET... JOIN US AGAIN NEXT ISSUE (PS 283) FOR PART II OF THIS CHINOOK (CH-47) BYOI.

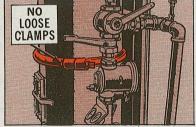
CONT



You can lose your head playing Russian roulette. You can lose it the rim of the filter assembly. Be sure playing at PM, too.

F'rinstance, playing loose with PM on your water purification unit's diatomite filter assembly. Sloppy work here can cost you dearly in parts replacement—personal ones, that is—equipment parts and downtime.

A loose clamp will let the filter housing cover take off like a rocket when operating pressure is turned on.



So, how do you stop the loose clamp biz? Never use a gasket or clamp assembly that's gouged, cracked, nicked or broken.

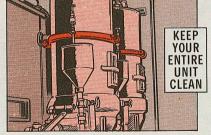
assembly together, do it ...

C-A-R-E-F-U-L-L-Y!

Be sure the gasket is in the recess in



there's no dirt, cracks or junk on the edges of the filter housing cover and



filter body. Same for the 2 parts of the When you get ready to put the clamp assembly—the cap screws and nuts that hold the whole thing together.



Tighten one cap screw snug...then run down the other one. Use the right bit until both are tight. Now, rap the size socket wrench—15/16-in from No. clamp assembly 3 or 4 times with a 1 Common set—here so you won't small non-metallic mallet as you round off the cap screw heads.



Alternate the cap screw run-down tighten the cap screws for the last time. This gives you a better fit and

55



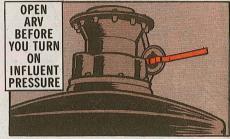
Eyeball the job. You want those 2 cam-lever type adjustable belly-band clamps on straight . . . and t-i-g-h-t! No leaks allowed around the gasket.

After you add the air release valve-ARV-it's check-your-work time.

Hold one! Before you turn on the influent pressure, OPEN the ARV. If vou've done a lousy job, water will come out around the clamp assembly when you pressurize the system. No harm done, just a messy cleanup job for you. Remember, you pull this check before you start normal starting up procedures.

With a loose clamp job and the ARV closed and the system under pressure, the top can blow like a Canaveral caper!





#### CHEMICAL PM

CHEMICALS!

Mixing chemicals for your water If you mix dry calcium hypochlorite purification units is another form of and dry activated carbon, and let a Russian roulette. NEVER INTERMIX drop of water hit the mix, you'll get a big bang-bang! Or fire! You'll get a KEEP COVERS ON! deadly dose of chlorine gas if you mix ferric chloride and dry calcium hypochlorite. Keep lids-or coverson pans when you refill chemical containers. A spill or splash and you could make the last big scene.

So, never intermix chemicals. The



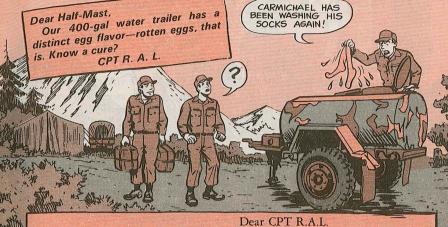
ODOR'S BAD . . .

POUR

DISINFECTANT

IN HERE

## **HELP'S TO BE HAD!**



Sure thing.

Chlorine-iodine disinfectant will hack it. NSN 6840-00-810-6396 gets a \$1.51 packet that treats 25 gallons of water. Your mess hall uses it daily to clean fresh fruits and vegetables.

So, order 16 packets for your 400gal water trailer. The how-to-use poop is on each packet. Be sure you rinse the tank thoroughly with water after the treatment. Repeat as often as necessary to get clean, sweet-tasting

'Course, your buddies with 1500 and 3000-gallon trailers can use the same disinfectant—just a heap more of it!

Wait one. The disinfectant has a shelf life of 18 months so order only the amount you need for each treatment, and if your packets are older, double the amount in each treatment.

Half-Mast

57

DON'T FRET, BUDDY ... IT'S

## PLASTIC CAPS TO THE RESCUE



A part or component removed from the protective shell of its end item stands naked and shivering in a cold, cold world.

Its delicate, vital parts are exposed to the cruel winds of fate and misfortune. It needs all the lovin' care you can muster or it'll be hurtin' for certain.

Threads need to be protected against the bumps and grinds of a gyrating world.

Lines and openings need to be covered to keep out dirt and fluids that can sneak in.

Fragile connector pins need your help or they won't be long for this world.

In short, what the part needs is an assortment of Caps, Protective, Dust and Moisture Seal.

There are several dozen of various sizes listed in the microfiche of Catalog C-5340-IL. They have only one purpose—to protect exposed portions of parts, components and the end items they come from. They're the best friends a part can have.

The thing to do, of course, is to get 'em ahead of time. Stock up with these little protective jewels in advance . . . and you can save the service life of quite a few things.

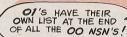




Run into any new NSN's lately? They're the ones with 01 as the first 2 sequence and 01 NIINs follow 00 numbers of the NIIN (National Item NIINs. Therefore, 01 NIINs appear in Identification Number).

If you have found an NSN with 01 at the start of the NIIN, and then tried to check it out on the AMDF (Army Master Data File), could be you got a little frazzled.

Remember, the AMDF is in NIIN the latter part of the file.



## UBSPAINS 3

Paining for pubs? Strictly emergency?

Then, telephone your request for as many as 5 TM's or other pubs to AUTOVON 698-7339 or 698-7330 (Commercial 314 268-7339 or -7330).

GIVE THIS INFO ...



1. Your St. Louis AG Pubs Center account number.

2. Your unit, address and zip code. 3. Your name and AUTOVON.

4. The reason for the emergency

request.

5. The date the pubs are needed, and the quantity you want.

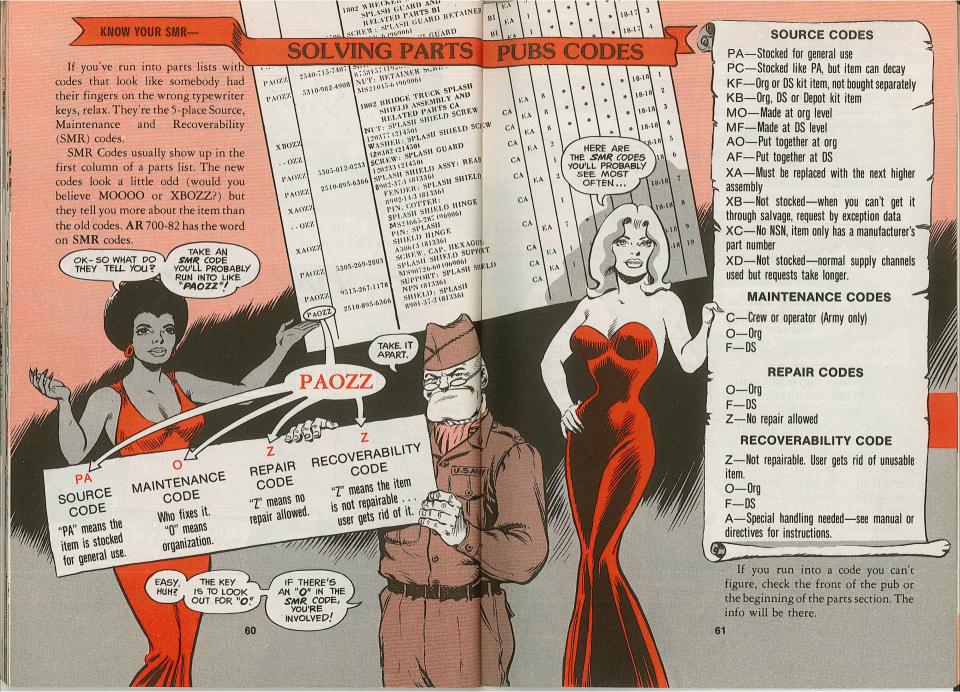
> The specific pubs you can get are TB's, TM's, SM's, SB's, SC's, LO's and MWO's. Only unclassified pubs are available.

Incidentally, preparation for inspection does not qualify as an emergency.

59

THIS IS
A 24-HOUR
7-DAYS-A-WEEK
OPERATION!





# READ THE HOLESS

Anybody who likes horror movies knows at least one story in which the giant computer goes berserk and takes over the world.

Well, dealing with an automated supply system can sometimes make you feel like a refugee from the movies.

Trying to read some status cards, for example, can really drive you nuts. Most computers read and use 80 columns. But most of the card interpreters—the machines that print the info on the top of the cards—are geared to print 60 places. So you get strange status cards with 60 letters, numbers and blanks on the top line, then a break to the second line.

YOURSELF! That's where the trouble starts.

With all the info jumbled together and then split between 2 lines, you can lose important info. But there are ways to beat that problem.

The computer reads each hole in the card—not the print at the top. The number of holes and where they're punched in a column tell the computer what to read.

One hole in a column usually means a number. Two holes usually mean a letter and three holes, punctuation or other characters.

And just as there are 80 columns running across the card, so there are 12 rows in each column.



ETTERS ARE BROKEN INTO 3 GROUPS. ACH GROUP CORRESPONDS TO A ZONE

ZONE

11

ZONE

12

A THRU I ARE INDICATED BY A **HOLE IN ZONE 12** 

J THRU R BY A HOLE IN ZONE 11

S THRU Z BY A HOLE IN ZONE O

JKLMNOPGR STUVUXY V123456789 000000000

ZONE

2 HOLES IN A COLUMN **USUALLY MEAN A LETTER** 

1 HOLE IN A COLUMN USUALLY MEANS A NUMBER

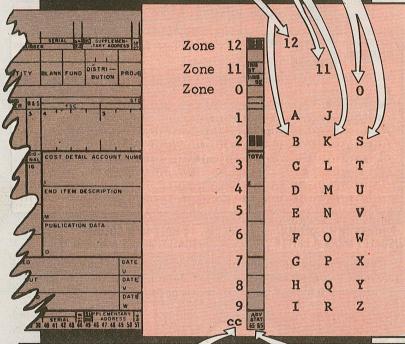
If you have a manual card interpreter, you can figure out what the holes in the card mean and then match each column with the jumbled info at the top. That way you'll never lose a status code or delivery date.



REMEMBER: USUALLY 1 HOLE IN A COLUMN MEANS A NUMBER, 2 HOLES, A LETTER. IF A HOLE SHOWS UP IN ZONE 12, READ THE LETTER IN THE A-I COLUMN OF YOUR INTERPRETER NEXT TO THE 2ND HOLE.

IF THE HOLE IS IN THE ZONE 11, READ THE LETTER IN THE J-R COLUMN

IF THE HOLE
IS IN THE
ZONE O, READ THE
S-R COLUMN.



TO USE THE INTERPRETER,
DECIDE WHAT INFO YOU NEED,
FIND THE RIGHT COLUMN ON
THE BOTTOM LINE OF THE CARD
AND READ THE HOLES ABOVE IT.

FOR EXAMPLE, YOU NEED THE WORD ON THE STATUS CODE AND DELIVERY DATE. SLIP THE INTERPRETER OVER THE DA 2765 TO COLUMNS 65 AND 66, CHECK THE HOLES AND YOU'RE IN BUSINESS WITH THE STATUS CODE.

IN THIS CASE IT TRANSLATED BB -- THE ITEM IS ON BACK ORDER



## Aircraft Forms Cut

A new message change to TM 38-750 cuts aircraft reports you make to the national level. DA message DALO-SMM-F 272137Z Feb 76 killed the requirement to report organizational maintenance and support maintenance accomplishments for some aircraft on DA Forms 2407 and 2407-1.

Keep reporting all series of the AH-1, UH-1, CH-47, OH-58 and OV-1. No other organizational or support level maintenance action 2407/2407-1's go to the national level.

The DA 2407/2407-1 is still kept on all aircraft systems for local maintenance management. Also, stay with national level 2407's for MWO applications, warranty claim actions, maintenance float and EIR reports.

## Send The Yellow

When you shoot in DA Form 2407 EIR's, you'll help the head shed by sending in the No 2 (yellow) NMP copy the way it says in para 3-16g. (5), TM 38-750.

### "Color Me Blue!"

There is a new, low-lead blue Avgas, grade 100LL in the works for birds powered by recip engines. When going from the high grade to the low grade, or to low-lead, you may wind up with an off-color, on a mixture of 2 . . . no sweat. The sequence of primary fuels goes like so—

115/145 Purple to 100/130 Green to 100LL Blue

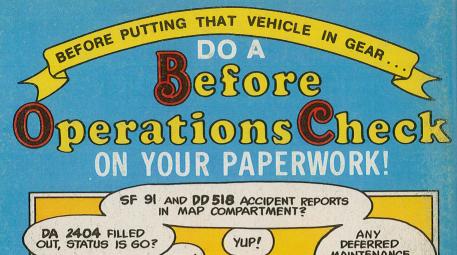
## For Aircraft Jouchup

NSN 8010-00-941-8712 gets you a 16-oz spray can of lusterless olive drab lacquer for your aircraft. If your bird has the new low-reflective paint tho, you want NSN 8010-01-016-1488 for a 16-oz spray can of touch-up lacquer.



\$\text{du.s. Government printing Office: 1976 - 657-631/11

Would You Stake Your Life on the Condition of Your Equipment?





THEN ... 457 5 6 6