PREVENTIVE MAINTENANCE MONTHLY

TB 43-PS-801

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August 2019





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PM Keeps You in the Fight

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You are invited to send PS your ideas for improving maintenance procedures, questions on maintenance and supply problems and questions or comments on material published in PS.

Just write to:

MSG Half-Mast

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By Order of the Secretary of the Army:

DLA Disposition Services Locations

MARK A. MILLEY

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27-33

Chief of Staff



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Vant to get a new vehicle operator's attention?

Just walk around his vehicle and ask a few questions. It's easy to do, and a quick way to find out if he knows about vehicle components like the:

- starter motor
- radiator and surge tank
- hydraulic oil tank
- tire valves
- dipsticks for fluid checks
- batteries
- track rollers
- instrument panel
- electronic control monitor (ECM)

During PMCS, does your operator know what a tire gauge is used for and how to use it?

That may sound too simple, but ask anyway. You might be surprised at the answer.

THE POINT IS, TAKE **NOTHING** FOR GRANTED ABOUT WHAT A NEW OPERATOR MIGHT OR MIGHT NOT KNOW.

ASK THEM WHEN THE ENGINE'S COOLANT IS CHECKED-BEFORE OPERATION, AFTER OPERATION OR BOTH.

AND WHILE YOU'RE AT IT, ASK YOUR NEW OPERATOR WHERE TO FIND THE VEHICLE'S -10 TM AND WHAT THE FIRST PMCS CHECK IS.



The reason for this conversation isn't to point fingers. But it does identify what your operator knows and doesn't know about the vehicle.

Then you'll know what to teach them.

PS 801 **AUG 19**



don't let fallbacks happen to **you!**

Lrewmen, the last thing you want during a fire mission is a round that falls short or, much worse, explodes in the bore! Either could happen if proper cleaning procedures aren't followed.

M109A6/A7 Paladins equipped with the chromed M284A2 cannon tubes are at increased risk of projectile fallback when not properly cleaned.

Fallbacks happen when excess CLP collects in the bore rifling. That prevents the round from properly seating when loaded into the breech.

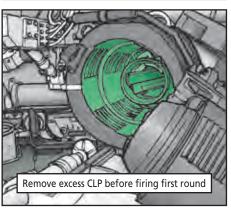
Fallbacks can cause the round to fall short of the target. The round could also explode inside the bore, injuring or killing you and your fellow crewmen!

You can keep that from happening by doing your preventive maintenance. Before firing the first round, follow the bore cleaning procedures in WP 0151 of TM 9-2350-314-10-2 (May 14).

Using water, swab out the powder chamber, the forcing cone and the rifling nearest the breech to remove excess CLP.



Excess CLP in chromed cannon tubes can cause round to fall short or explode in bore



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When swabbing the breech, insert the swab until the end of the handle is even with the face of the qun tube.

Repeat four times.

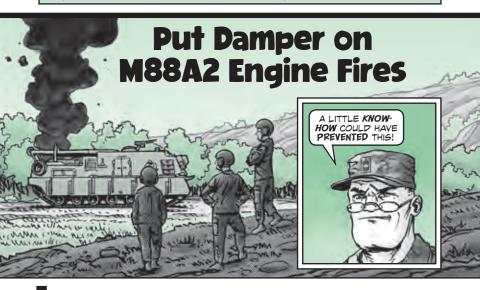


USE A
SWAB THAT
DOESN'T
HAVE TEARS
EXPOSING
THE FOAM
CORE.

Make sure there's no CLP in the firing chamber's swiss notch.

If there is, wipe the chamber with a clean rag.

For more info, check out TACOM Ground Precautionary Message 19-002 at: https://tulsa.tacom.army.mil/Safety/message.cfm?id=GPA19-002.html



There's been a recent increase in the number of M88A2 recovery vehicle fires. A flip-book is now available to use along with the -10 and -23 TMs to help crews understand and avoid potential fire risks.

The flipbook covers:

- engine fuel and oil lines
- engine starter, generator and electrical connections
- engine compartment fuel transfer lines and hydraulic lines

Use the procedures in the flipbook along with the PMCS checks in the TMs to reduce fire danger. Download the flipbook from *PS Magazine's* new milSuite page at:

https://www.milsuite.mil/book/docs/DOC-576843

Or request a copy by emailing us at:

usarmy.redstone.asc.mbx.psmag@mail.mil

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DON'T IGNORE LUBE ORDER

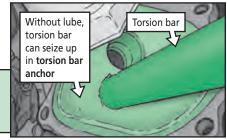


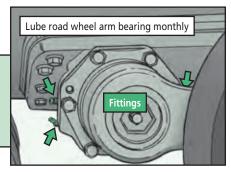
Mechanics, not following the LO can lead to a world of hurt. A good example is the road wheel arm bearings on your M88A1 recovery vehicle.

Lack of lube allows condensation to penetrate the torsion bar housing and coat the torsion bar anchor splines. Then the torsion bar seizes up.

A lot of M88A1s are showing up at RESET with this problem. When that happens, the torsion bar has to be cut out before a new one can be installed.

You'll help avoid wasted time and money by lubing those road wheel arm bearings monthly with GAA, **just like it says in the LO.** Each housing has three lube points, so make sure you lube 'em all.





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What Does the LO Say?

Dear Editor,

As a logistics assistance representative (LAR), I make a point to tell crews not to use GAA on their M1A2 SEP tanks. I've seen the damage caused when GAA is used on track adjusting links and the turret race ring. After a while, it looks like someone packed mud into them!

The only grease that crews should use on their tanks is **WTR**, NSN 9150-00-944-8953, just like the lube order says. The lube order doesn't call for the use of GAA at all.

John Forbes TACOM

Editor's note: Thanks! That's a great reminder for crews to always follow the lube order!

Use WTR instead

of GAA when

lubing

M1-Series Tanks...

Hydraulic System Burn Out a BUMMER!

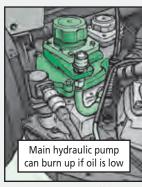


Crewmen, operating your M1-series tank with low oil or contaminated oil in the hydraulic system's reservoir can cause major problems!

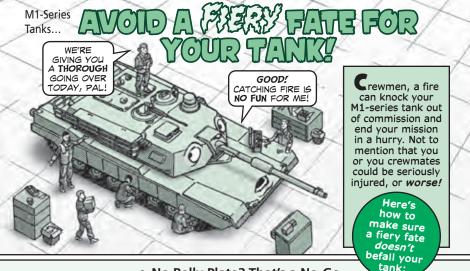
Checking the oil in the hydraulic system's reservoir is a Before Operations PMCS check. Skipping that check could lead to a burned-out hydraulic pump if the oil level gets too low. Try explaining to your commander why he has to spend nearly \$17,000 to replace a pump!

So remember, you *haven't* finished PMCS until you've checked the oil level in the hydraulic system. You'll find procedures on checking the reservoir in lubrication orders (LOs) 9-2350-388-13 and 9-2350-264-13.

Mechanics, when you install a new main hydraulic pump, be sure you fill the reservoir with oil before operating the pump.

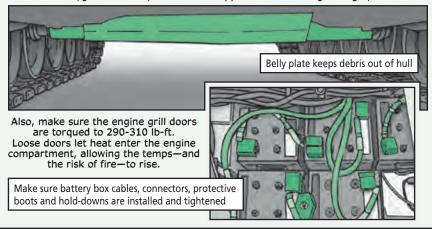


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No Belly Plate? That's a No-Go

Don't roll your tank down the road without the belly plates installed. Operating without the belly plates lets debris enter the hull, which can lead to a fire. It also allows oxygen to fan any flames and cripples the fire-extinguishing systems.



Don't Get Shocked by Bad PM

There have been a lot of generator fires caused by loose or improperly stacked electrical leads on the main generator. Keep this from happening to *your* tank by making sure your unit has complied with TACOM Ground Precautionary Message 15-011. Check it out at:

https://tulsa.tacom.army.mil/Safety/message.cfm?id=GPA15-011.html

Also, make sure all battery box cables, connectors, protective boots and hold-downs are installed and tightened, just like the -10 TM says.

Click here for a copy of this article to save or email.

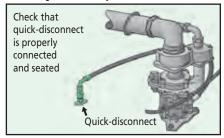
• Keep Pressure Off Hydro Pump

Over pressurization of the hydraulic pump can lead to fluid leaks and cause a fire in the engine compartment.

Make sure the case drain quick-disconnect is properly connected and seated so that the fluid flows.

You'll find the installation procedures in the TM and TACOM Safety of Use Message 02-009:

https://tulsa.tacom.army.mil/ safety/soum/tacom_wn/02/ soum02-009.html



• Clean Up NBC System

Dirt is your NBC system's worst enemy.

Prevent NBC fires by conducting *all* maintenance checks and services, along with a thorough cleaning of the system during semi-annual services.

It's critical to do the before operation PMCS in TM 9-2350-264-10-3 (Sep 11, w/Ch 4, Jan 18) for the M1A1 and in TM 9-2350-388-13&P (IETM EM 0334, Jan 18) for the M1A2 SEP2.

If the NBC system meets any of the "not fully mission capable" criteria, your tank is NMC!



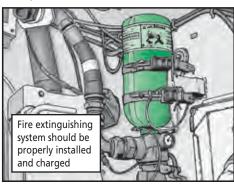
• Heed Those Warning Signs

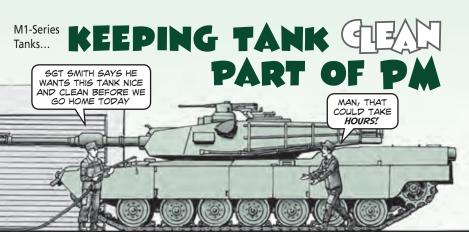
One of the **best** ways to ensure your tank doesn't go up in flames is to pay attention to your tank's control panel caution and warning lights and messages.

Whatever you do, don't ignore 'em!

Before you roll out, make sure all of your fire extinguishing systems are properly installed and charged. Believe it or not, there have been tank fires that weren't put out because the fire extinguisher bottles still had locking pins installed! Follow the TM when doing preventive maintenance.

And last but not least, practice your crew emergency procedures. Keep practicing them over and over until they become second nature. Not only will that save your tank, it could save your *life!*











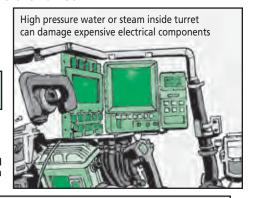


Inside the Turret

Don't use high-pressure water or steam inside the turret or driver's station. The line replaceable units (LRUs) can be easily damaged, and are expensive to replace.

Water and electrical components, connectors and circuit cards definitely don't mix.

Use soapy water and a nylon bristle brush to clean the inside of the turret. Rinse with clean water from a bucket, being careful not to get water into electrical connectors. And make sure the drain valves are open so water can drain out of the hull.



Wipe down electrical components with a damp cloth instead of using the brush.

Outside the Turret

You can use steam or water to clean the outside of your tank as long as you follow the precautions found in the Cleaning and Lubrication section of your -10-1 TM's PMCS.

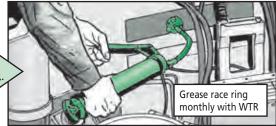
Close all open hatches, grilles and access doors before you begin cleaning.

Also, if your tank is equipped with one, activate the turret's **inflatable seal** to protect the race rings from damage caused by water, dirt and other contaminants being forced inside. Grease gets washed away, which opens the door to excessive wear and corrosion. That'll damage springs, ball bearings and the race ring itself.

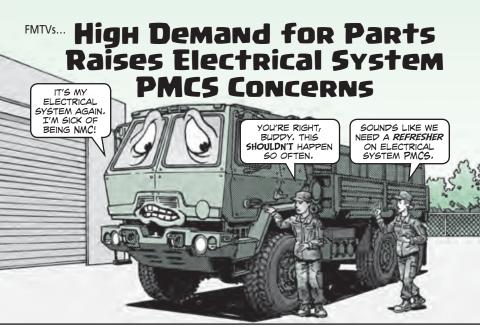
If your tank's turret *doesn't* have the inflatable seal, keep high-pressure water and steam away from the race ring area.

Be sure to grease the race ring monthly with WTR

That'll fight corrosion and keep the race ring turning smoothly.



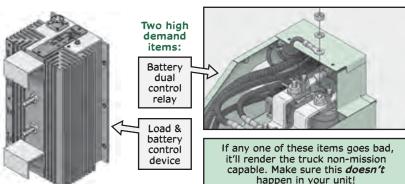




The last few months have seen an unusually high demand for FMTV A1 and A1P2 electrical system components.

Units are going through the following items faster than normal:

	ltem	NSN
ı	Load & battery control device	6130-01-502-2579
ı	Battery dual control relay	5945-01-501-8715
V	Starter	2920-01-487-3587
	Battery interconnection cable assembly	6150-01-421-8207
	Battery interconnection cable assembly	6150-01-421-8220



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IF YOUR UNIT
IS EXPERIENCING
ELECTRICAL
SYSTEM ISSUES,
ESPECIALLY
ANYTHING
INVOLVING THESE
FIVE ITEMS,
THEN IT'S TIME
TO REVIEW SOME
BASIC TIPS FOR
ELECTRICAL
SYSTEM
MAINTENANCE:



- Keep all wire connections tight and corrosion free.
- Remove mud and debris from electrical components.
- Follow all PMCS procedures for electrical components and wiring to help prevent premature parts failure.

QUESTIONS?

Email TACOM's FMTV team at: usarmy.detroit.tacom.mbx.ilsc-fmtv@mail.mil

Now Available: FMTV LTAS Tow Bar Decals

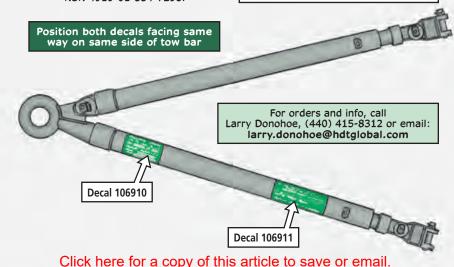
Most tow bars include identification decals that are helpful to mechanics and commanders for inventory and property management.

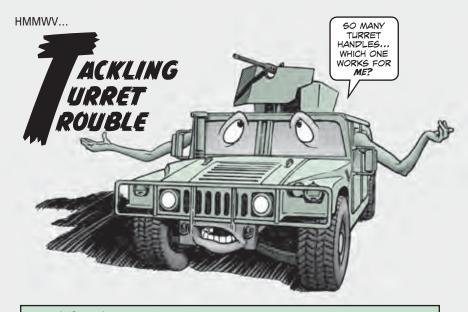
But TM 9-2320-334-10-1 *doesn't* include them for the **FMTV/LTAS tow bar,**NSN 4910-01-554-7296.

You'll have to request them from HDT Global System, Inc. Specify these two decals:

- Decal 106910,
- High Strength Tow Bar Identification

Decal 106911,
 Operator's Instructions





Dear Half-Mast,

I'm looking for an NSN to order the M1151A1 HMMWV's turret traversing mechanism handle. Item 14 in Fig 294 of TM 9-2320-387-13&P (IETM EM 0323, Mar 14) lists an NSN, but it's not the handle I need.

The picture shows a handle that has a female connector on the end instead of a male connector, which is on the handle that I'm trying to replace. And instead of a fixed pin, this handle has a removable push pin.

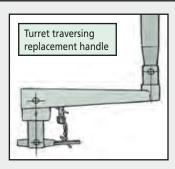
MSG K. H. J.

Dear Master Sergeant,

My friends at TACOM looked at your question and found a few different versions of traversing kits in the field, which probably explains why you couldn't find the right one.

The particular turret traversing handle that you describe with the different connector on the end should be replaced with NSN 5340-01-563-6839.

Need support with any other turret problems? Contact the TACOM HMMWV team at:



usarmy. detroit. tacom. mbx. ilsc-hmmwv-maintenance@mail.mil

Half-Mast

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CORROSION RESOURCES OFFER *HELP*

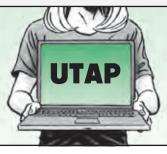


CORROSION IS A
COSTLY MENACE,
BUT THE TACOM
CORROSION
PREVENTION &
CONTROL SITE
OFFERS HELPFUL
RESOURCES TO
FIGHT THE THREAT
AND AVOID ITS
HIGH COSTS.





IF YOU PREFER VIDEOS, THEN CHECK OUT TACOM'S NEW CORROSION PREVENTION TRAINING ASSISTANCE SERIES.

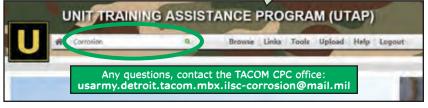


These videos offer how-to's on:

- corrosion identification & preservation
- surface prep
- pretreatment
- priming
- top-coating

Four short videos are available on the PS mobile app. Find the whole collection at: https://utap.army.mil/ home.aspx

Once in UTAP, type "Corrosion" in the search bar, hit enter, and click on the hyperlink. The TACOM CPC library will then appear.



Summer Swelter? A/C to the Rescue!



Summer temps demand a lot from vehicle air conditioning systems, especially up-armored FMTVs. To get the most out of your FMTV A/C, keep it charged to the right pressure levels.



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Although these charge weights represent a baseline, the *actual* psi will vary, depending on ambient temperatures.



	Temperature (°F)	HFC-134a PSI
	70	70.9
	75	78.4
П	80	88.4
Л	85	94.9
4	90	103.9
	95	113.5
	100	123.6
	105	134.3
	110	145.3
	115	157.6
	120	170.3
	125	183.6
	130	197.6
	135	212.4
	140	227.9
	145	244.3
	150	261.4
	155	279.5
	160	298.4
	165	318.3

Temperature (°F)	HFC-134a PSI
-60	21.8
-55	20.4
-50	18.7
-45	16.9
-40	14.8
-35	12.5
-30	9.8
-25	6.9
-20	3.7
-15	0.0
-10	1.9
-5	4.1
0	6.5

Temperature (°F)	HFC-134a PSI
5	9.0
10	12.0
15	15.0
20	18.4
25	22.1
30	26.1
35	30.4
40	35.0
45	40.0
50	45.3
55	51.1
60	57.3
65	63.9

HMMWV A/C Charge Weights

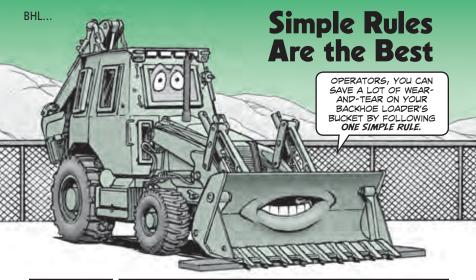


CHARGE WEIGHTS FOR HMMWV AIR CONDITIONING SYSTEMS ARE FOUND IN TM 9-2320-280-13&P (IETM EM 0338 JAN 14) AND TM 9-2320-387-13&P (IETM EM 0323 MAR 14).



HERE'S A
CHART TO
KEEP HANDY
ON HOT
SUMMER
DAYS!

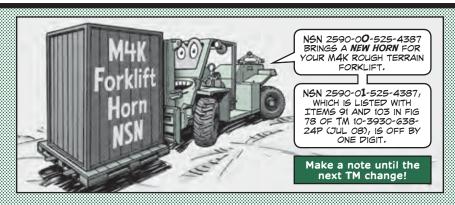
Vehicle	Charge Weight
M997, M997A1, M997A2	2 lbs, 10 oz
Up-armored 4-seat HMMWV	3 lbs, 8 oz
Up-armored 2-seat HMMWV	1 lb, 7 oz
M997A3	9 lbs
HMMWVs with front-mounted A/C	2 lbs



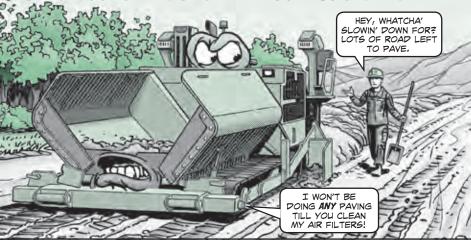
When you park your loader, lower the bucket onto a board or other piece of wood sitting directly on the ground.



When it's not in use, lock the backhoe boom in the **transport** position. That allows the boom lock to take the weight instead of the hydraulics.

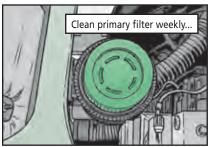


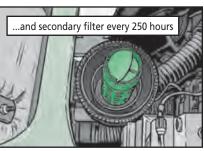
Breathe Easier with Clean Air



operators, make it a point to keep the air filters clean on your 8816M bituminous material paving machine (BMPM). That way the vehicle will run smoothly at the worksite.

You'll need to open the BMPM's air filter canister and pull out the primary filter at least once a week and the secondary filter every 250 hours of operation for cleaning. Put on safety glasses and use an air hose to blow low-pressure air (30 psi or less) from the inside out to get rid of accumulated dirt that can choke the vehicle.



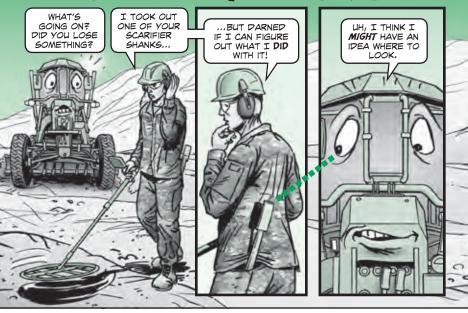


Never bang the filters on a rock or hard surface. That only damages 'em, allowing dirt to get through to the engine.

Both the **primary air filter,** NSN 4330-01-602-2325, and the **secondary air filter,** NSN 2940-12-382-3131, should be replaced after 500 hours of operation. In either case, the filters may need to be replaced more often if environmental conditions or troubleshooting dictate.

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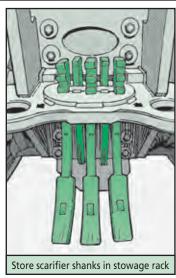
120M Road Grader... LOSE A SHANK LATELY?



Operators, the scarifier assembly on your 120M road grader uses as many as 11 shanks to break up hard material for grading. The number of shanks used depends on the hardness and consistency of the material being broken up.

You can remove the center five shanks so the scarifier assembly can be raised for more ground clearance. **Just remember** to put any removed shanks in the grader's scarifier shank stowage rack. Put them anywhere else, like in the cab or off to the side at the work site, and they'll likely get lost or damaged.

The stowage rack is located at the front of the grader and holds up to five shanks. Arrange them so that every other one faces backwards to allow enough room. Then secure the shanks with the stowage rack strap.



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Construction Equipment...

KICKIN' THE TIRES

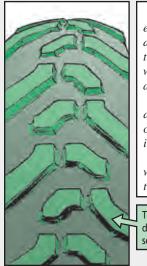


The backhoe loader's (BHL) TM 5-2420-231-10 (Feb 09) deadlines the vehicle if the tires have "excessive wear." Problem is, the TM doesn't define excessive wear. And there are no wear bars or stripes on the tire to help.

At some point, though, tread wear becomes a safety issue. And that means you need specific guidance on wear limits for those tires.

We asked the combat engineering experts at TACOM so they could weigh in on how to determine *when* tires should be replaced on the BHL, 120M grader, 621G scraper and M924H wheel loader (excluding the HMEE-1).

Here's what they said...



"It's true the guidance in construction equipment (CE) TMs is a little vague. But that's largely due to the number of manufacturers who provide those tires. Multiple tire types, tread designs and patterns, as well as different tolerances and specifications all have an effect on wear limits.

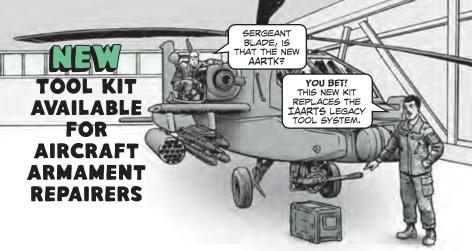
"Operational use has a big effect, too. For example, a tire that's perfectly serviceable in the dirt of a normal construction site might be completely unsuitable for use in a rock quarry.

Manufacturers sometimes have conflicting data as well, so you must consider what is adequate for your terrain and work needs."

Tire serviceability depends on several factors

As a consequence, be sure to use the guidance found in TM 9-2610-20-14, Care, Maintenance, Repair and Inspection of Pneumatic Tires and Inner Tubes (Sep 05).

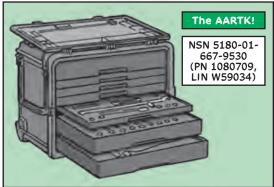
PS 801 19 AUG 19



Aircraft armament mechanics, having the right tool is *essential* for good PM.

MWO 1-1500-50-5 makes that possible by modernizing the three-box legacy Individual Aircraft Armament Repairmen Tool Set (IAARTS) and converting it into a...

...new, one-box Aircraft Armament Repairer Tool Kit (AARTK)!



The AARTK is part of the Common Aviation Tool System and replaces IAARTS NSNs 5180-01-578-3697, 5180-01-433-4469 and 5180-01-516-0223.

The AARTK is for Soldiers in MOS 15Y, AH-64 Armament, Electrical and Avionic Systems Repairers. This enhanced modernized tool system is designed to maintain attack helicopter armament subsystems.

The tool kit itself measures 24x18x15 inches.

It weighs in at a hefty 98 pounds and is a three-person lift.

It comes with a telescoping handle and includes foam cutouts for the tools.

The AARTK affects

- TM 1-1520-LONGBOW/APACHE in IETM EM 0126 (Jan 18)
- TM 1-1500-204-23-4 (Jul 92)
- TM 1-1500-323-24-1 (Apr 14)TM 9-1425-475-23&P (Jan 98).

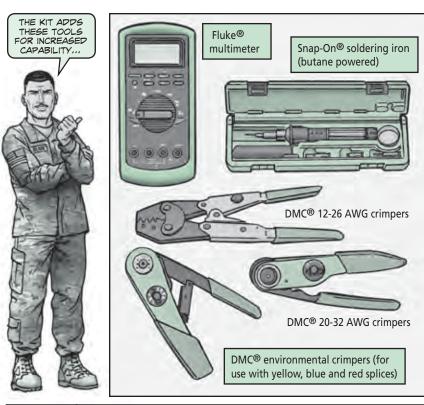
tool kit is a three-person lift.

Don't

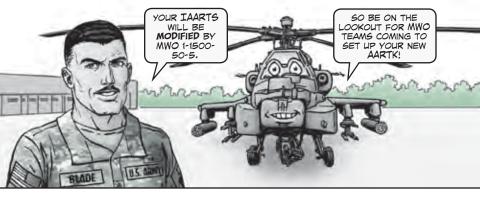
forget: the



PS 801 20 AUG 19





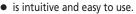




Grews, when it comes to rescue hoist operations, having the right equipment is vital.

Now you have another option. The Air Rescue Vest-Quick Connect (ARV-QC-M) is now approved for use by the Aviation Engineering Directorate and authorized by AWR 980R21.

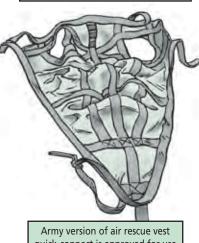




- can be applied in seconds to standing, seated, or prone patients.
- has a deep seat that improves flight profile while increasing patient comfort.
- has reinforced grab handles that aid in patient handling.
- accommodates patients up to 400 pounds. A minimum weight of 35 pounds is necessary to keep it manageable in the rotor wash.
- has a built in 10:1 safety margin. The ARV-QC has been pull-tested to 4,000 pounds and did not rip, tear, or separate.
- has a full-body capture that provides 100 percent patient security.

AUG 19

- is suited for all rescue scenarios, including high angle and rapid rescues.
- has an empty harness and bag weight of just under eight pounds.



PS 801

guick-connect is approved for use

H-60 Series... TURN IN PARTS NOW FOR REPAIR



Wechanics, maintenance and overhaul programs rely on you to turn in parts. In order for the supply system to meet the demands for H-60 series helicopter components, unserviceable Black Hawk parts *must* be turned in for repair **ASAP**.

Without those unserviceable items, on-hand inventory bottoms out, resulting in critical shortages. That means you wait longer for parts and readiness takes a dive.

IF YOU HAVE ANY OF THE FOLLOWING UNSERVICEABLE COMPONENTS LYING AROUND THE HANGAR, GET 'EM TURNED IN FOR REPAIR!



Have questions

for the item

manager

	1		
Item	Component	NSN	PN
1	Rotary wing blade	1615-01-113-8188	70101-31000-043
2	Interface control	5895-01-620-0416	899-3100-017
3	Electrical control panel	1680-01-573-5859	70450-01825-105
4	Head rotary spindle	1615-01-442-6926	70102-08200-069
5	Helicopter rotor hub	1615-01-083-6812	1200931-3-003
6	L model main rotor blade	1615-01-106-1903	70150-09100-043
7	Display unit	7025-01-558-4785	822-1848-002
8	Display unit	7025-01-617-2005	822-3029-001
9	Main shaft extension	1615-01-074-5151	70351-08186-043
10	M model main rotor blade	1615-01-546-1148	70150-09200-041
11	Data acquisition unit	6610-01-552-2726	1200931-3-003
12	Vibration control	6635-01-559-2514	70600-01816-102
13	Control swashplate	1615-01-558-9830	70104-08000-060

For *Items 1-3*, contact Kelly McDaniel at (256) 313-1383, or email: kelly.m.mcdaniel2.civ@mail.mil

For *Items 4-6*, contact Ari Flowers at (256) 313-4288, or email: ari.i.flowers.civ@mail.mil

For *Items 7-9*, contact Allen Forche at (256) 876-5481, or email: allen.a.forche.civ@mail.mil

For *Item 10*, contact Keisha Martindale at (256) 955-2453, or email: keisha.s.martindale.civ@mail.mil

For *Items 11-13*, contact Lionel Husband at (256) 842-7266, or email: lionel.husband.civ@mail.mil

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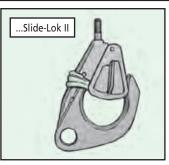
Slide-Lok Hooks Need Mod

Mechanics, since the dynamic rollout incident that happened in 2016, PD MEDEVAC worked hard to provide units with a safer lifting hook option for the aircraft hoist.

A number of safety of flight messages (SOFs) and PS Magazine articles addressed the hoist attachment point. Per Section 8.2 of SOF H-60-17-SOF-03, the main body hook still remains the primary attachment point for attaching loads (eyelet and main body) and shall not exceed the hoist rated load limit of 600 pounds. Changes also included supplemental devices and autolocking hooks less susceptible to rollout.

Now there's another way to provide safer lifting hooks. A new modification program converts the Slide-Lok to a Slide-Lok II configuration at **no cost** to units. The mod adds more travel to the locking mechanism, making it easier to visually confirm the lock is secure. That makes the hook less susceptible to dynamic rollout.





Though units aren't required to make the change, it's encouraged. To get Slide-Lok hooks modified, send them to Capewell Aerial Systems LLC.

Check with the following POCs for shipping instructions.

The primary contact is **Amy Jackson**, (276) 952-3114. The secondary POC is **Tracy White**, (276) 952-3113.

Or email them at: amy.jackson@capewell.com tracy.white@capewell.com

PS 801 24 AUG 19

H-60 Series... TURN IN UNSERVICEABLE UTILITY HELICOPTER PARTS





hechanics, it bears repeating that maintenance and overhaul programs need your help! The supply system can only meet the demand for parts when it has parts to repair. And you can't get what you need if you have unserviceable UH-60 and UH-60M components or parts lying around the hangar.

Turn in all unserviceable items for repair, ASAP.

For more information on how to get credit for your equipment in GCSS-Army, check out the article on Pages 56-57 of PS 771 (Feb 17): https://www.logsa.army.mil/web2/archive/PS2017/

Got questions? Contact Rakeshia Ransaw at DSN 897-1191, (256) 313-1191 or email:

771/771-56-57.pdf

rakeshia.d.ransaw.civ@ mail.mil

Item	NSN
UH-60M tail rotor gearbox	1615-01-545-0883
UH-60 alternating generator	6115-01-114-9696
UH-60 gearbox (input module)	1615-01-527-8175
UH-60L tail rotor gearbox	1615-01-376-5089
UH-60 control indicator	5895-01-390-0280 5895-01-324-2233
UH-60L main transmission	1615-01-538-9786
UH-60 drive shaft	1615-01-158-9517 1615-01-158-9522
UH-60M drive shaft	1615-01-491-1924
UH-60M main transmission	1615-01-542-7514
UH-60 accessory gearbox	1615-01-383-8992
UH-60 radiator gearbox	1615-01-158-9514
UH-60 landing light	6220-01-105-6582
UH-60 generator control	6110-01-504-6723 6110-01-335-9743
UH-60 searchlight	6230-01-483-0580
UH-60M vaneaxial fan	4141-01-329-3428

PS 801 25 AUG 19

AN/APR-39A...

RADAR RECEIVER GETS NEW PROCESSOR

HEADS UP! ALL THREE OF US... APACHE, BLACK HAWK...



...AND
CHINOOKS ARE
GETTING A
NEW RADAR
PROCESSOR.



OLD PROCESSORS NEED TO BE TURNED IN TO DLA!

Mechanics, the AN/APR-39A(v)4 radar warning system uses the CP-1597B processor, NSN 5985-01-445-6940, as its primary component.

HEADS UP! THAT PROCESSOR IS BEING REPLACED WITH A NEW CP-1597C PROCESSOR, NSN 5841-01-543-6979.



Until last year, only a limited number of aviation units were allowed to use the new processor.

Now all aviation units are authorized CP-1597C

processors for the:

- UH-60A/L
- CH-47D/FAH-64D/F
- AH-64D/I

• H-60M

If you have any CP-1597B processors on order, they'll be cancelled. So put in your order for the CP-1597C processor now.

The CP-1597C has the same form, fit and function as the old processor, but uses only three circuit cards versus the seven used by the old processor. That reduced size and weight allows for future growth.



CP-1597C replaces old processor

If you still have CP-1597B processors, turn them in now. Ship the processors to:

DODAAC: SV3114

RIC: SCY

DLA Distribution Tobyhanna Spec Handling Facility Squire & 2d Street Building 2 Bay 6

Tobyhanna, PA 18466-5059 SPEC HANDLING FAC

PH (570) 615-7354

QUESTIONS?

Contact MaryAnne Champlin at (443) 861-2881 or email: maryanne.f.champlin.civ@mail.mil

PS 801 26 AUG 19 Click here for a copy of this article to save or email. M2/M3-Series Bradleys...

PM KEEPS YOU'N THE FIGHT!









PS 801 27 AUG 19

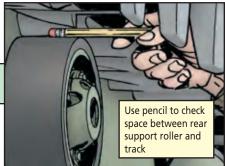
Click here for a copy of this article to save or email.



Let the vehicle roll forward to a complete stop on firm, level ground. **Don't use the brakes!** Stop the engine and try turning the rear support roller with one hand.

The roller should turn freely, but with only enough room between the track and roller for a pencil to pass through.

If there's more room than that, the track is too tight. If the roller won't turn at all, the track is too loose. Either way, it's time to make some adjustments.



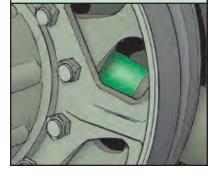
Tightening Track

- 1. Place a standard #2 pencil between the track and the rear support roller.
- **2.** Wipe the lube fitting with a clean cloth and pump grease into the track adjuster.



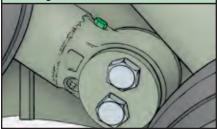
3. Watch the pencil. The tension is right when there's just enough room between the track and the rear support roller for the pencil to fit.

4. Keep an eye on the track adjuster piston, too. The maximum extension for the piston is 3 ½ inches. If you've reached that limit and the track is still too loose, remove a track shoe and start over.



Loosening Track

 With a ⁵/₈-in open-end wrench, loosen the track adjuster bleed valve just enough to allow grease to flow.



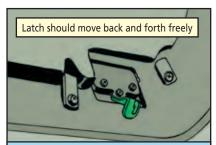
- Attempt to place the pencil between the track and the rear support roller. When there's just enough room between the track and the rear support roller for the pencil to fit, the tension is right.
- **3.** Re-tighten the bleed valve and wipe away excess grease.

The job's *not* finished until you've driven your Bradley at least 100 feet, coasted to a stop and checked the track tension one more time.

Latch Down Hatch Problems

LEFT UNCHECKED, THE ELEMENTS CAN WREAK HAVOC ON EQUIPMENT—INCLUDING THE COMMANDER'S HATCH ON YOUR BRADLEY.





Rain and condensation pool around the hatch cover latch when the hatch is left open. The water seeps inside the latch and rusts the slide pin and spring. Then the latch won't move, so you can't open the hatch to the pop-up position.

Keep the latch moving with a shot of aerosol dry-film lubricant, NSN 9150-01-260-2534, about every 120 days.

Work in the lubricant by moving the latch back and forth a few times.

If the latch is hard to move or won't budge at all, let your mechanic know. He'll remove the latch cover and clean the area. Then he'll lube around the slide and spring with dry-film lubricant.

The hinges and hatch release pin also get exposed to the elements. Without occasional lube, the hatch will creak and groan when you try to open it... if it moves at all.



A few drops of OE/ HDO on the hinges and release pin quarterly should do the trick.

Be sure to exercise the hatch a few times to work in the oil.

Master Power



THERE ARE
FEW WORSE
WAYS TO START
YOUR DAY THAN
FINDING OUT
YOUR BRADLEY'S
BATTERIES ARE
DEAD.

BUT THAT'S
EXACTLY WHAT
CAN HAPPEN
IF YOU FORGET
TO TURN OFF
THE MASTER
POWER SWITCH
AFTER YOU'VE
SHUT DOWN THE
ENGINE.



Follow the engine shutdown procedures in the -10 TMs.

But remember: you can *damage* the electrical system if you turn off the MASTER POWER switch while the engine is still running.

Ramp PM





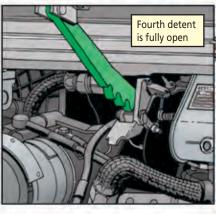
Follow these three steps to ensure the reservoir has the correct amount of fluid...







OPEN THE ACCESS DOOR ALL THE WAY BEFORE CHECKING THE FLUID LEVEL. WHEN THE POOR IS ONLY PARTIALLY OPEN, YOU'LL GET A HIGH READING BECAUSE THE HYDRAULIC CYLINDERS AREN'T FULLY EXTENDED



LATER, WHEN
YOU DRAIN EXTRA
FRH FROM THE
RESERVOIR TO BRING
DOWN THE LEVEL,
THE SYSTEM IS
UNDER-FILLED.

THAT LETS AIR INTO THE SYSTEM AND MAY KEEP THE DOOR FROM OPENING.

Open the access door to the **fourth detent** on the support link. That's fully open.





EYEBALL THE FLUID LEVEL IN THE RESERVOIR.

THE LEVEL IN THE SIGHT GLASS SHOULD REACH THE FULL MARK LINE INSCRIBED ON THE RESERVOIR.



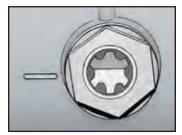
If it doesn't, add FRH until it reaches the line. If the level passes the mark, drain some of the fluid. Use an AOAP vampire pump, NSN 4930-01-119-4030, to remove the excess fluid.



And make sure you're wearing personal protective equipment to keep the FRH off your skin.

An Extra Step

While you're checking the sight glass, pay special attention to the color of the fluid. Fluid that is milky is probably contaminated with water.





Give Idler Wheels a Check

CHECKING THE OIL LEVEL IN YOUR BRADLEY'S ROADWHEEL, IDLER WHEEL AND SUPPORT ROLLER HUBS IS A **DAILY** TASK. IF **ONE** OF THOSE HUBS GOES DRY, THE BEARINGS **BURN UP** AND THE WHEEL **SEIZES**. THAT COULD THROW THE TRACK.



It's an easy check. All you have to do is look for a completely full sight glass on each of the wheels.



'Course, you'll probably have to clean off the sight glass in order to check it. Just make sure you do it right or you might as well leave the dirt on. That's because the wrong cleaning method scratches and clouds the sight glass surface.

WHEN THAT
HAPPENS, YOU
CAN'T SEE THE
OIL LEVEL EVEN
IF THE GLASS
IS CLEAN.



NEVER USE WIRE BRUSHES, SCREWDRIVERS OR KNIFE BLADES TO SCRAPE AWAY PIRT OR IT'S BYE-BYE SIGHT GLASS!



Instead, spray a little water on the glass to soften and loosen caked-on dirt. Then gently wipe it away with a clean cloth.



If the oil level is low, move the Bradley until one of the filler plugs is positioned at the top of the hub.

Remove the filler plug and add OE/HDO 15W-40 until it reaches the bottom of the filler hole.

Radiator Cap PM

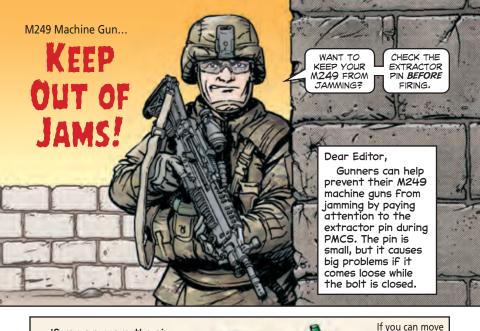
The last thing you need on a mission is for your Bradley to lose its cool and overheat. But that can happen if your vehicle has a bad radiator cap.



Opening and closing the cap wears out the rubber gasket inside. When the gasket wears enough, the cooling system can't pressurize properly, coolant escapes, and the vehicle overheats.

Check the gasket for cuts, tears or unusual wear during weekly PMCS. Report a bad radiator cap to your mechanic. He'll order a new one with NSN 5342-01-398-2835.





If you can move the pin with your hand, it needs to be replaced. Don't shoot your M249 until the new pin is installed. Tell your repairman. He can replace the pin with the **extractor kit**, NSN 1005-01-383-0168.

Remember, your foot is not a tool. If your M249 ever jams with the bolt forward, don't try to fix it by kicking the charging handle. That usually guarantees major damage to your M249, the kind of damage that can't be repaired. Get help from your repairman.

Karl Hayhurst Ft Hood, TX



pin with your

hand, get it

replaced

now

Editor's note: Excellent tips, Karl. The extractor pin check will be added to the next update to TM 9-1005-201-23&P.



Dear Editor.

PS has repeatedly emphasized the importance of running a cleaning or clearing rod through a weapon's barrel before firing to make sure there are no obstructions.

But it's also important that the chamber, bore and ammo are free of lubricant. Lube increases the explosive power of a round, enough so that the weapon can blow up.

After cleaning the bore and chamber with CLP, Soldiers should use dry cleaning patches to remove any lube. Before firing, it's a good idea to use dry cleaning patches to ensure the bore and chamber are dry.

Never put lubricant on ammo, either. That's really asking for trouble.

Scott Taylor Ft Benning, GA

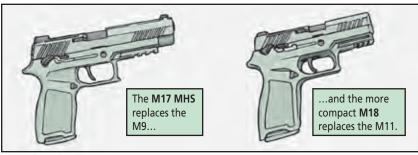
Editor's note: Another good tip from you, Scott. Thanks again. Here are a few problems lubing ammo causes:

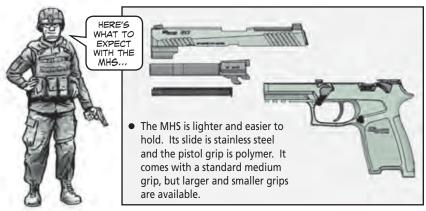
- Misfires. Lube can get into the primer and cause the primer mix to go inert.
- Jams. Lube attracts dirt and sand. As dirty ammo cycles through the weapon, dirt gets into the weapon's moving parts and causes jams. The dirt also wears down the weapon's parts.
- Excess stress on the weapon. Oily cartridge cases increase force on the weapon's bolt. This stresses the bolt's locking lugs and can eventually increase headspace, which isn't good. If the locking lugs fail, the weapon can blow up.

AUG 19 PS 801 35

SAY HELLO TO NEW PISTOLS







PS 801 36 AUG 19 Click here for a copy of this article to save or email.



The MHS uses a striker-fired operation instead of the M9's double action. That puts an
end to the M9's heavy first-stop trigger pull. Every trigger pull is the same with the MHS.





8. Frangible (Air Force training only)

- The MHS has a 3-dot tritium sight. The front and rear sight can be replaced at field level maintenance.
- A Picatinny pistol rail is standard with the MHS, which lets you mount accessories like lasers and flashlights.
- No decocking is required.
 Once you're finished shooting, simply engage the safety.
- The MHS shoots 9mm ammo, including M882 ball, M1152 full metal jacket ball and M1153 special purpose.



FLAT DOESN'T ALWAYS MEAN A FLAT REJECTION

Too many M9 pistols are being declared NMC because their recoil springs have flat spots.

TM 9-1005-317-23&P says an M9 pistol is NMC if its recoil spring has bends, breaks, burrs, flat spots or the spring's free length is not at least five inches.

kP IMC as

is s, g's

Flat spots on spring's ends are OK

So when an armorer spots a recoil spring with a **flat spot**, he sends it to field maintenance for a new spring.

But only in the TM's specific standards in WP 0018 00-2 does it explain that it's OK for the spring to have flat spots if they're at the ends of the spring.

Some recoil springs come from the manufacturer with flat spots at their ends and those springs are fine as long as they pass the other standards.

Questions? Contact **Randolph Sanda** at (586) 282-1274 or email: randolph.j.sanda.civ@mail.mil



Dear Editor,

There's a better reason than neatness why units should pick up all brass after firing at the range.

Para 12-13g in DA Pam 700-16, The Army Ammunition Management System, says after turn-in of the ammunition and residue, the ammo supply point (ASP) reconciles the live rounds turned in with the residue—the brass, in other words.

The ASP weighs the brass to determine how many rounds it represents. It then adds that number to the live rounds turned in. For example, a unit issued 40,000 5.56mm rounds that turns in 20,000 live rounds should also be turning in 270 pounds of brass.

If there's a serious discrepancy, somebody has some explaining to do. An AR 15-6 investigation is required for shortages.

So never mind neatness in this case. Clean up brass to keep yourself out of hot water.

CW3 Michael Lima Kadena Air Base, Okinawa

Editor's note:

Every Soldier is responsible for ammo accountability, which includes brass. Picking up brass keeps you out of trouble with the brass. Good tip, Chief Lima!

Click here for a copy of these articles to save or email.

Prevent (racks!

CHECK M240 BUFFER STOP



Dear Editor,

We're seeing cracks in the M240 machine gun's channels that the buffer assembly and buttstock slide in. If there are any cracks, the M240 has to be replaced.

One of the main causes for the cracking is the buffer failing and letting the operating rod strike the back plate with full force.

Operators can help prevent cracking by remembering to do the PMCS check in WP 0005-3 in TM 9-1005-313-23&P: If more than 1/8 inch of the finish is missing from the buffer housing stop, the M240 is NMC. The hydraulic buffer assembly needs to be replaced.

James Garner JBLM, WA

Editor's note: Thanks for the heads up, James!



M2/M2A1 Machine Gun...

Policy Change to Mandatory Replacement Parts?

Dear Half-Mast,

Page 41 of PS 767 (Oct 16) said all mandatory replacement parts for both the M2 and M2A1 machine gun have been eliminated. But I recently attended a course for M2/M2A1 maintainers where the instructors said sear springs and the timing flat spring should be replaced annually. Has there been a policy change?

Mr. M.K.

NO, SIR, HASN'T BEEN A POLICY CHANGE.

THERE ARE NO M2 OR M2A1 MANDATORY REPLACEMENT PARTS.

THE ONLY PARTS 91F SMALL ARMS REPAIRMEN SHOULD REPLACE ARE THOSE THAT CAN NO ONGER DO THEIR JOBS



U.S. ARMY

M2/M2A1 Machine Gun...

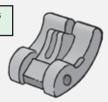
GOT QUESTIONS?

WE'VE GOT ANSWERS!



We have several questions about the M2/M2A1 machine gun we're hoping you can answer:

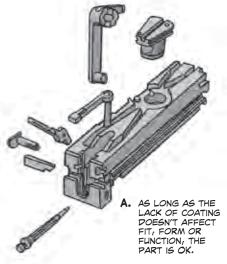
Q. What are the wear limits on the accelerator?



A. THERE ARE NO SPECIFIC WEAR LIMITS FOR THE ACCELERATOR.

AS LONG AS IT DOESN'T AFFECT THE M2'S FIT, FORM OR FUNCTION, THE ACCELERATOR IS GOOD TO GO.

Q. Does a lack of phosphate coating on any internal part require immediate replacement?



Q. Is it OK to use a screwdriver to move the bottom plate?

LEMME
ANSWER
THIS ONE,
HALF-MAST:
NO, YOU
CAN'T USE A
SCREWDRIVER
TO MOVE
MY BOTTOM
PLATE.



A. FOR THE CORRECT PROCEDURE, SEE WP 0026-8 IN TM 9-1005-213-23&P (MAR 13). CHECK THE CLEARANCE BETWEEN THE BREECH LOCK CAM AND THE BOTTOM PLATE WITH A FEELER GAGE.

THE MAXIMUM CLEARANCE IS 0.008 INCH, YOU SHOULD BE ABLE TO MOVE THE CAM WITH YOUR FINGER.

Click here for a copy of this article to save or email.

- Q. Can the extractor switch be slightly bent as long as it doesn't interfere with weapon function?
- A. THE TM STATES THAT THE EXTRACTOR SWITCH SHOULD BE REPLACED IF IT'S BURRED, CRACKED OR BROKEN.

 IF ONLY SLIGHTLY BENT, THE

SWITCH SHOULD BE OK.



Q. What is the maximum number of fiber buffer disks allowed in the back plate?

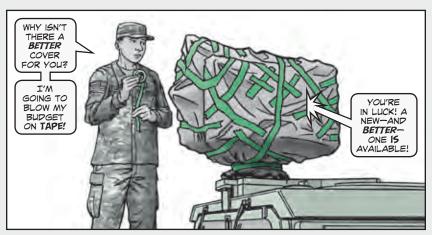
A. THERE IS NO MAXIMUM NUMBER OF FIBER BUFFER PISKS IN THE BACKPLATE...

...BUT THE MACHINE
THREAD PLUG MUST
NOT PROTRUDE MORE THAN ONE
THREAD ABOVE OR BELOW FLUSH.

THREAD ABOVE OR BELOW FLUSH.
GENERALLY, IF THERE ARE 25 OR
MORE DISKS, THEY SHOULD BE
REPLACED. DISKS SHOULD ALSO
BE REPLACED IF THEY'RE WET,
SWOLLEN OR DEFORMED.

M153 CROWS II...

Cover Provides **Better** Protection!



The original CROWS cover was made of thin material and didn't provide much protection. Fortunately, there is a new cover that's much more durable.

Order the **tan version** with NSN 5340-25-162-1081 and the **green one** with NSN 5340-25-162-0697. They are listed in CROWS TM 9-1090-219-10-HR (Jun 18). They each cost more than \$1,200.

This supersedes the information featured on Page 41 of PS 781 (Dec 17).

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Click here for a copy of this article to save or email.

DIRTY BARREL? RIP OUT CARBON!

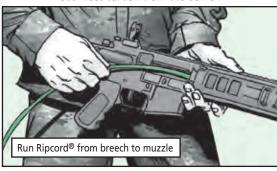


CLEANING YOUR WEAPON JUST GOT **EASIER** THANKS TO THE ARMY'S NEWEST CLEANING TOOL, THE RIPCORD®.

THE RIPCORD®



To do a basic cleaning with the Ripcord®, insert the longer, narrower end in the chamber and pull it through from the breech to the muzzle. This will trap and pull out most carbon from the barrel.



For more aggressive cleaning, screw a bore brush into the end of the Ripcord®. For best results, first run a cleaning patch soaked with CLP through the barrel to loosen the crud. The swab holder can also be screwed into the Ripcord®. For tough jobs, screw in bore brush

Using the Ripcord® dry will leave the barrel dry, so you'll need to lube your weapon before storing it.

Applying CLP to the final inch of the trailing end of the cable leaves a uniform film of CLP in the barrel.

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The **best** time to clean your weapon with any cleaning tool is while it's still warm from firing. That's when firing residue is still soft and loose.

After the barrel cools, all that residue hardens. The harder it gets, the harder it is to clean out.



Eventually, the Ripcord® itself will need cleaning. Most large particles can be brushed off with one of your weapon's metal brushes.

But to *really* clean it, use a grease cutting dish detergent like Dawn[®].

APPLY THE
PETERGENT PIRECTLY
TO THE RIPCORD® AND
HAND WASH IT WITH
WARM WATER AND A
BRUSH, RINSE IT OFF,

SHAKE OFF EXCESS WATER AND LET IT DRY THOROUGHLY,



Or you can put the detergent/warm water mixture and the Ripcord® in a sealed jar and shake it clean.
Rinse and dry.



Use cold water only if warm water's not available. Cold water doesn't clean as well.

Don't clean the Ripcord® in a dishwasher or washing machine. The firing residue could end up on clothes and dishes.

Ripcord® now comes with the M16 rifle/M4 carbine cleaning kits, NSN 1005-01-624-1673 (with multi-tool) and NSN 1005-01-653-9588 (without multi-tool). It's also part of the team gun cleaning kit, NSN 1005-01-653-9567. The cord itself can be ordered with NSN 1005-01-629-3981.

REGARDLESS OF WHETHER YOUR CLEANING KIT COMES WITH A RIPCORD® OR BORE SNAKE...

...YOU ALSO NEED TO HAVE A CLEANING ROD.



TMDE... CHECK FLUKE® MULTIMETERS... NOONS



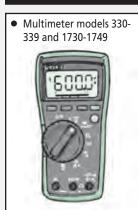


For a complete list of Fluke® equipment that may be defective,

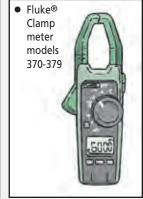
https://www.fluke.com/en-us/ support/safety-notices

The site's search engine lets you type in a model number to see if it's been flagged for recall. The site also has instructions for registering your equipment for recall.

This recall affects the following Fluke® equipment:

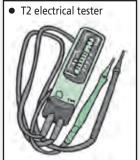


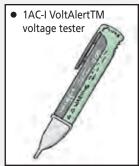




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IF YOU FIND A **DEFECTIVE** FLUKE® ITEM, NOTIFY YOUR SAFETY OFFICER OR SUPERVISOR. THEN REGISTER THE ITEM ONLINE FOR RECALL.

Share this information with other units to ensure all defective multimeters are found.

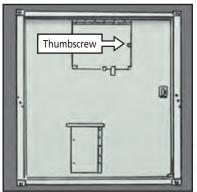
FOR MORE
INFORMATION,
CONTACT FLUKE® AT
(888) 993-5853.



SATS Door Thumb Screw?

Dear Half-Mast,

TM 9-4910-783-13&P for the standard automatic tool set (SATS) lists the NSN for the **A/C door panel thumbscrew** (Item 9 in Fig 5-3) as NSN 5305-01-533-9583 (PN KTC-50012). But that NSN is no good. Is there a replacement?

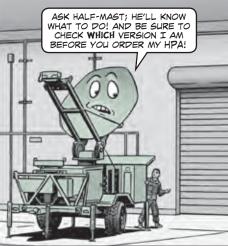




Click here for a copy of this article to save or email.

Finding STT Cables





Dear Half-Mast,

I've never dealt with satellite transportable terminals (STTs) before, but I'm learning fast. TM 11-5895-1868-13¢P (Jan 18) is a good resource, of course, but I've found many parts for the STT LOT 10, AN/TSC-185B, aren't in the Army supply system.

The biggest issue for our unit is the cables routed through the feed boom to the high-powered antenna (HPA). We find the cables leading to the HPA are always worn. Is there any way to repair or order these cables?

SFC L.J.



SINCE THE CURRENT STTS ARE BEING REPLACED BY A NEW (V)3 VERSION, THE AN/TSC-185C, OVER THE NEXT TWO YEARS... ...NSNS WON'T BE ASSIGNED TO THE OLDER HPA CABLES.

In the meantime, some Regional Support Commands (RSCs), like the one in Ft Hood, TX, are able to make the cables you need.

Other units can contact their nearest RSC or the General Dynamics help desk at:

http://www.qdsatcom.com/customercare.php

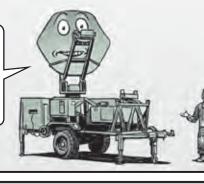
The STT experts emphasize that HPAs must be ordered based on whether you have a (V)1 or (V)2 version of the AN/TSC-185B.

QUESTIONS?

Contact CECOM's Gregory Gibbs at (443) 395-6753, or email: gregory.c.gibbs.civ@mail.mil

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P.G. THE TM FOR THE (V)3 VERSION OF THE AN/TSC-185C STT IS BEING VERIFIED AND SHOULD BE AVAILABLE AVAILABLE AVAILABLE STER THE (V)3



WATCH FOR THIS NEW HIGH BEAM ITEM AND ITS TM TO HIT THE SKIES AND STREET.



THERE ARE
A LOT OF
WAYS TO STAY
CONNECTED
TO US! AND
THEY'RE ALL
EASY TO DO!
CHECK 'EM

OUT!

DOWNLOAD THE *PS* MOBILE APP AT THE APPLE AND GOOGLE PLAY STORES. DO A SEARCH FOR *PS MAGAZINE*.









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PS Magazine on milSuite:

https://www.milsuite.mil/book/ groups/ps-magazine

Email:

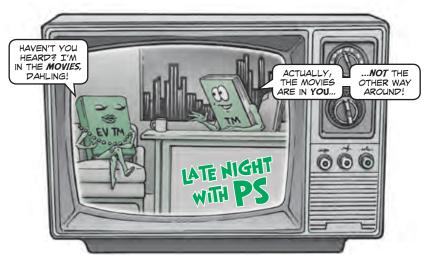
usarmy.redstone.asc.mbx.psmag@ mail.mil

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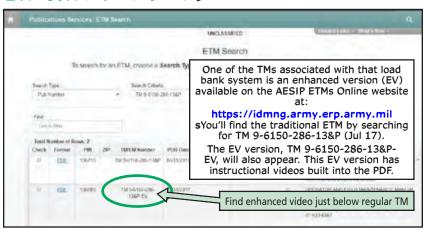
PS 801

Click here for a copy of this article to save or email.



LOAD BANK GETS ENHANCED VIDEOS

Is your unit equipped with the X60M 60-kW load bank system, NSN 6150-01-633-6567? If it is, good news!



The videos are a great enhancement to the commercial manual material. If you have trouble viewing the videos or have suggestions on how to improve them, submit a DA Form 2028 or contact PM SKOT directly at:

usarmy.detroit.peo-cs-css.mbx.pmskot-actions@mail.mil

Note that the file size for the EV is much larger. You'll need a strong Internet connection to complete the download and Windows Media Player to view the videos. All of the videos from the TM are also located on the milTube site at: https://www.milsuite.mil/video/

Search terms for the videos are:

- load bank
- X60M
- SKOT
- PM FP
- technical manual

Click here for a copy of this article to save or email.



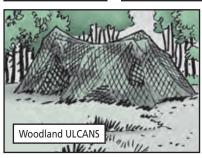
Gommercial companies are marketing and selling camouflage net systems directly to Army units. These nets, however, are **not** authorized by the Army.

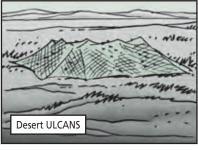
The **only** camouflage net systems currently authorized are the Ultra Lightweight Camouflage Net Systems (ULCANS) managed by the National Inventory Control

Units should requisition only these nets through the organic supply system:

Point CECOM.

Туре	ltem	NSN 1080-
Radar-scattering (LIN C89480)	AN/USQ-150 (woodland)	01-457-2956
	AN/USQ-159 (desert)	01-475-0696
Radar-transparent (LIN C89361)	AN/USQ-160 (woodland)	01-475-0697
	AN/USQ-158 (desert)	01-475-0694





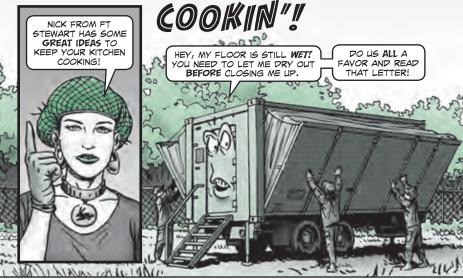
These are the only camouflage net systems that should be used in the field until ULCANS Increment 1 is fielded by PM Force Sustainment Systems. It's available for requisition from TACOM in late FY19.

Questions? Contact Sarah Ervin, DSN 648-1470, (443) 395-1470, or email:

sarah.ervin2.civ@mail.mil

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KEEP CONTAINERIZED KITCHENS

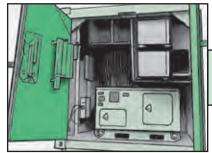


Dear Editor,

The Ft Stewart's Logistics Readiness Center keeps containerized kitchens (CKs) cooking. Here are a few tips we use to keep the cooks in the kitchen:

• Let the kitchen dry out completely before closing it up. We've had to replace several rotting floors because crews mop out the kitchen and then close up the sides before the floor dries. Trapped moisture rots the wooden floors. If possible, give the floor a couple of hours to dry. Because it's so difficult to get replacement flooring, this could save your CK months of downtime.

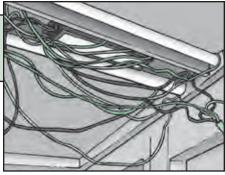




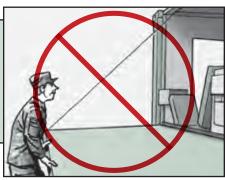
 Never operate the generator with the back door closed. That traps carbon monoxide, which could lead to your last supper.

Click here for a copy of this article to save or email.

 All wiring for lights is not the same. Wire colors can vary from kitchen to kitchen. Repairmen need to be aware of that when working on different CKs.



• Don't help the winch when closing the wings. If you push up on a wing while closing it, the winch cable can come off track. Then the next time you lower the wing, it bounces its way down and the cable can tangle. The cable may have to replaced, which could take some time. Stand back and let the winch do its job.



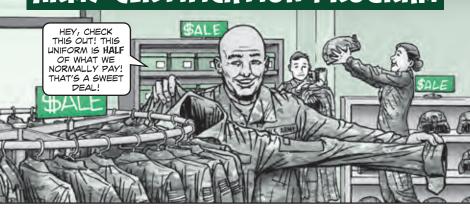
 Get the latest TMs. CKs now have four new TMs: TM 10-7360-226-10, -23-1, -23-2 and -23P. They are on the ETM site: https://idmng.armyerp.army.mil/





MEEPING YOU SAFE:

ARMY CERTIFICATION PROGRAM











WHILE THE ARMY ISSUES THE BEST GEAR TO SOLDIERS, IT KNOWS THAT MANY OF YOU ALSO APD TO THAT GEAR WITH PRIVATELY PURCHASED ITEMS. THE CURRENT MARKETPLACE IS FILLED WITH CLOTHING AND INDIVIDUAL EQUIPMENT THAT LOOKS LIKE ISSUED GEAR BUT IS SUBSTANDARD.

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HERE AT PS WE DO AS MUCH AS WE CAN TO KEEP YOU SAFE! PART OF THAT RESPONSIBILITY INCLUDES GUIDING YOU TOWARD THE PURCHASE OF THE RIGHT GEAR.

The Army Certification Program (ACP) was created by PEO Soldier to evaluate commercial gear. It determines if that gear is **safe** for use by Soldiers in combat.

When you buy authorized gear, you can be confident that the item was tested by PEO Soldier and found safe and effective.

You know the item was subjected to the same requirements and standards as issued gear. You can be sure that it's **not** a knockoff item that may look OK, but **doesn't** meet the necessary safety standards.



FOR SAFETY'S SAKE, **DON'T**ORDER ORGANIZATIONAL
CLOTHING AND INDIVIDUAL
EQUIPMENT, KNOWN AS OCIE,
FROM **UNAUTHORIZED SOURCES.**

IN MANY CASES, THESE ITEMS **DON'T** MEET ARMY STANDARDS, AND MAY HAVE FAILED ARMY TESTS.

Remember,

you're *only* authorized to purchase personal protective equipment and safety items from the Department of Defense Supply System...

...and the **approved list** of items sold at the Army/Air Force Exchange Service (AAFES) military clothing sales stores.

Proper sourcing is the **only** way to ensure that the protective equipment you're getting has met **all** of the Army's rigorous testing and safety standards.

If you or your buddies got your protective equipment from unauthorized channels, tell your unit supply personnel. They can order replacements through approved sources. Or go to your local Central Issue Facility (CIF) to get the right gear.

APLs Offer Guidance

PEO Soldier publishes Authorized Products Lists (APLs) for certain gear. When an item is authorized, it's placed on the APL. The APLs are published on the PEO website, furnished to the Army/Air Force Exchange Service (AAFES) and communicated to Army commands.

In addition, only authorized items are marked with the US Army logo and the words "Team Soldier Certified Gear." This is a trademarked logo, allowing you to see at a glance that an item is authorized.

Eventually, all gear on PEO Soldier APLs will have the logo incorporated into the packaging and on the item.



3 MORE

Eyewear



Eyewear can meet American National Standards Institute (ANSI) standards and still not measure up for military use. Every piece of APEL-approved eyewear is tested to ensure it provides the right amount of protection. It doesn't matter what protection an eyewear manufacturer claims, who makes it or if the Exchange or military clothing sales stores sell it. What matters is the eyewear must be APEL-approved for Soldiers to wear. If eyewear doesn't carry the APEL logo, it's unauthorized.

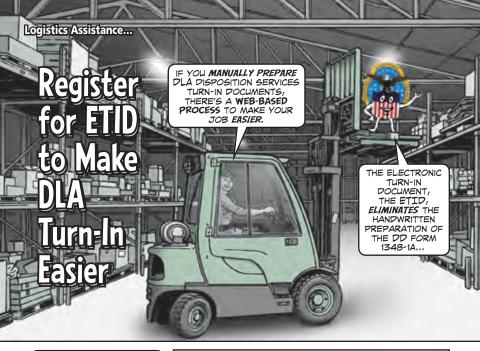


LEAPERS, STEP UP AND ENSURE THAT YOUR SOLDIERS ARE PURCHASING THEIR PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT THROUGH AUTHORIZED CHANNELS.

UNAUTHORIZED CLOTHING AND EQUIPMENT ARE NO SUBSTITUTE FOR OCIE ISSUED PURING INITIAL FIELDING, OR FROM SUPPLY ROOMS OR CIFS.

For more FAQs about the ACP and other equipment and programs, visit the PEO Soldier website at: http://www.peosoldier.army.mil/faqs/

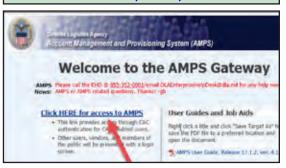
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...ALLOWING YOU TO WORK FASTER WHILE REDUCING THE LIKELIHOOD OF A REJECTION.



To get access to ETIDS, use your CAC to create an Account Management and Provisioning System (AMPS) account: https://amps.dla.mil/oim



Once you're there, click First Time User? Click Here to Register.

First Time User? Click Here to Register.

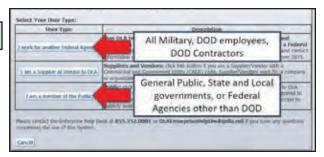
Use this option to register if you have never had a DLA account or if your to an existing DLA application but have not registered in AMPS

Forgot your User ID? Click Here

PS 801



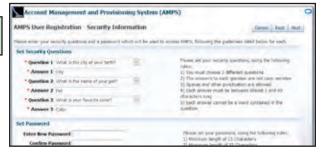


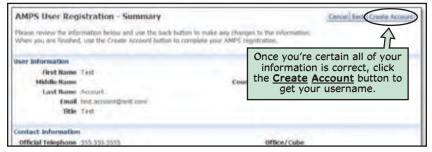


...fill out a

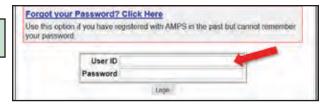


...and set up your security questions.





Next, log in with your username...

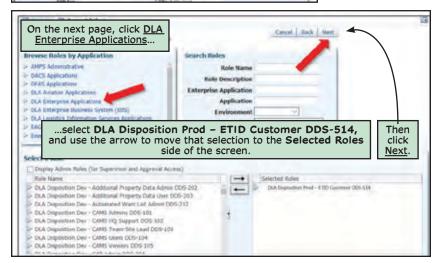


...and click
Request
Role on the
main AMPS
page.





Verify your information and click Next.



On the next page, type in your justification for the role you've just requested.



When you've finished, verify your information one more time and click Submit.



After you've completed AMPS registration, be on the lookout for **two emails**. The **first** confirms your role request was submitted. The **second** confirms that your role request was approved.

Once you receive the second email, wait about an hour to login to AMPS. Just don't wait more than eight hours or you'll need to reset your password!

After AMPS registration, register in the ETID application on the DLA Enterprise External Business Portal: https://business.dla.mil

Click Registered Users Login Here.



If you're using a CAC to log on, select your email certificate, click OK, and enter your PIN.



Otherwise you'll be prompted for your User ID and password.



Select the
Disposition Services
tab on the top of the
screen and click the
ETID link on the left
side of the page.



Click If You Are a New User of ETID and Would Like to Register Click Here.

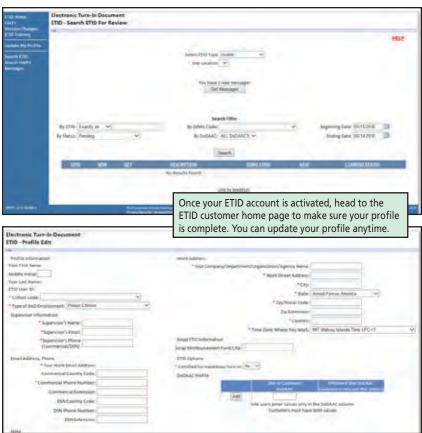
Electronic Turn-In Document		
ETID - Registration		Create an ETID
Applicant Name		profile to establish
* first Name: * Last Name:		the DODAAC
		Associations for
Location		Turn-in. This
Lam located in:	Choose an option from the drop-down menu	step establishes
Company Name, Time Zone		the Ship From DODACC and the
* Dept/Agency/Organization/Company:		Ship To DODAAC.
* Time Zone:	Choise an option from the drop-down menu	Ship to bobase.
CONUS Address		
" Work Street Address:		
City		
*State:	Choose an option from the drop-down menu. *	
* Zip/Postal Code:		
Zip Extension:		
* Work Email Address :		
Phone Numbers		
* Commercial Phone Number (including area code):		
Commercial Phone Extension :		
DSN Phone Number :		
Other Information		
* Type of DoD Employment:	Contractor/Either U.S. of Local National +	
Certified for Hazardous turn-in (Y/N):	No	

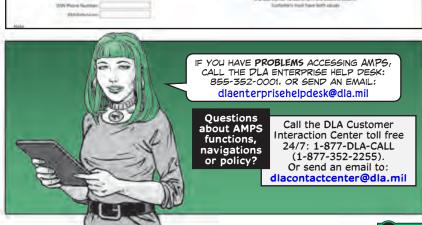
Customer ETD Access Request

To successfully establish Customer to Disposition Services Site relationships follow these steps:

- Street a Customer and Disposition Services Sits DoDAAC in the test figics below and select the "Add" button.
 The Customer/Disposition Services Site paid will be added to the DoDAAC Plans List have.
- 3. At least one Costomer (Disposition Services Site pair must be present in the CoCAAC Pairs List box Before selecting the Submit' button.
- 5. The remove an innervest Customer /Papper time Services Site pair in the 2007AC Plant Let hos, highlight the pair and adjustmine Dates' in time. Note if the Customer/Disposition Services Site pair in the only one in the DeDAAC Plant List box you will need to add the correct Customer/Disposition Services Site pair before detering the incorrect pair.

DoDAAC Pair Entry



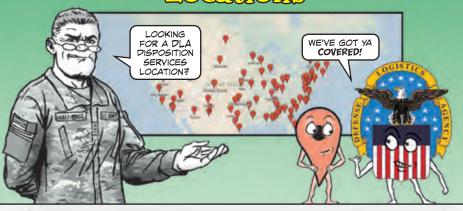


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PS END

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Where to Find DLA Disposition Services Locations



Dear Half-Mast,

I'm assigned to a team that's going to a bunch of posts to help units with equipment turn-in. Do you know of any documents or websites that lists DLA Disposition Services locations? We need to know which one we're closest to.

SFC T.H.

YOU'RE IN LUCK,
SERGEANT!
DLA PROVIDES A
DISPOSITION SERVICES
MAP ON ITS WEBSITE:
https://www.dla.mil/
DispositionServices/
Contact/
FindLocation/

Once you looking fo on the ma

The dropdown menus allow you to look up locations by state, country or region.

Once you find the location you're looking for, click the red pointer on the map and you'll get the web address for that site.

Click that link for contact information and directions to the site.

Would You Stake Your Life hight now on the Condition of Your Equipment?

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DON'T HAVE TIME TO SCHEDULE MAINTENANCES

