

The "word" is critical maintenance and supply poop put out in new publications and changes to older pubs, in DA messages, in letters and messages from National Maintenance Points, in EIR Digests, in local maintenance bulletins and, yes, in PS Magazine.

A case in point—and only too familiar—is the free-issue kit for beefing up the ¼-ton truck's rear differential mount.

The "word" went out in July 1975 in a Tank-Automotive Command message. Six months later, when an article on this subject appeared in PS, there was a flood of requests for copies of the message.

Only recently, a unit stumbled on a "rumor" that there is a kit available to solve their ¼-ton truck differential mount problem—and they were groping around for information on how to get the kit.

Someone didn't pass the "word".

ORD

New information is like improved fuel for an engine. It ups performance and may even prevent complete failure.

When good, solid information on maintenance and supply comes into your hands, move it! Pass it along—right now! It can make a big difference in the time and money spent on maintenance. And, most important, in the readiness of your Army equipment.



Published by the Department of the Army for the information of all soldiers assigned to combat and combat support units, and all soldiers with organizational maintenance and supply duties.

Within limits of availability, older issues may be obtained direct from Editor, PS Magazine, c/o US Army Maintenance Management Center, Lexington, KY 40511.

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MSG Half-Mast PS Magazine Lexington, KY 40511

Use of funds for printing of this publication has been approved by Headquarters, Department of the Army, 23 December 1975 in accordance with AR 310-1.

DISTRIBUTION: In accordance with requirements submitted on DA Form 12-5.

Next Month In 25

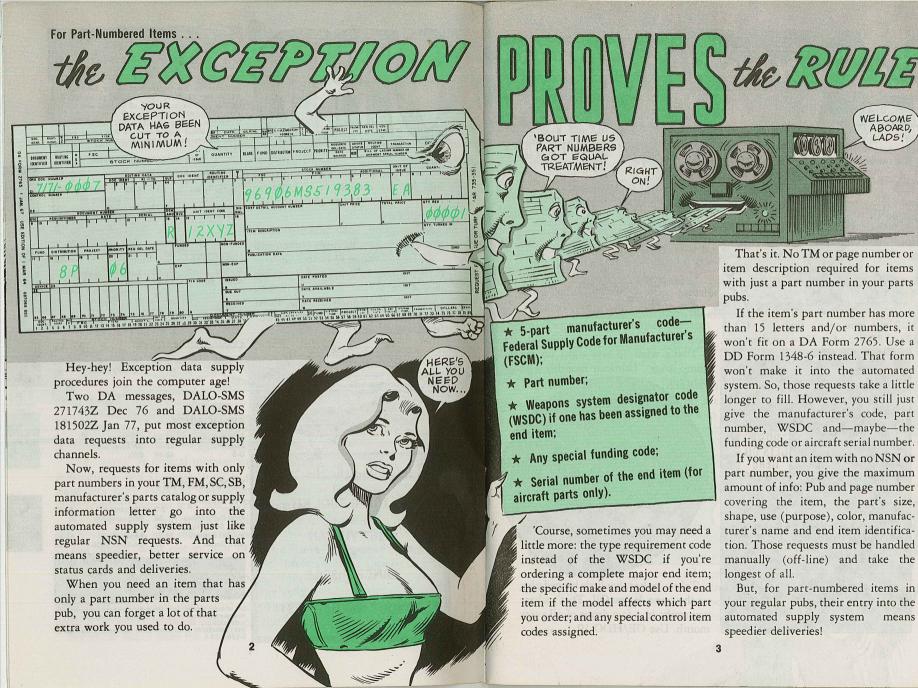
TK-101/G TOOL KIT

M167 VULCAN

LANCE MISSILE

TOROUE WRENCH TEST

1





Nope, you won't find it in LO 9-2320-242-12 (Apr 72)—but the fact is,

PUMP **GETS OIL**

that cold start air pump in your Gama Goat needs a shot of oil once in awhile.

That's what it says right on the pump cover: "Lubricate monthly with light oil."

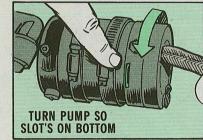


Take a look at that little hinged plug on the cover. It says OIL. That's where you squirt in a few drops of oil every month. Use OE/HDO 10.

pump pooping out:

•Lack of lube. The rotor vanes 'freeze" so that the pump can't put out

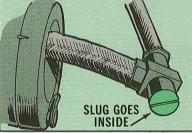
•Water gets in because the pump's positioned wrong. That slot on the pump body should be at the bottom.



Then water can't get in. And any moisture that does get in can drain back out. Just loosen the clamps on the pump and turn it so the slot's at the bottom.

If your pump quits, replacement is a DS job. But pass the word to your support that they may be able to save your old pump. The pump's pretty simple—no big job to take it apart and put it back together. They may find that cleaning and lubing of the rotor vanes and shaft ends will put your pump back into business. They got the full story in TB 750-981-2 (Apr 73), pages 2-21 and 2-22.

Also, if you're in a high altitude area—over 5,000 feet—make sure vou've got a slug between the screw and spring-and-ball in the air heater check valve. Your support has to lend a hand on this job—they'll fabricate a slug 11/32 -in diameter and 1/4-in thick.



Remember to give your cold start pump a workout even in warm weather-every week or so.





Stop

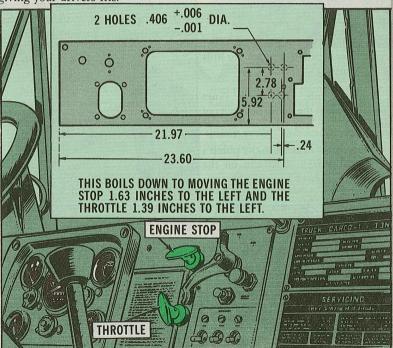
REST EASY, GUYS! THIS TB HAS A FIX FOR BOTH YOUR PROBLEMS...

You and your Gama Goats may be sufferin' for no good reason. Like the engine stop control won't stop the engine.

Or the throttle won't throttle.

First off, get ahold of TB 43-0001-39-3 (Oct 76) and see the fix on pages 26-27. It calls for moving both the engine stop and throttle handles to the left a little on the dash panel. This'll cut down on the cable binding that may be

giving your drivers fits.

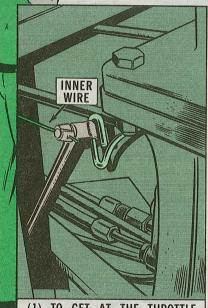


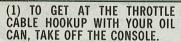
It'll help, too, if you put some slickum inside the cable housing so the inner wire can move back 'n' forth easier. Use silicone grease, NSN 6850-00-880-7616.

And put a couple o'drops of oil where the engine stop and throttle cables end up.

...AND I HAVE SOME LUBE TIPS FOR YOUR MECHS!



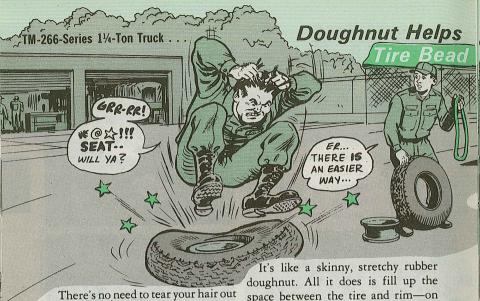






(2) THIS'S WHERE A SHOT OF OIL WILL KEEP YOUR ENGINE SHUTOFF LEVER FROM HANGING UP.

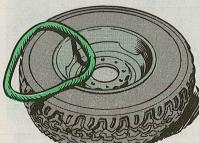
Never, f'rgoshsakes, shut down the Goat like some guys do-shifting into high gear and then popping the clutch to stall the engine. If the engine stop gives you trouble, just shift into neutral, idle for a couple o' minutes, raise the engine cover and move the shut-off lever by hand.



There's no need to tear your hair out when you're mounting your M880-series truck's tire on the rim.

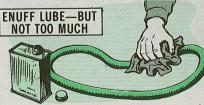
Like you've got the tire on the rim. And you're trying to fill the tire with air. But the tire bead won't seat against the rim—so the air pours out as fast as you pump it in.

Cool it! Get the Tire Bead Seater that's part of the special tools for M880-series trucks. It's in Change 1, TM 9-2320-266-20P (Feb 76).



EXPANDER, TIRE BEAD, NSN 4910-01-022-9721 It's like a skinny, stretchy rubber doughnut. All it does is fill up the space between the tire and rim—on one side—so the air you pump into the tire will push the bead out against the rim. Then you can inflate the tire to the right pressure.

Here's how you use the bead seater: First, lay the mounted tire 'n' rim with the air valve side down. Swab some slickum on the tire bead and rim edge that's facing up. Put some on the bead seater, too. Use Rubber Lubricant, NSN 2640-00-256-5526. This's a liter-size container. There're 2 other



sizes, 1 gallon and 5 gallons, also listed on page 3-5, TM 9-2610-200-20 (Feb 77), your "bible" on tire care and maintenance.

Hair—and Tires
Seater Special

Push one side of the doughnut between the tire and rim. Work around the rim, filling the space. For the last few inches, you'll have to



stretch the doughnut to get it over the edge of the rim.



Then flip the tire and rim over, so you can get at the air valve. Start puttin' the air to 'er. If air escapes, lift the tire around the edge to help the bead seat against the rim.

As the bead on the bottom side seats, the doughnut will be forced out—if you used enough rubber lube.

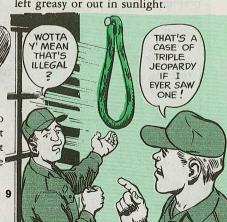


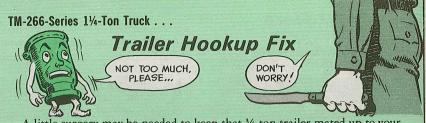
BEAD SEATER WILL SLIP OUT UNDERNEATH AS TIRE INFLATES

If you don't use enough lube, the doughnut won't slip out—so you'll have to let the air out and start all over again. If you use too much lube, your bead seater may slip out too soon.

That's all there is to it.

Make sure you clean the doughnut well when you're done. And store it in a cool, dark, dry place. Lay it flat—never hang it on a nail. It'll rot if it's left greasy or out in sunlight.

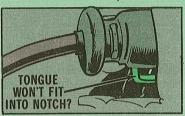




A little surgery may be needed to keep that 34-ton trailer mated up to your M880-series 11/4-ton truck. You may find that the trailer's intervehicular cable won't stay plugged into the truck's receptacle.

Take a close look and see if that tongue on the receptacle cover fits into the notch on the cable connector.

The fix is simple. Cut the notch a little wider—until the tongue can be pressed into the notch. Use a sharp knife. But be careful so you don't cut out too much of the rubber—just a little sliver may be enough.





M880 Windshield Wash

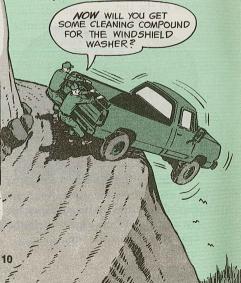
Cleaning compound for your M880series 11/4-ton truck's windshield washer comes under NSN 6850-00-926-2275. There're different mixes to prevent freezing:

+40°F to -10°F, 1 part compound to 2 parts water.

0°F to -40°F. 1 part compound to 1 part water.

-30°F to -65°F, 2 parts compound to 1 part water.

This's the same as you find in TM 9-2320-218-10 (Sep 71), page B-10, for the 1/4-ton truck.





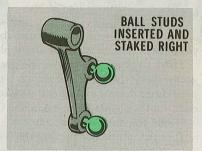
Some steering lever assemblies for good.

Contract number DSA-700-74-C-A258, turn it in to supply. If there's no way to tell what the contract number is, inspect the lever for these conditions:

Ball stud not staked right, only slightly staked, or not staked at all. Ball stud not fully inserted into tapered hole in lever.

Turn in the lever if you find any of these.

A message from Tank-Automotive M39A2-series 5-ton trucks are no Materiel Readiness Command, DRSTA-MTB 211225Z Sep 76, tells If you get a replacement lever under commands how to handle defective



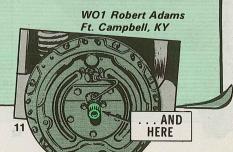
TM-242-Series 11/4-Ton Truck . . . Elbow Grease Cutter

Dear Editor.

Here's a tip that takes some of the noise out of Goat brake work. Rusted axle shaft and brake drum hub splines make for problems pulling drums. So when the drums are off-like when you're doing the 12,000-mi check listed on page 2-9, TM 9-2320-242-20 (Sep 76)—remove the rust and corrosion with a wire brush. Then put a coat of GAA on the splines. It'll keep the splines rust free till the next A service, and save some "drum beating."



(Ed Note: Beautiful music)





WOW! NEW GASKETS WILL COST US MUCHO BUCKS!



Lubrication of your Goer can cost about 40 bucks more'n you counted on if you're not careful with those access plate gaskets.

There are 3 access plates on the tractor and one on the tanker hull. You've got to take 'em off to pull the service. Usually, when the last bolt is removed, the plate drops down—and tears the gasket. New gaskets go for about \$5 to \$14 each. And you gotta have 'em or the Goer can't swim.

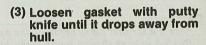
Maybe you can save 'em, tho.

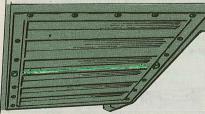
Take out all the bolts except the 2 directly across from each other.

Loosen those 2 so the plate drops 1/8 to 1/4 inch. Use a putty knife to scrape the gasket away from the hull. C-a-r-e-f-u-l! That gasket's cork, and it'll cut easily.

After you've got it loosened all around, take out the 2 remaining bolts and drop the plate.

(1) Take out all bolts except 2 across from each other . . .

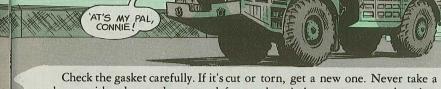






(2) Loosen remaining bolts so plate drops 1/8 to 1/4 inch.

(4) Take out last two bolts and drop plate.



Check the gasket carefully. If it's cut or torn, get a new one. Never take a chance with a damaged one—and, for goodness'sakes, never put the plate back on without one. Someone's life may depend on it.

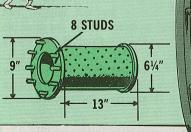


Give the gasket a good coating of GAA before putting the access plate back on. It'll give a tighter seal and make it a snap to get off next time you pull a service.

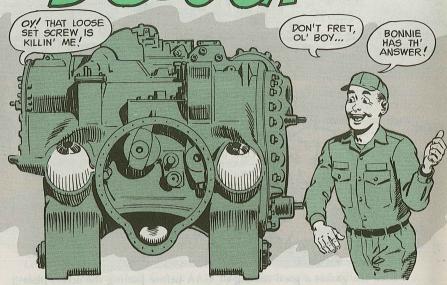


That secondary air filter, NSN 2940-00-756-8519, supplied on contract DSA 700-76-P-0603, is too small. You can't use it. Turn it in.

The right size filter is listed as NSN 2940-00-910-3066 in Ch 3 (Jan 77), TM 9-2320-233-20, page C-7, Figure 22, Item 13.



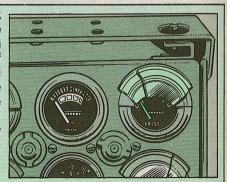
TRANS MISSIONS NEED TEST



Listen up, all drivers of M60 and M48A5-series tanks, M728 combat engineer vehicles and AVLB's. The Allison CD 850-6A transmission on your vehicle might be put together with a loose set screw inside the guts of the torque converter that'll let the transmission self-destruct. That's the Bad News. The Good News is that you can save your transmission.

1. Right now, get your friendly track 63-series mechanic to make the transmission pressure checks listed in vour vehicle automotive -20 TM. If these checks are not normal, call support maintenance. Do not drive the vehicle until it's fixed. If the vehicle checks out OK, drive it but also do this:

2. Pay particular attention to the low transmission oil pressure gage because low pressure means the transmission is about to fail.



3. During vehicle operation, if the transmission oil pressure needle stays in the red when your RPM's are above idle or if the pressure is considerably lower than it should be for the operating condition, something is wrong. Have your track vehicle mechanic check out the pressure. Turn the vehicle over to support maintenance if it does not check out OK.



Your support will stake the set screw (NSN 5305-00-059-2490) which is item 61 of fig 11-5 in TM 9-2520-223-34 (Dec 71.)

M88/M88A1 Torque Change

OH MY LOOSE SPROCKET STUDS ...

TB 43-0001-39-1 ANSWERS YOUR PROBLEM GOOD,

sprocket hub studs, NSN 5307-01- 754-0743. 004-3064, P/N 8351875, on the left output reduction assembly are always 0001-39-1(Apr 77). coming loose.

The present 350 lb-ft torque is really not enough. So tighten the nuts to 900-950 lb-ft using torque wrench (0-1200 lb-ft capacity) NSN 5120-00-169-2986 and reaction bar NSN 5120-01-008-3632 (not on AMDF yet).

These 2 items have recently been added to the organizational maintenance full tracked tool set

You've probably noticed that the supplemental No. 2, NSN 4940-00-

The change is authorized by TB 43-



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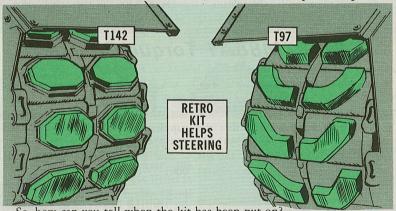
Tank Steering Fix



Got an M60-series tank? (or M48A5, M728 CEV? or AVLB?)

You need steer valve retrofit kit NSN 2520-00-510-0358 to make it steer better. Your DS/GS unit will put the kit on for you.

This kit should be installed in all M60 family tanks. If you've just replaced the old T97 track with the new T142 track, the kit will be a special help.



So, how can you tell when the kit has been put on?

Look at the serial number on your CD 850-6A transmission. If it has SN 43190 or higher, the fix is already on the transmission. Likewise, if the letter "T" has been stamped after the transmission serial number.

If the transmission number is lower than SN 43190 and there is no "T" stamped after the number, you need to tell your support to put the fix on.

The EIR Digest, TB 43-0001-39-4 (Jan 77) has the good word, in Article 4-h on page 56.

Radiator Cap Rumble

Your Sheridan engine overheating? This can happen when the surge tank radiator cap, NSN 2930-00-912-6687, is not holding the pressure.

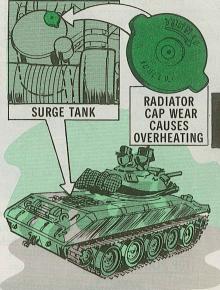
The cap is steel and its tangs wear the soft aluminum of the surge tank neck until it makes a sloppy fit'that releases the pressure.

When this happens the engine overheats.

The head shed is coming up with a fix—either a brass filler neck in the surge tank or a soft plastic filler cap.

Either way, there is nothing you can do now except replace the surge tank when you get engine overheating.

True, the surge tank, NSN 2930-00-918-6218, costs \$107—but that's cheaper than buying a new engine.



Steering Problem? . . .

Road Test After Repair

Any time you work on the steering transmission system of an M578 recovery vehicle, or M107/M110/ M110A1 SP artillery vehicle, give the vehicle a road test-Carefully!

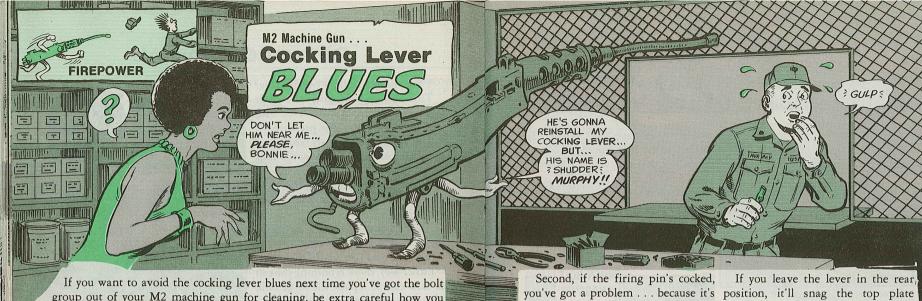
Test the steering for 5 to 7 miles. Idle or shut off the engine for 5 minutes, then drive an additional mile and it takes that many miles to be sure. or more to make sure all adjustments are OK.

direct support.



transmission and steering are OK-

TM 9-2350-238-20 is being changed to include this requirement in para 2-If there's any trouble at all, call 144 and table 2-3, item 36. This will also be changed in TM 9-2300-216-20, The road test is needed to see if the para 2-138 and table 2-3, item 35.



group out of your M2 machine gun for cleaning, be extra careful how you reinstall and position the lever . . . before you put the bolt back in the gun.

HUMP

GOES

TOWARD

BOLT

FACE

TOP PLATE BRACKET

Otherwise, you may not do any shooting for awhile.

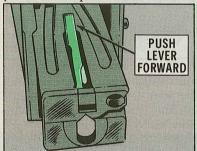
For instance, if you install the cocking lever backwards and then put the bolt in the gun, the lever will hang up on the plate bracket. That means you're done shooting until your armorer bails you out.

So, when you install the lever, be sure the hump part of the lever (around the pin hole) goes toward the face of the bolt. The less rounded part faces the rear.

If the firing pin's uncocked, it's hard to put the pin through the lever if you've got the lever in the wrong position. So, if it's tough to line up the pin, get suspicious.

way.

The big point: Eyeball the hump on the lever and face it frontwards before the lever right; position it right. you insert the pin.



Another problem: You can install the lever right and still foul up. The way to avoid that, after you install the lever, is to push the lever all the way forward . . . toward the bolt face . . before you install the bolt in the receiver.

fairly easy to slip the pin in even bracket . . . just as it does when it's though the lever's facing the wrong installed with the large hump to the

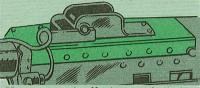
That's about all you can do. Install

JUST FLIP THE PAGE ... LEVER POES GET HUNG UP, FREEING IT IS A JOB FOR YOUR ARMORER!

SO, ARMORERS, HERE'S YOUR PART OF THE SHOW...



First off, never try to get the lever free by removing the top plate bracket.



You may get it off (rivets and all), but it's a depot repair job to get the gun together again.

There're just 2 things an armorer can do if the cocking lever snags because it was installed wrong. You can file it off or use a hacksaw blade and very carefully saw it off. It'll take time.

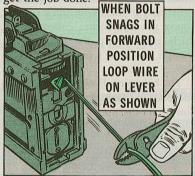


If the lever was installed right but put in the gun in the wrong position, you can get it out without tearing up the lever.

First, since the bolt's not in battery position, you have to figure out which

problem you have. So, eyeball the cocking lever. If the hump is toward the face of the bolt (which is where it should be), you can retrieve it. If the large hump is up, with the lever in the rear position, in other words, breathe a little easier.

In that case, you can use sturdy lacing wire or other make-shift tool to get the job done.



With the wire (or whatever) snag the cocking lever from the rear. Pull the lever down and back with steady pressure (it's not gonna be easy). With wire, use vice grips or pliers.

Have a buddy push on the bolt face with a brass or wood punch.

Both of you should keep up a steady pressure until the bolt is free.





If you're about to bash those lugs on the upper receiver group with a

hammer or makeshift hammer, forget it! All you'll do is make grief for yourself.

In the first place, bashing the lugs so the takedown and pivot pins will be more snug won't necessarily mean the upper receiver will be more snug.

In the second place, you're going to crack the lugs or mash 'em up so bad you won't be able to get the pin in . . . or maybe out. In short, scratch one upper receiver.

Third, it's OK if the upper receiver is a little loose. That's its nature. If you get too much play, or feel it's too loose, get your support to check it out.

Despite what you may have heard, there is no authority or recommended fix that suggests you bash those lugs "tighter" with a hammer.



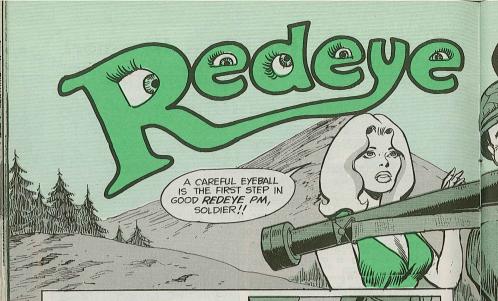
No .50-Cal BFA's

Blank firing attachments for the M2 and M85 machine guns are being developed. It'll be a good while before they're available to field units.

NEED BACK
ISSUES OF
PS? JUST
DROP ME A
NOTE % PS
MAGAZINE,
LEXINGTON,
KY. 40511.



21



Take a dab of caution, add it to some sensible care . . . and your Redeye weapon or trainers will stay in business a lot longer.

For instance:

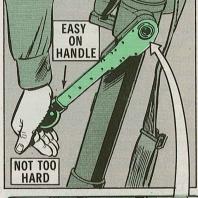
Too much enthusiasm when you use the compressor assembly pump handle can make for complicated repair.

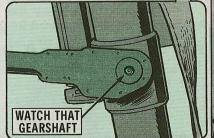
When the handle comes down, it hits a stop. If you come down too hard . . . or if you try to force it beyond the stop . . . you can shear off the pins in the gearshaft.

When that happens, you've set the system up for major disassembly and repair.

You've also set up the possibility of the gearshaft coming out under pressure and injuring you or someone nearby.

The idea is, when you feel the stop, quit . . . and swing the handle the other way.





COVER

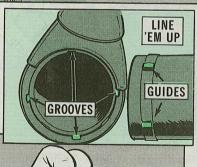
A few seconds' patience is the byword when you install the protective cover on the seeker end (IR window).

Take time to line up the grooves in the cover with the guides above the IR window.

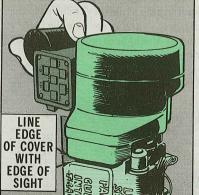
An easy way is to line up the flat surface or edge on the top of the cover with the flat edge of the sight. The sight, naturally, has to be in stow position. Then, slide the cover easylike over the guides (rubber indexes).

If you force the cover . . . or get it on crooked . . . you can crack the cover or bust up the guides. That could make for costly repairs if bright light gets to the IR window.

If your cover should get cracked, or if it slides off without any help from you (too loose, that is), get it replaced soonest.



YA MIGHT SAY THAT I'M RED-EYEING IT, EH, CONNIES





Sillions



BATTERY

Batteries stored in the battery charger can beat up the charger quick- thermal switch and the battery well like if you don't keep an eye on them. contacts in the charger. They leak and corrode.

Best bet is to remove the batteries if they're going to go unused for weeks or months.



The next best bet is to check them at least weekly while they're stored in the charger . . . and make sure the battery contact shield is covering the contact rings.



Otherwise, leakage corrodes the



Other ways in which you can protect the charger include:

Hold onto the batteries and slide them into the wells easy-like. Don't drop them in, because if you do they hit the thermal switch and cause it to short out.

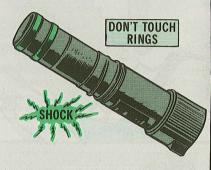


CHARGER

Wipe all sand and dirt from the battery before you put it in the charger.

That way it's easy to remove the battery after it's charged. And, sand and dirt won't get in the thermal switch. Crud in the switch could prevent it from making contact.

Remember-when you clean the battery—never touch both contact rings at the same time. If you do you'll get shocked.

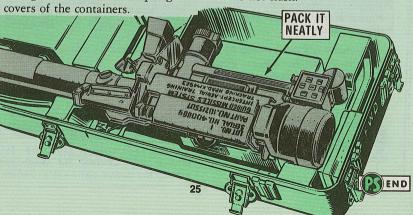


CONTAINERS

Packing your equipment in the So-o-o-o, carefully lay the comshipping and storage containers takes ponents in the recesses made for a little care, but that care pays them. Seat the covers flush all around, dividends

neat, you can tear up the cushions, the components aren't in right or the damage the latches and spring the cover is not flush.

and then snap the latches into place. If If you pack the gear quick and not so you've got to force the latches, then



A Dowel For Your AN/PSM-6B





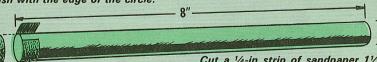
The AN/PSM-6B multimeter, used to test components of the Hawk missile system, is deadlined at times while awaiting a replacement battery holder.

The electrical contacts at the base of the holder are damaged as the BA-1328/U battery deteriorates and corrodes. When that happens the holder usually has to be replaced, and the battery is discarded.

Here's a way to keep the battery holders in action:

The holder is 5 inches deep by $^{11}/_{16}$ inches in diameter. Make an 8 inch long by $\frac{1}{2}$ -in diameter piece of doweling.

Cement a round piece of fine sandpaper to the bottom of the dowel. Trim it flush with the edge of the circle.



TWO PIECES OF SANDPAPER Cut a ¼-in strip of sandpaper 1½ inches long. Cement the sandpaper around the dowel, same end as before.

If maintenance procedures on the M501-series Hawk loader-transporter have been bugging you, or if you'd just like to know more about taking care of the vehicle, lots of good help is available.

The U.S. Army Ordnance and Chemical Center and School has an 8-lesson organizational maintenance course on the M501 which thoroughly covers it, component by component. Its title is Ordnance Subcourse 63C211.

To enroll in the correspondence course, just write:

Commander

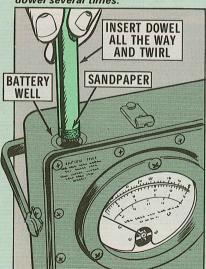
US Army Ordnance and Chemical Center and School

ATTN: ATSL-DD-AP

Aberdeen Proving Ground, MD 21005

Commanders who'd like Subcourse 63C211 for OJT or other instruction of their troops can get it by calling Autovon 283-4606 or 283-3388. Or, commanders can write to the above address, ATTN: ATSL-DT-ET.

Put the dowel in the battery holder Check the electr (sandpaper end down). Twirl the sure they're clean. dowel several times.



Check the electrical contacts to be ure they're clean.



The method works both at unit and support level maintenance, and we've been able to get a number of multimeters off deadline with it.

Robert L. Bly Fort Eustis, VA

(Ed Note: Sounds like a winner to me. I'm sure other troops will make good use of your idea).



This is a selected list of recent pubs of interest to organizational maintenance personnel. This list is compiled from recent AG Distribution Centers Bulletins. For complete details see DA Pam 310-4 (Nov 74), and Ch 3 (Oct 75), TM's, TB's, etc.: DA Pam 310-6 (Jul 76) and Ch 2 (Dec 76), SC's and SM's and DA Pam (O) 310-9 (Aug 74), COMSEC pubs.

TECHNICAL MANUALS Ch 2 TM 3-1040-202-12 Mar M3A3

Smoke Generator Ch 4. TM 3-1040-209-12 Mar M10-8 Flamethrowe

TM 3-1040-220-12 & P Mar M5 Riot Control Agent Disperser Ch 5, TM 3-1040-256-12 Mar XM45E1

Ch 3, TM 5-1080-200-10 & P Feb Camouflage Screen System Woodland

Ch 1, TM 5-5420-202-10 Mar AVLB

Ch 1, TM 5-5420-203-14 Mar 60-Ft Bridge Used with M48 or M60 Launcher

TM 9-1000-202-14 Nov Evaluation of TM 9-1425-470-L Mar TOW

TM 9-1425-500-L Mar Basic and SP TM 9-1430-534-24P Feb Improved

Ch 5, TM 9-2320-206-20P Feb 10-Ton Truck M123, M123C, M123A1C, M123E2, TM 9-2350-256-10 Mar M88A1 Recovery

TM 9-4935-481-14-2 Apr Dragon TM 9-6920-364-12 & P Jan M132 Training Rocket

Ch 1, TM 10-8110-201-14 Feb 500-Gal Drums, Fabric, Collapsible TM 11-1520-236-20 Apr Electronic Equip

TM 11-5820-549-20P Apr AN/PRR-9 Radio Receiving Set and AN/PRT-4 () Radio Transmitting Sets

TM 11-6130-238-24P Apr Charger Battery PP-1659/G and PP-1659A/G TM 11-6130-247-24P May Power Supply PP-3940/G

TM 11-6130-247-24P-1 Apr Power Supply PP-3940A/G TM 11-6625-403-20P Feb AN/UPM-98

Radar Test Set TM 11-6625-555-24P Apr AN/USM-182A Oscilloscope

TM 11-6625-561-24P Mar AN/GPM-46A Radar Test Set TM 11-6625-602-20P Apr AN/USM-181 ()

Telephone Test Sets TM 11-6625-636-24P Apr AN/ARM-69 Electronic Frequency Converter TM 11-6625-1610-24P Mar MK-1035/ARC-131 Maintenance Kit

TM 11-6660-232-20P Apr AN/PMQ-3A Wind Measuring Set TM 55-1500-322-24 Aug Aeronautical

Antifriction Bearings Ch 30, TM 55-1520-210-20 Mar UH-1D/H TM 55-1520-210-23P Mar UH-1 Series TM 55-1520-217-23-2-1 Apr CH-54B TM 55-1520-217-23-2-2 Apr CH-54B Ch 1. TM 55-1520-228-PMS Mar OH-58A

MISCELLANEOUS

AR 190-11 Mar Physical Security of Weapons, Ammo, Explosives Ch 4 AR 710-2 Apr Supply

Ch 5, AR 710-3 Asset and Transaction Reporting System

DA Cir 750-37-36 Apr Sample Data Collection 21/2- and 5-Ton Trucks DA Form 3056 Mar Report of Missing/Recovered Firearms, Ammo Ex-

plosives DA Pam 750-33 Dec Charging System

Trouble Shooting
Ch 1. FM 6-36 Apr Lance

FM 11-34H 2/3 Apr Automatic Digital Message Switch Equipment (ADMSE) Repairman MOS 34H Skill Levels 2/3 FM 21-15 Feb Individual Clothing and Fauinment

LO 5-2805-256-12 Feb Gasoline Engine 1% HP Mil Std

LO 5-5420-202-12-1 Mar M60A1 AVLB LO 9-2320-269-12 Mar Truck, Maint

SB 9-16 Apr Personnel Heater and Winterization Kit Policy for Tank-Automotive, Construction and Material Handling Equip SB 11-30 Apr Dry Battery Management

SC 7360-90-CL-N03 Feb Gasoline Field

TB 9-380-101-10 Mar Redeye

TB 43-0212 Apr Purging, Cleaning, Coating Interior Vehicle Fuel Tanks

AUDIO-VISUAL STUFF -Available at Your Local TASC

(Training and Audiovisual Support Center)

FILMS, TRAINING AIDS AFIF 308 Meters, Liters and Kilograms GTA 5-4-31 Mine Detector-AN/PRS-7 and AN/PSS-11 GTA 10-1-2 Field Kitchen Equipment-Part I-M1948 Kitchen Tent

TG 10-2-17 500-Gal Nonvented Collapsible Drum

TEC LESSONS 020-171-1635-F Checkouts.

Tests of the Missle Sub-

020-171-1662-F During-Operation Checks, Services,

020-171-5229-F Troubleshooting the M-85 Machine-

041-061-6170-E Fire Control Alinement Tests (Prepara-tion) Hands-on Practice M109/M109A1 Howitzer 041-061-6171-E Fire Control

Alinement Tests (Prepara-tion) Hands-on Practice M102

041-061-6172-E Fire Control Alinement Tests (Preparation) Hands-on Practice M107 Gun. M110 Howitzer

041-061-6173-E Fire Control Alinement Tests: Hands-on Practice M102, M109/ M109A1. M110 Howitzers. M107 Gun

043-441-1032-F FAAR Maintenance, Pretactical. Factical Operation 043-441-1033-F Pretactical.

Maintenance, Tactical Operation 043-441-7872-F Introduc-

tion/Inspection of Redeve:

043-441-7873-F Introduction/Inspection of Redeye 662-051-7609-A Technical Tables for Servicing GED

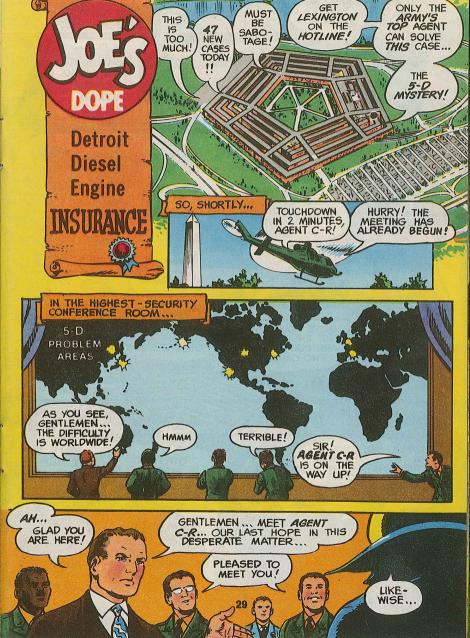
662-051-7612-A Computing the Load and Selecting the Appropriate Generator

662-051-7613-A Balancing the Loads and Drawing the Distribution System 662-051-7614-A Selecting the

Proper Line Cable 941-071-0117-F Cal. .50 Machinegun: Headspace.

Dragon Spots

Revised TM 9-1425-480-10 (Jun 77) on the Dragon permits operator/organizational maintenance types to spot paint the tracker and round. The TM tells you what to use and how to use it. Spot painting used to be a support job.



MUST

LEXINGTON





WE HAVE THE WORLD'S BEST EQUIPMENT ... Take care of it

IF YOU WANT TO DISPLAY THIS CENTERPIECE ON YOUR BULLETIN BOARD, OPEN STAPLES, LIFT IT OUT AND PIN IT UP.

AHEM! ARCH.

AS TOP RANKING
MEMBER OF THIS CONFERENCE, I'LL TAKE
CHARGE OF THIS
DOCUMENT, AGENT C-R!

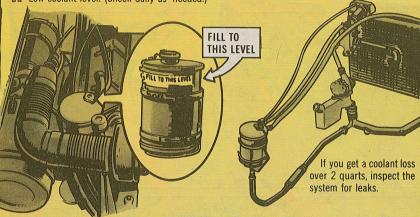


ER... OF SIR!

NOW HERE IS SOME MORE POOP TO ASSIST DETROIT DIESEL OPERATORS!

THERE ARE DOZENS OF DIFFERENT REASONS FOR ENGINES TO OVERHEAT, BUT CHECK ON THESE COMMON ONES. THEN, IF YOU CAN'T CURE THE PROBLEM, GET HELP FROM YOUR MECHANIC.

Low coolant level. (Check daily as needed.)



The radiator cap may be at fault if you can't find any other leaks. The pressure relief valve—if the cap has one—may not work right, or you may have the wrong PSI cap for the vehicle. You need these caps for these vehicles . . .

VEHICLES	PRESSURE	STOCK NUMBER
M113A1, M557A1, M106A, M125A1, M132A1, M548, M727, M730, XM806E1, M741	13-18	NSN 2930-00-933-6424 (P/N 11589341)
M107, M110, M598	19-23 (2 caps)	NSN 2930-00-950-0740 (P/N 10925255)
M109/M109A1	Threaded Cap	NSN 2930-00-737-6626 (P/N 7376626)
M551/M551A1	14-17	NSN 2930-00-912-6687 (P/N 10946982)

GREAT INFO, AGENT C-R!

RIGHT ON! WE'LL SEE THAT IT GETS TO ALL DETROIT DIESEL TYPES ... PRONTO!







NO QUESTION --HE'S RANKER THAN THE REST OF US!

IT COOL ...

Radiator clogged from the outside. (Clean radiator >> to remove leaves, mud, oil, etc.)



Pulleys, belts and cooling fan not working right. (If these seem to have glitches, get your mech to set them right.)

Panels, plates or shrouds missing or not in place.



(These vehicles were made to be operated with everything in place. If you run the vehicle with out 'ema hotter engine.)

Engine lugging. (Never run the engine in too high a gear. You'll heat up your engine.)



OH MY

ENGINE!

Low engine oil level. (Engine run on less than regular amount of oil will heat up.)

Other things that cause engine overheating are . . .

a bad coolant pump



a bad or missing thermostat . .



or transmission trouble.

Have your Mechanic check 'em ALL out!

GOOD! DD OPERATORS MUST PLAY IT CLEAN AND COOL... THAT'S THE RULE!



... BLOWING FROM OUR VENTILATOR.

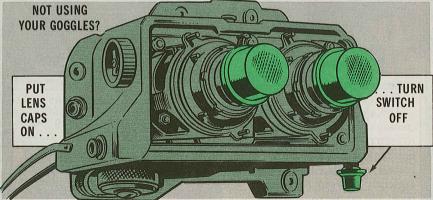




The AN/PVS-5 night vision goggles can shed a little light on what you're looking at if you let 'em. And, to keep 'em that way you need to focus in on some PM points.

Whenever you're through using your goggles, make sure the lens caps are in place. The caps will protect your goggles from bright light damage as well as saving those lenses from dirt and dust scrapes and scratches.

If you're not using your goggles for a while, turn the OFF-ON-IR rotary switch to the off position. This 'll keep your BA-1567/U battery NSN 6135-00-485-7402 from going dead before its time. Turning that switch off will also protect those image intensifier tubes from getting damaged.



Use the IR (infrared) only when necessary 'cause it drains the battery and can easily be detected by the enemy using night vision devices at long range. Always keep your carrying case assembly closed to keep dampness out.



It's also a good idea to eye the gasker in the battery compartment.



A cracked or missing gasket is an open invitation for damaging dampness inside the telephone case.

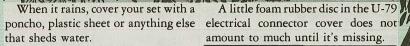
You might rub a light coat of silicone compound NSN 6850-00-880-7616 around the panel and housing assembly gasket. This'll go a long way in warding off water. It'll snuggle up the panel and housing case.

When you have the telephone tied to a tent pole, or the like, be sure



there's a sag in the WD-1/TT field wire coming into the binding posts. Otherwise, wiring angled down to the telephone set makes for a rain-dripping track that will lead to trouble.





Same goes for that CY-1277 carrying case. It'll ward off water. But take it off to dry when the fabric gets wet.

GOTCHA,

CONNIE!

IF YOUR TELEPHONE GETS WET, WIPE IT OFF OR AIR-HOSE IT DRY! AND BE SURE TO CHECK OUT THE BATTERY COMPARTMENTS FOR WETS.

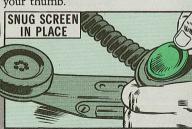


A little foam rubber disc in the U-79

Then, moisture seeps in and messes up the connector's contacts.

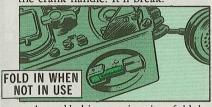
To keep the disc NSN 5935-00-566-3859 snug in the cover, use a good adhesive or sealant on the back of the disc. NSN 8040-00-270-8150 is for a 1-oz tube of sealant that'll do a good 3 sticking job for you.

One other way to keep moisture out of your set is make sure the moisture shield or de-icing screen is in the transmitter element of your H-60 handset and it is put in right. Just line up the dot on the shield with the notch on the transmitter element cover. Then, snug the shield in place with your thumb.



ROUGH STUFF IS OUT

the crank handle. It'll break.



A good habit to get into is to fold the handle back into its slot as soon as you clear of that PRESS-TO-TALK have finished using it.

Left sticking out, the handle can snag on any of a thousand things and break off.

And, back off the H-60 handset. It's not a handle either. Sure, it fits in your telephone set snug, but it does not hug. When you lift by the handset it puts a lot of strain on the retaining springs in the receiver cradle.

To avoid springing the springs, take the handset out of the cradle by pushing it toward the spring and then lifting up on the cord end. Replace

> CAUTION DO NOT STRAP PUSH-TO-TALK SWITCH

Never pick up your telephone set by handset by first holding the cord end up while pushing the other end in toward the spring.

> If you need to test the handset hold, hold or stand the set vertically. If the handset stays in the cradle, the springs are OK. If the H-60 falls out, the springs need to be adjusted, reset or replaced.

> When you're not transmitting, steer switch. Casual pushing or strapping the switch can weaken your BA-30 batteries needlessly.



That retractile cord has a lot of snap, but when it's overstretched it gets snapless. Too much stretching makes the cord fray and break at the connection points.

LAST MINUTE TIPS

If the battery box cotter pin wears out or gets lost get yourself a cotter pin NSN 5315-00-524-0243 about 31/2 inches long and 5/64 inch thick . . . and slip it in.

If you're looking for screws to hold 5305-00-879-5446. NSN 5310-00down your telephone set's identification plate, your search has ended. Use | 5330-00-448-1018 is for the rubber NSN 5305-00-054-5635 for the screws that'll do the ID plate hold



down job for you. Nameplates on some of the later model telephone sets are riveted and do not need screws.

telephone chassis in its case, use NSN items.

HMMPH!

OUR FIRST CALL WAS FOR HIM... FROM BONNIE

AND CONNIE ..

... AND WOULD YOU JUST LISTEN TO THOSE FAST OPERATORS!!

YES ... BUT ..

MACON SPARKS IS A PM WHIZ -- HE'S GOT ALL OUR

TELEPHONES WORKIN' LIKE



965-1806 is for the washer and NSN gasket.



Cover the binding post with rubber cap NSN 5940-00-254-2243.

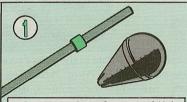
Appendix A of CTA 50-970 (Jul 74) And, for screws to hold the is the authority for requesting these



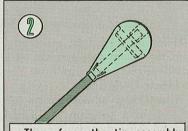


Any sharp snap of your AS-1729 antenna's AT-1095 section can fling the tip assembly to parts unknown.

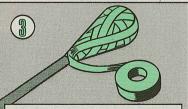
To keep this tip tight on the tip of your AT-1095, add a few wraps of tape. Here's how:



Put a couple or 3 wraps of ½-in tape NSN 7510-00-290-8034 around the antenna element 2



Then, force the tip assembly onto the AT-1095.



After you've snugged the tip in place, wrap the tip with 34-in tape NSN 5970-00-419-4291...

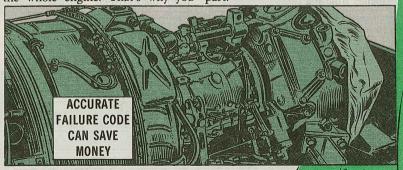


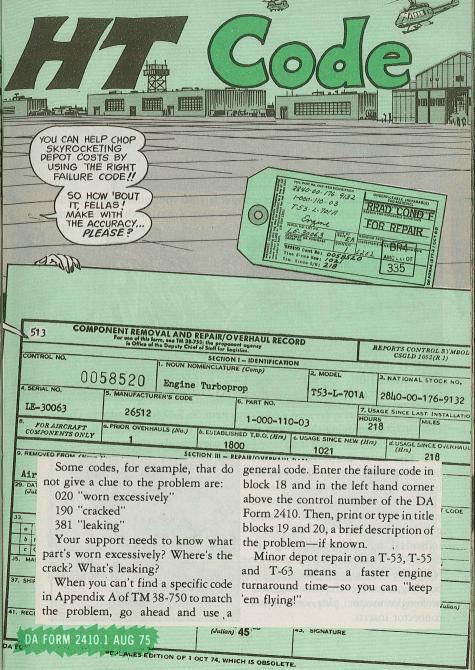


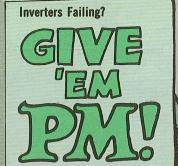
turbine engine going to overhaul. You you put on a DA Form 2410. If you could save Uncle a bundle.

engine repair, rather than overhauling the whole engine. That's why you part.

don't nail down the problem, depot A new look at depot costs has types have to tear down the whole resulted in a program for partial engine looking for the problem, instead of repairing only the faulty









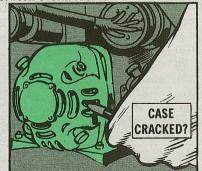
The motor generators (inverters) in your aircraft will deliver the current to keep your baby belting thru the blue—but only if you mechs give 'em the attention they deserve.



All rotary inverters are now a condition item. So, look for a change to TB 55-1500-307-24 removing them from the historical info requirement list. Data won't be collected so there is no time-between-overhaul or retirement interval.

The idea is to keep the inverters humming until they no longer pass inspection.

About every 200 flight hours (when your bird is down for maintenance) give the inverter the Big Look. Individual bird pubs are being updated. Clean and inspect the inverter for cracked or damaged cases, proper bonding, security of mounting, and broken connector pins or cracked connector inserts.



Eyeball the brushes for wear, one at a time so they're put back in the same place.

To indicate maximum wear, the brushes have a ¹/₃₂-in wide wear mark (groove) at about half the original brush length. In some brushes the mark is a diagonal groove in the bottom width of the brush. In others, the mark is a parallel groove in the top edge of the brush. Wear to the end of the mark will give you at least 500 operational hours at full load. But when the brushes are

worn down to any part of the wear mark, take the inverter out of the bird and turn it in to support for new brushes.

YUM!

Focus-in on the brush contact area of the commutator and slip rings and look for serious grooving or pitting. Also, check for excessive vibration, noise and overheating.



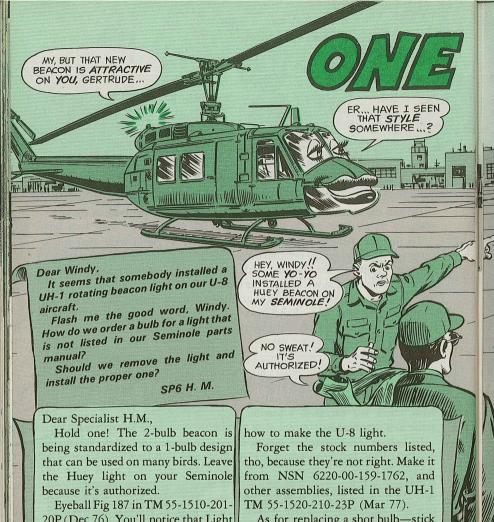
GIMME

Inspection is not complete, mechs, without an operational check. Watch the output voltage and frequency under "no load" and "full load," as explained in your aircraft's pub.



If the inverter won't put out, turn it in to your support for repair.

You make the decision to turn in that inverter for repair. It's your judgement call.



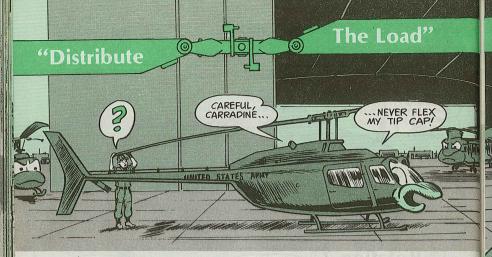
Eyeball Fig 187 in TM 55-1510-201-20P (Dec 76). You'll notice that Light P/N 50-364224-19 has to be manufactured at the organizational level.

So, go to Appendix E of TM 55-1510-201-20 (Jan 69). You'll see the light part number, along with a reference to Fig E-20, which shows As for replacing a shot bulb—stick with the Huey parts pub. For example, Bulb NSN 6240-00-225-5128, goes in Beacon light NSN 6220-00-159-1762.

'Course, all the tech manuals are being updated.

Windy





Never flex the OH-58A main rotor blade by grabbing the tip cap, Kiowa mechs. That kind of treatment will crack the facing compound.

A surface crack in the compound beginning about 4 inches aft of the spar and extending toward the trailing edge—is no cause for condemning the blade. There is no structural damage. Only the compound is affected so your buddies at support can make repairs in the prop and rotor shop.

A SURFACE CRACK CAN BE REPAIRED!

You won't be faced with a grounded bird, tho, if you simply insert the blade tie-down over the end of the blade.



Then, secure the blade. The tiedown will distribute the downward forces so you won't put excess pressure





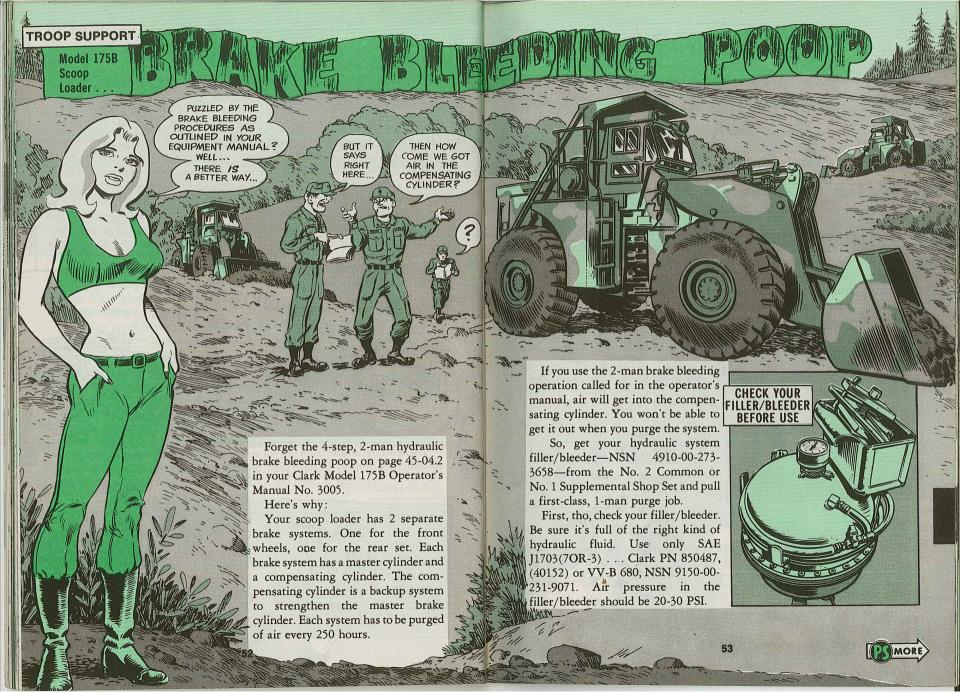
all models of the AH-1, UH-1, CH-47, the national level.

DA message DALO-SMM-F one! DA message DALO-SMM-F 272137Z Feb 76 squashed national- 152030Z Oct 76 added the C-12A to level DA Form 2407 reports on that list. You send DA Form 2407 and organizational and support 2407-1 info on organizational and maintenance for aircraft except for support maintenance for C-12A's to

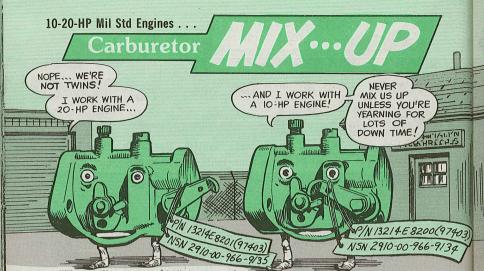


recommendations to the head shed, birdmen. Add the info to your copy of TM 38-750 . . . Appendix B. Send the AVSCOM copy of the DA Form 2407 (EIR)









"Ten will get you \$20" is a good bet—at Vegas—but not on carburetor replacement kit. Make sure it's P/N replacement gasket-for your 10 and 20-HP MIL boxed, doublecheck the NSN. It STD engines.

kits—carburetor, 13214E8200(97403). If the kit's still should be 2910-00-966-9134.



If you stick a 10-HP engine's making the engines reach—or hold— 966-9135. their rated loads.

you could spend a heap of downtime received on DX have carbs mixed up! and money trying to figure out what's engines.

your 10-HP engine, eyeball the Discrepancy.

For your 20-HP engine be sure you carburetor on a 20-HP engine—or have carburetor replacement kit P/N vice versa—you'll have a hard time 13214E8201(97403), NSN 2910-00-

How 'bout checking all your 10-20-Both carbs will fit either engine, but HP engines right now? Some engines

You can help in another way, too. If happening if you mix carbs 'n' you receive the wrong carburetor kit, turn it back in to your DSU. They'll So before you replace the carb on make out an SF 364—Report of Item



NEVER

TOUCH

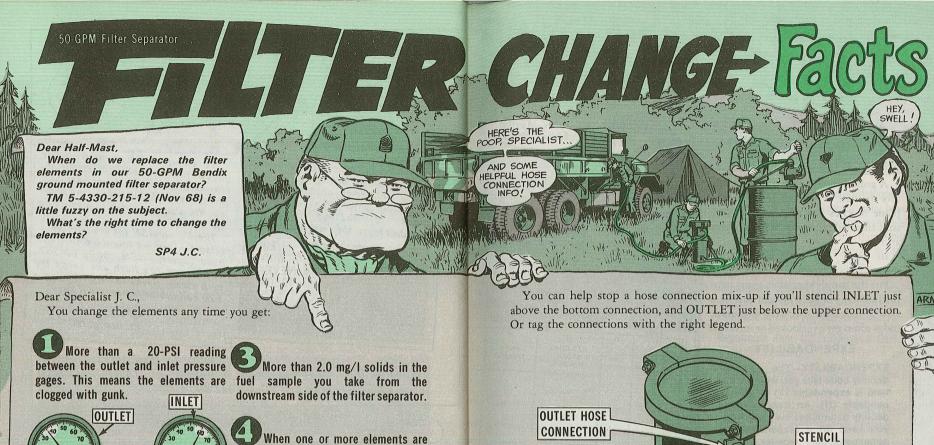
setscrew, but we found a 6-cent hex head screw-NSN 5305-00-267-8950-that fits flush and keeps the carb clean. Saves us from buying a \$20 carburetor replacement kit.

CPT J. L. H. Ft. Bragg, NC

(Ed Note: You're right! Mechanics should never touch that setscrew for any reason. It's a sealed plug for the high-speed jet. Looks like you've found a low-cost fix to stop damage and downtime.)



supply support.



CHANGE

ELEMENTS More than 15-PSI differential the filter separator is working perfectly. between inlet pressure and internal pressure.

At least every 24 months even if

By the way, to be sure the filter separator works "as advertised" the inlet and outlet hoses have to be connected at the right places.

ruptured.

The inlet hose connection is at the bottom of the unit . . . right close to the inlet pressure gage. The outlet hose connection is at the top of the unit . . . near the outlet pressure gage.

OR OUTLET TAG PRESSURE GAGE STENCIL INLET OR **PRESSURE** TAG GAGE INLET HOSE Half-Mast CONNECTION







THESE MAY HELP YOU UNTANGLE THE MEANINGS ...

IF AN ITEM IS-END ITEM: Complete item of equipment which is a combination of end

items, components, parts, etc. such as a truck, radio, rifle or tank. COMPONENT: Combination of assemblies, subassemblies, or parts

mounted together in manufacture, assembly, maintenance or rebuild. Generally able to operate independently in a variety of situations.

ASSEMBLY: Two or more physically connected or related parts, each of which can be taken apart, like a carburetor, power pack, circuit or amplifier. Each item in the assembly is identifiable by name and separate function.

SUBASSEMBLY: Portion of an assembly with a specific function; can be broken down into parts or components. Examples include oil pumps and

PART: Item which can't be taken apart or is impractical or uneconomical to take apart. Spark plugs, crankshafts, condensers, brackets, resistors and fan belts are examples. Parts are the "building blocks"; they do little alone, but nothing works without them.

REPAIR PART: Any item used to fix or maintain another end item. Technically, repair parts are Support items coded not repairable in the 4th place of the items SMR code. Spares are replacement items coded repairable.

REPAIR PARTS LINGO



DESCRIBE ITEM'S CONDITION—



SERVICEABLE: Item works the way it should; ready for use.

UNSERVICEABLE: Item's not working, can't be used; needs repair,

maintenance or new parts to work. ... AND UNSERVICEABLE BECAUSE IT HAS BECAUSE IT WON'T A FLAT TIRE? START !

RECOVERABLE: Item is worth repair because it costs less to fix than to buy a new one or because it's too useful just to throw away. Maintenance expenditure limits pubs (TB's in the 43 and 750 series) are the guides to follow here. Item may need special handling.

NONRECOVERABLE: An end item or repair part normally consumed in use. Can't be repaired or reused.

REPAIRABLE: Item can be made serviceable and put back to use. Check the MAC to see who fixes it. If it's not your job, turn it in.

NONREPAIRABLE: Can't be used again (not worth turning in for repair), but check scrap value in the basic materials (some metals, lubricants or other raw materials are worth saving to recycle.)

UNECONOMICALLY REPAIRABLE: Not worth fixing; costs of previous repairs and needed repairs go beyond maintenance expenditure limits. Generally, tho, you can salvage, cannibalize or scrap parts or components.



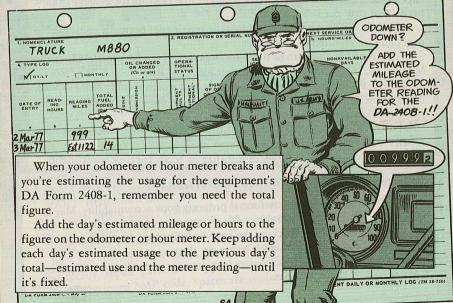
DESCRIBE ACCOUNTABILITY—

EXPENDABLE: Requires no formal property book accountability. May be repairable or nonrepairable, recoverable or nonrecoverable. Never toss out bum expendables without checking the recoverability code. You do not use the expendability code to decide which items get thrown out.

NONEXPENDABLE: Item requires formal property book accounting, may be repairable or nonrepairable.

MOR







Report AMDF Goods

Find a mistake on the AMDF? Report any goofs to that item's manager— identified by the first letter in the Materiel Category Structure Code (MAT CAT)—for the entry carrying the that agency listed in the Materiel Category Structure Code (MAT CAT) portion of USACDA Pam 18-1 Code Reference Guide for the ARMS Monthly AMDF. If you have trouble tracking down the item's manager—or want to report problems with the microfiche rather than an entry-write to the Chief, U.S. Army DARCOM Catalog Data Activity (CDA), ATTN: DRXCA-D, New Cumberland Army Depot, New Cumberland, PA 17070. If your problem's urgent, call the CDA hotline, AUTOVON 977-7431.

From the Beginning . . .

Corrosion starts when the manufacturing process ends. Which is why you want to treat your thin-skinned birds when you discover the first scratch. TM 43-0105 (Apr 76) has the latest word on corrosion control.

M790 EL Brakes

There's a new pub out that can help you prevent brake failure and tire fires (from brakes) on your Pershing M790 erector-launcher. The pub, TB 9-1440-380-14-3 (Mar 77), calls for monthly brake checks and spells out adjustment details that should head off a lot of your problems.

☆U.S. GOVERNMENT PRINTING OFFICE: 1977 - 757-002/10

Starters Now Recoverable

Hold one . . . and hold up trash canning engine starter motors for your 10-and 20-HP military standard engines. The motors—NSN 2920-00-882-3401—have been classified as repairable mistake. Send your comments to the address for and recoverable. DS now can get the parts to fix 'em. The recoverability code on the AMDF will be changed.

Semi Brake Break

Lined brake shoes. NSN 2530-00-318-1225. listed in TM 9-2330-207-24P (Jul 73), are no longer available. Your support will fix up your old shoes with lining set, NSN 2530-00-693-0996, and rivet. NSN 5320-00-753-3946.

Floating Equipment Records

Now hear this! Now hear this!

The Army's navy has joined TAMMS. The complete story of floating equipment records and reporting—is in 2 DA messages: DALO-SMM-F 012137Z Nov 76 and DALO-SMM-F 161835Z May 77.

They cover materiel readiness, transfer, gain, loss, usage and logbook records.

The May message changes the first message and its usage report instructions. Make sure you have both messages. Get straight with the May message soonest. Floating equipment usage reports call for special information. You send them in on 1 August and 1 February to the U.S. Army Troop Support Command, St. Louis. They don't go to Lexington.

Would You Stake Your Life wight now the Condition of Your Equipment?

