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PS wants your ideas and contribu tions, and is alad to answer you questions. Name and address are kept in confidence. Just write to

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You've Got To Know...

No matter how good a driver you are now, the Army has some pubs and films that can help make you even better.



FM 21-305 is a good place to start. It's the manual for the wheeled vehicle driver, and it's full of good information.



GTA 9-1-182 gives an illustrated, step-by-step breakdown of preventive maintenance for wheeled vehicles.



Instructional films are available, too. Training Films (TF) and Miscellaneous Films (MF) are listed in DA Pam 108-1.

TRY THESE

FOR STARTERS.

TF 55-4167 & TF 55-4168 The Safe Military Vehicle Operator, Parts I & II TF 9-4187

TF 9-6099 MF 20-5998 MF 20-9975

Safe Operations of the Gama Goat To Drive at Night Wheels of Tragedy (Accidents)

Wheeled Vehicles—Scheduled Maintenance

If your commander requires that you take a defensive driving course, check out MF's 20-8948 through 20-8953. Another series you might be interested in is MF 20-5280, A through H.

The National Defensive Driver's Test, MF 20-5152, will let you find out how good you really are.

YOU CAN ALSO GET TRAINING AIDS FOR SPECIALIZED VEHICLES! F'RINSTANCE,

Truck, ¼-Ton TF 55-3707—Operation, M151-Series ¹/₄-Ton. TF 55-4247—M151A2 Characteristics, Handling. TB 9-2320-218-10-1—Safe Operation.



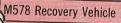
OTC 55-1—GOER Operator Training Course (Extension). (Order from: US Army Transportation School, ATTN: ATSP-DS-LG-S. Ft Eustis, VA 24604). MF 17-5934-GOER.



FM 21-60—Visual Signals. TF 9-3359—Howitzer, Self-Propelled M108, M109, Operation, Maintenance,

M88 Recovery Vehicle

TF 9-3381 through 9-3384—Recovery Vehicle, M88.



TF 9-3783—Recovery Vehicle, M578.



FM 10-68—Aircraft Refueling. FM 10-69—Petroleum Supply Point Equipment and Operations.

FM 10-71—Petroleum Tank Vehicle Operations. FM 20-22—Vehicle Recovery Operations.

You can find out more about these training aids and others at your battalion learning center or the Training Aids Support Center (TASC).

Track

YOUR DRIVING AND MAINTENANCE HABITS

MAKE OR BREAK TRACK

Track Life.

Keep speed slow and steady. High speeds build up heat that weakens pad march, give your track a guick check. resistance to tearing and chunking.



the pads.

Smooth start and stop

Turn in smooth, long curves. Pivot steering at any speed wears out more

> Long smooth

Driving Tips

starts and panic stops increase wear on

turns

Tank "Hotline"

Call AUTOVON 694-6582

24 Hours every day

track rubber than a whole day's road march. Keep it to a minimum.

Track Inspections

When you stop during a road Just a walk-around will do.

Look for broken, missing or loose end connectors, bolts and wedges. Shiny metal where the bolt touches the end connector means a loose wedge bolt.

Check for missing, bent, cracked, Start and stop smoothly. Jack rabbit broken or loose center guides. Look for shiny metal at the nut.

> Give your track the onceover for dead shoes. If you see a drooper—a sagging shoe-replace it now. It could cause a thrown track.

After Operations

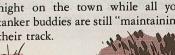
At the end of the day, give your track a good going over. A 4-man crew can make a series of 3 checks and do the job in about 10 minutes. If you find the bummers and fix 'em tonight, you can run all day tomorrow without trouble.

Move the tank to a hard surface. Remove the debris from the tracksuch as mud, rocks, wire, brush and tin cans.

CHEE! YOU MUSTA GONE A TOWN DUMP







Millions of dollars worth of track

Track pad rubber is chewed up

Crew members and mechanics replace good track shoes when only

the connecting hardware-end con-

nectors, center guides, etc-is bad.

Here's how you tankers can make

sure the track and track components

last their expected lifetimes and save

There's nothing real complicated

That's like tossin' out good money.

bites the dust each year long before its

because hotrod drivers show off

making fancy pivot steer turns.

expected lifetime.

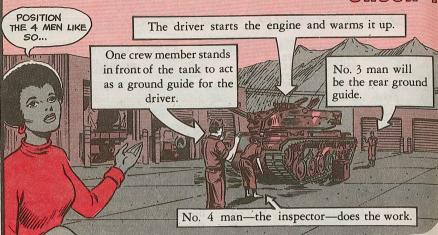
Uncle a bundle.

your track up to snuff and tightened right, your maintenance time will be cut way down. You can be enjoying a night on the town while all your tanker buddies are still "maintaining" their track.

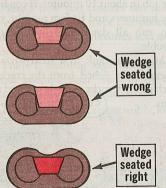
about keeping your track in tip-top shape—just a lot of little details. If you drive your tank sensibly, keep



Check 1



While the driver moves the tank backward, the inspector watches the track as it passes over the compensating idler. Check the right side first, then the left. If something's wrong, signal the front ground guide to have the driver stop the tank. Mark the outboard side of the end connector





for later repair reference.

Keep an eye peeled for missing wedges and for wedges not seated right. Look for loose, broken, worn or missing end connectors.

If the end connectors seem badly worn-rounded off on the ends-



borrow your mechanic's end connector wear gage, NSN 4910-00-795-7960. (The gage is part of the special tools shown in the tank's-20P TM.)

Check the driven—trailing—end of the end connector. If the pin of the wear gage won't touch the end



connector, that end connector is worn beyond acceptable limits. If half or more of the end connectors are worn on one end only, but within wear limits on the other end, the entire guides as they pass between the track must be reversed. This'll give vou more mileage from track components, especially the end connec-



Look for missing or worn track pads. No need to replace pads for



chunking. Replace 'em only when the worn to less than ½ inch thick grouser begins to mark a paved road.

FOR THIS CHECK YOU NEED THE FRONT GROUND
GUIDE AND THE
DRIVER IN THE
SAME POSITIONS AS IN CHECK 1



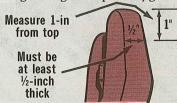
The No. 3 and 4 men each observe a front idler. They'll watch the center



compensating idler and the No. 1 roadwheel while the driver moves the tank forward.

Look for missing, bent, broken, cracked, worn or loose center guides. If either inspector finds any, signal the ground guide to have the driver stop the tank. Mark the center guide and the outboard end connector for later repair reference.

When you're done, check the worn center guides again. Replace any guide



(measured 1 inch from the top.)





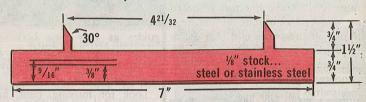
The driver and the front ground guide keep their positions. The 2 inspectors move to the rear of the tank near the drive sprockets. They'll watch the track as it passes over the support rollers. Look for dead shoes as the driver moves the





tank forward. A dead shoe rides cockeyed—one end or both ends lower than the shoes next to it. Dead shoes are caused by worn bushings or broken shoe pins.

If you find shoes that look bad but you're not sure, get the track bushing wear gage your mechanic made for you.



Scribe line on gage at \%" and \9/16" from bottom edge for string measurement

Put one point of the gage on the chamfer at the end of the pin in the suspect shoe and the other point on the other shoe pin. If the gage won't fit on the pin



and stay inside the end connector pin bore, the bushings are shot. You need to replace the shoe.

Breaking Track and Repair

COMPLETE THE
INSPECTION AND MARK
THE DEFECTIVE PARTS
BEFORE MAKING
ANY REPAIRS.

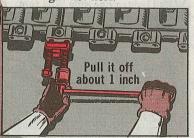
Move the tank until the bum part is between the compensating idler and the No. 1 roadwheel

Loosen the locking screw on the track tension adjusting link. With the track link adjusting wrench, loosen track tension.

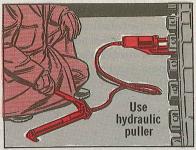
NOTE: You don't need to break—disconnect—the track to replace an end connector, but you must use the track fixtures. You don't have to loosen or remove the end connectors to replace just a center guide.



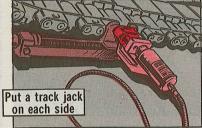
Use the mechanical end connector puller, NSN 5120-01-040-9318. It's part of your tank's basic issue items. Pull off the end connector on each side about 1 inch. Don't pull them off completely! The center guide will be all that's holding the track together—and it might not hold.





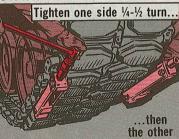


If you get a stubborn end connector, Remove center guide borrow your mechanic's hydraulic end connector puller, NSN 5120-01-052-5642. It's a special tool authorized in the track is loose. Support the track your tank's -20P TM.



Put one track fixture on each side of the track. Make sure the jaws are flush ground. against the shoe. Tighten the fixtures the track shoe pins.

to ½ turn until the end connectors can



be removed. If you tighten one side too much, you put a lot of stress on the shoe pins. They'll bind in the end connector making it hard to get off.

Next you take off the center guide nut and the center guide.



Loosen the fixtures alternately until



with the tanker's bar. Take off the fixtures and lower the track to the

Track shoes come in sections of 8 until the jaws are firmly clamped on shoes—and that's the way some crewman put 'em on. This wastes Tighten each fixture alternately ¼ track. Replace only the defective shoes. And don't toss out good end connectors, wedges, pads or center guides. You can use 'em again.

sure the rubber pads on the 2 shoes on reversed. If the undercut is worn down either side are about the same height. on both teeth, both drive sprockets on If they're not, the new pads'll get that side have to be replaced. chewed up right away.



When you replace pads, always put them on in sets of 2...on the same pair are the same thickness. (There shoe. Try to match the pads so you end are both 1%-in and 1%-in thick up with about 4 or 5 shoes in a row sprockets in supply.) with pads all about the same height. You may have to juggle some pads the built-in wear indicators, borrow around to make it come out right. If you tankers take along some new pads and some used pads it'll help keep things evened out.

Track Drive Sprockets

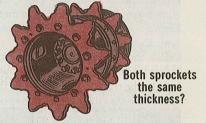
Take a look at the outboard drive sprockets. If they have built-in wear



indicators, see if the undercut is worn away. There are undercuts on 2 adjoining teeth. If an undercut is worn on one tooth, both drive sprockets on

When you replace track shoes, make that side of the tank have to be

Always replace sprockets in pairs. And make sure both sprockets in the



If your tank's sprockets don't have



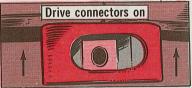
your mechanic's sprocket tooth wear gage, NSN 5120-00-563-7320. (It's a part of the special tools in the tank's -20P TM.) Set the gage on the sprocket's mounting bolts so the gage



Now you're ready to put the track back together. Use the tanker's bar and lift the track back into place. Put on the track fixtures. Tighten them alternately until you can put on the end connectors. If you don't, the fixture jaw can break and flying metal can injure you. Drive them on until they are against the fixtures.

tighten it yet...just snug up the nut.

Take the track fixture off. Drive the end connectors the rest of the way on.

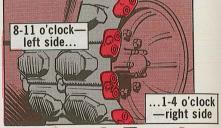


They may have to be moved in or out on the pins for the wedges to fit into the pins notches.

Put in the wedges and the bolts but don't tighten them down. Snug them up like you did the center guide nut.

Some tankers tighten the end connectors and center guides at the point of replacement. This's wrong! The wedges won't seat. The track shoes have to be in exactly the right position—at a 16-degree angle when you tighten the bolt. Otherwise the wedges will not fit into the notches cut in the pins. The wedges'll ride Put the center guide back. Don't high. The bolts will loosen up right away and track failure starts right away, too.

> There's only one place around the entire track where the shoe pins are at the right angle. That's from 8 to 11 o'clock on the compensating idler. The



2 Place a string with weights over the end connectors at the No. 1 and No. 2 support rollers. The string has to extend beyond both rollers.



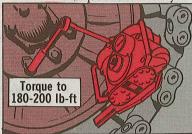
Move the tank forward on a hard, level surface and coast to a stop without applying the brakes or steer-



Together

problem is, you can only tighten the 8 and 9 o'clock inboard end connector wedge bolts. You can't get a wrench on the other 2.

Now move the tank backward until the shoe with the end connectors to be tightened is on the compensating idler. Get the torque wrench from your



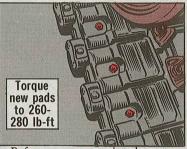
mechanic and torque the bolt to 180-200 lb-ft. Too much torque is as bad as too little. If you use too much torque, you can twist off a bolt and have to start again. If you use too little, the bolt'll loosen up right away.

Move the tank forward until the center guide to be tightened is

between the No. 1 roadwheel and the Torque

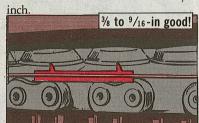


compensating idler. Torque the nut to 350-380 lb-ft.



Before you turn in the torque wrench, torque all the new pads or the juggled pads to 260-280 lb-ft.

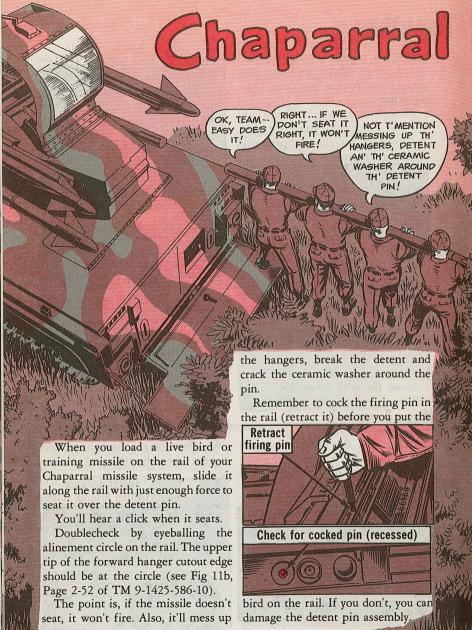
Measure the distance between the string and the end connector midway between the 2 support rollers. The measurement should be 3/8 to 9/16



After you get the right tension, tighten the adjusting link locking







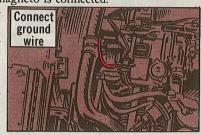
Insurance

MPU Ground

If you've got to start the main power unit (MPU) as you repair it or check it out, be sure the ground wire to the magneto is connected.

That's a double caution if you've drained the oil from the MPIJ.

Reason: If you or someone else starts the MPU with the ground wire disconnected, you won't be able to stop it unless you connect the ground. It'll run till the fuel is exhausted...and if you drained the oil, kiss the MPU goodbye.



Batteries

Batteries need servicing as spelled out in Chaps 2, 3 and 4 of TM 9-1425-586-

If you ignore battery service and don't do it before operations and weekly as the TM says, your batteries will go down. So will part of the system.

For best performance, batteries should be matched in specific gravity and voltage (Para 2-98, Page 2-148, TM 9-1450-585-20).

Charge your batteries with the MPU when they are in use (installed)...and keep them charged.

You can help do that by operating the system with the MPU whenever you can. Limit battery use to when you really need it.



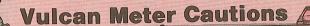
Keep batteries serviced

TEC Lessons

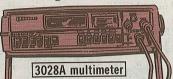
If you have a TEC (Training Extension Course) Lesson that you'd like your squad to see together, just open up the back of your Beseler Cue/See Projector and roll 'em.







Use your Ballantine Model 3028A multimeter on your M163A1 and M167A1 Vulcan systems with caution or you'll damage or burn the meter



THE CAUTIONS ARE ...



Vulcan Feed Chute

SORRY, VULC... WE GOTTA REMOVE 4 SEGMENTS TO UPDATE YOUR FEED CHUTE ASSEMBLY!

Second, since you probably have the PIP chute, you must remove 4 segments in order to make it fit. So, install or request a new conveyor end adapter for your M163A1 feed chute the conveyor end.

Remove 4

center

segments

and attach

ends

adapter for your M163A1 feed chute the conveyor end. assembly:

Conveyor end

First, the conveyor end installed in the 1976 PIP mod has 2 segments in it. New conveyor ends come with 6 segments. If you don't remove them, the assembly will be too long...and cause jams.

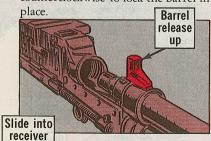
Get the 6-segment end with NSN 1005-01-078-9776. Use the 4 segments you take out for replacements on other parts of the link.



When you install or replace a barrel in your M240 machine gun, doublecheck to make sure the barrel is seated and locked before you fire the weapon.

If the barrel's not secure, it'll come out when you fire, damage the barrel and strip the receiver threads. That could be an expensive waste.

With the barrel release sticking straight up, slide the barrel fully into the receiver. Push the barrel release counterclockwise to lock the barrel in



It should take 2 to 5 clicks of the release to lock the barrel. The change to 5 clicks will be a revised -23 TM.



14





Rust and corrosion wear out your 81-MM mortar components quick-like in humid, rainy, salt-air conditions. So, use a little PM to help bust the rust gang.

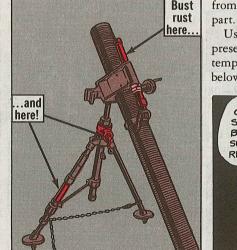
Rust doesn't get to painted parts much, but finished surfaces can rust out fast.

If you can't get the rust off by rubbing in lube, stop right there. Never try to remove the rust with steel wool or sandpaper or whatever. That'll take off the protective finish from the metal, maybe ruining the

worst, especially the shock absorber,

elevating crank and adjusting leg.

Use CLP or PL medium to lube and preserve the mortar when the temperature is above 32° F. When it's below 32° F, use CLP or PL-S.





The battle short switch on your Improved HAWK AN/MPQ-46 IHIPIR set can throw your set from full radiate to off if the switch is installed upside down.

Since the switch overrides the electrical interlocks, flipping it from what you think is NORMAL to BATTLE SHORT ON would bring the radar down from full radiate to off. Not so good for the mission.

The switch is easy to put on wrong, but a quick check can set your mind at ease. Also, a quick fix can give you the right switch position indicator.

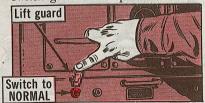
HERE'S WHAT TO DO ...

With set power on... Flip the switch to BATTLE SHORT ON.



If the BATTLE SHORT ON light comes on, you're OK.

If the light doesn't come on, lift the switch guard and flip the switch to



NORMAL position. If the light comes on, somebody put the switch in upside down. Your switch is really in the BATTLE SHORT ON position, which is what triggers the light.

So what to do?

Back off the nut that secures the switch until it's loose enough to let you turn the switch a full 180 degrees (right-side up). Tighten the nut, and switch to BATTLE SHORT ON. If the light comes on, the switch is OK.



Don't attempt to change any wiring. If you run into problems, contact your support.

Switch Switch

Door Rod

Since it's out of sight, some troops put it out of mind. Namely, the door locking mechanism for the radar set group cover.

The mechanism, which is partly hidden in the cover, is supposed to be lubed monthly.

It isn't, so the locking rods bind, door handles break from being forced, and the door itself can't be locked.

It just takes a little lube and a little time to prevent. Nuf said?





The TM's are somewhat confusing on the correct coolant for our HAWK IPAR liquid coolers.



TM 9-1430-534-12-1 (Sep 72) says to service them with MIL-C-47220, Type 2, which is OS45 coolant. TM 740-525 (Sep 72) lists MIL-C-47220 as Type 3 or OS59. We've always used OS45. Which coolant is the right one?

Use OS45, NSN 9160-00-237-4777. The earlier MILSPEC was superseded



by the current MIL-C-47220. A change to TM 740-525 will straighten it out!

0545; TYPE 3 IS 09591



GROUND Lead-Acid MOBILITY Batteries...

Who Does What?

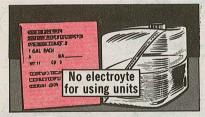
There's some confusion over Maintenance Allocation for lead-acid batteries. Some of the policy changed with the issue of TM 9-6140-200-14 and DA Pam 750-34—and then there was another switch after that.



HERE'S THE PICTURE ON 2 POINTS THAT HAVE SOME PEOPLE CONFUSED...

Organizational Maintenance does not activate new batteries.

Direct Support puts the electrolyte (battery acid) in new batteries and gives 'em their initial charge. This means you get a new battery already filled and charged. There's no authorization for using units to have electrolyte on hand.



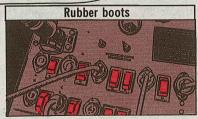
Organizational Maintenance does recharge batteries—both in the field



and in garrison, either in the equipment or out of the equipment. This word came in TARCOM Msg DRSTA -MCC 091122Z Nov 78—changing the policy set out in the TM and the DA Pam.



NSN 5925-00-992-8396 gets the rubber boots for the circuit breakers on your Model 4D100 battery charging distribution panel.





You'll keep some of your EIR Digests for 2 years from now on. Instead of expiring 1 year after the date of issue, some TB 43-0001-series pubs have a life of 2 years, as pointed out on the front cover. There are nearly 2 dozen TB's in this series, usually issued quarterly and covering all kinds of Army equipment. Besides offering equipment improvements, they often give you advance info on your equipment TM's.



Still hunting thru a half-dozen pubs to find the hardware to secure your truck? Stop wasting time...there's a better way.

The NSN's for everything you need are listed in TB 9-2300-422-20. The bolts and nuts, various size clamps, chains and padlocks needed to secure all wheeled vehicles are included, along with instructions.



HOLD ONE

SOLDIER ...

THERE'S

AN EASIER

AN' BETTER

20

Mixed Lines Spell Trouble



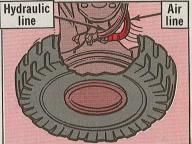
Air and hydraulic lines don't mix! Specially if the lines are part of the Gama Goat's air-pressurized hydraulic brake system.

If you mix up the lines at the wheel spindles, or when you connect the carrier to the tractor, you've got yourself a bundle of trouble. Hydraulic lines fill with air and the air pressurized system fills with brake fluid, soaking the brake shoes.

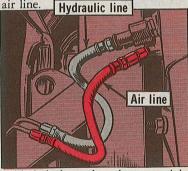
To avoid this problem, tag the lines when you disconnect them, just like it says in Para 2-154a (1) and elsewhere in TM 9-2320-242-20.

And remember...when looking at of s

the hydraulic line is to your left and the air line to the right.



At the tractor-carrier disconnect point, the hydraulic line is above the air line. Hydraulic line



To help keep these hoses straight, color code them. MIL STD 190C tells what colors to use. Paint the air hose and couplings grey. The hydraulic brake fluid line and its disconnect couplings get a dab of brown. A couple of strips of colored tape can do the job,



Old and new are mixed in the list of windshield wiper repair parts, Page 240, TM 9-2320-242-20P.

Arm, windshield wiper, NSN 2540-00-081-9518, is the push-on-type arm for old wiper motors.



Kit, windshield wiper, motor, universal, NSN 2540-00-122-8956, is the new motor. It takes the arm, nut and driver shown in Fig 156. To get that nut-mounted arm, order by NSN 2540-01-043-5380.

M101, M116 Trailers... Spare Tire Blues?

WE'VE GOT TWO
HOURS OF MOJAVE
PRIVIN' BACK TO CAMP

RUN IT PAST ME AGAIN WHY WE DON'T HAVE A SPARE, WILLYA? MAKE UP A SPARE WITH...

NSN

2530-00-738-8452



Got a flat tire on your ¾-ton trailer? You're in trouble unless you're well prepared.

The spare from the trailer's prime mover, the M880-series 1¼-ton truck, will not fit the trailer. Nor will the truck's tools be of any help.

But your local command can authorize you to carry a spare and the right tools for your ¾-ton trailer.

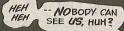
333	assembly	
	Inner tube	2610-00-051-9266
•	Pneumatic tube liner	2640-00-208-7541
	Valve core	2640-00-050-1229
	Tire valve cap	2640-00-060-3550
)	Pneumatic tire	2610-00-540-4719
1	Tools You	Nood
200	10013 100	IAGEO
	Jack	5120-00-233-6829
	Jack	5120-00-233-6829 5120-00-357-6106
	Jack Jack handle	5120-00-233-6829 5120-00-357-6106

Item

Wheel, w/side ring

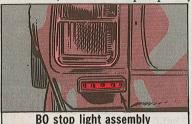
Spare wheel components are listed in TM 9-2330-202-14P. The tire tool info is not in your TM's, so jot it down.

M880-Series 1¹/₄-Ton Trucks... Let There Be (BO) Light



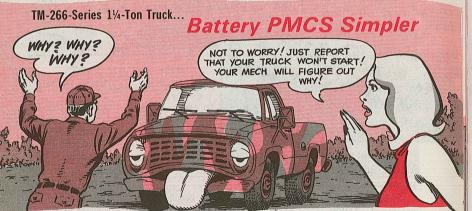
GUESS NOT... BUT ARE YA SURE NO LIGHTS ARE BETTER THAN BO LIGHTS?

If you have the blackout lighting kit, NSN 2540-01-062-0838 on your M880-series truck, here're the repair parts you may need.





For the BO headlight, use lamp (bulb), NSN 6240-00-617-0991. If you need the BO stop-taillight assembly, get it with NSN 6220-01-088-5915. Use NSN 6220-01-083-5401 to get the BO marker light assembly.



Yours is not to reason why when you're pulling the operator's PMCS on your M880-series truck's maintenance-free battery.

If the battery won't crank over your engine, the "why" is your mechanic's problem.

Item No. 5, Page 3-10, TM 9-2320-266-10, will be changed to take out battery charge indicator checking and reporting.

M911 C-HET...

11"

Long 'n' Short Dipsticks



You'll get a wrong engine oil level reading for your M911 tractor truck if you've got the wrong dipstick.

There are 2 different length dipsticks used on M911's. One is 11 inches long, the other 18.

NSN 6680-01-055-2215

FSCM 72582 PN 5109259

Trucks with Serial No. 16131 and up use the 18-in dipstick, FSCM 72582 PN 5109259. Trucks with Serial No. 16130 and below use the 11-in dipstick, NSN 6680-01-055-2215.

Another way to make sure you have the right dipstick is to check the dipstick tube. The short dipstick goes with the short tube about 6 inches long. The long dipstick is used with the long tube about 13 inches long.

Muffler for M915-Series

Watch out for 2 slips when you go after a muffler for your M915-series truck. First, Item 32, Fig 15, Page 43, TM 9-2320-273-20P, should be NSN 2990-01-073-6027 (not -6007). Second, you may not get a muffler with a heat shield when you order under that NSN. If you do get the wrong muffler, return it to supply and order again. Stocks are being screened to get rid of those mufflers without the heat shield.

M911 Alcohol Bottle



You can now get the bottle and cap assembly for your M911 HET tractor truck's alcohol evaporator. NSN 4310-01-102-0070 is for the bottle, cap and washer. The NSN on Page 9, PS 338 is for the entire alcohol evaporator assembly.



bushing, and the torque rod nut. Do tight. this semiannually.

loose, causing excess play and damage

Rubber: check for large cracks or missing chunks



Eyeball the torque rod, the ball and to the whole assembly. Get it good and

For 2½-tonners, tighten the torque The torque rod nut is often too rod nut from 175 to 200 lb-ft.

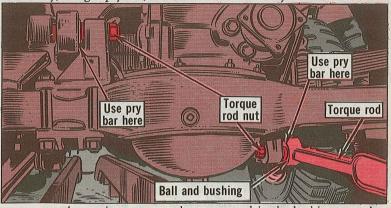
If the torque rod assembly calls for a cotter pin, make sure it's there to keep the nut from coming loose.

Check the torque rod for cracks and see if it's bent or twisted. Any of these faults make the torque rod unserviceable.

Eyeball the rubber on the ball and bushing. It should be resilient, not hard or mushy. Large cracks or chunks of rubber loose from metal call for a new ball and bushing.

Who? How? When?

Finally, using a pry bar, check the whole assembly for looseness and



excess wear by putting stress on the torque rod in the bushing area. Any obvious play here and you need a new torque rod assembly.

TM-211-Series Power Steering Switch 5-Ton Truck...



CAN'T BE -- IT'S GOT AN M809 · SERIES POWER STEERING UNIT.

The power steering systems on your M39-series trucks are being replaced by power steering units that're standard on M809-series 5-ton trucks.



New power steering systemreservoir sits on top of pump

The work is done by direct support, which installs a power steering conversion kit. The change is easy to spot. The new system has the fluid reservoir attached on top of the power steering pump.

Till changes are made in TM 9-2320-211-20, use TM 9-2320-260-20 to maintain and troubleshoot the updated M39-series power steering systems.



This is a selected list of recent pubs of interest to organizational maintenance personnel. This list is compiled from recent AG Distribution Centers Bulletins. For complete details see DA Pam 310-4 and DA Pam (C) 310-9.

TECHNICAL MANUALS

TM 3-261 Mar Handling, disposal of radioactive material TM 5-3805-274-24&P Dec M917 dump truck body

truck body
TM 5-3895-345-14&P Jan Tamper,
backfill, GED, Mod VR11
TM 5-3895-353-14&P Apr Roller,
vibratory, SP Mod SP-848

C 4, TM 5-4930-229-12&P Dec FARE TM 5-5420-226-10 Feb M48A5 AVLB C 7, TM 5-6115-465-12 Dec Generator set. DED. 30-KW

C 2, TM 5-6115-585-12 Mar Gen DED, 10-KW TM 9-1340-418-24P Nov Ballistic aerial

target sys
TM 9-1410-375-20P Nov Guided missile

MGM-31A C 2, TM 9-1425-470-24P Dec TOW C 1, TM 9-1425-484-10 Oct Dragon TM 9-1430-526-24P Feb Improved

HAWK
TM 9-1430-1535-12-4-3 Oct Improved

TM 9-1440-470-24P Dec TOW C 1, TM 9-2320-209-20P Mar 2½-ton

trucks
TM 9-2350-215-10-1 Feb M60A1/M60A1

TM 9-2350-215-20-1-1 Jan M60A1, M60A1/AOS tanks TM 9-2350-215-20-1-2 Jan M60A1,

TM 9-2350-215-20-1-2 Jan M60A1, M60A1/AOS tanks TM 9-2350-215-20-1-3 Jan M60A1/ M60A1/AOS tanks TM 9-2350-222-10-1 Jan M728 CEV TM 9-2350-222-20-1-4 Feb M728 combat engineer veh TM 9-2350-260-20-1-1 Feb M60 tank

TM 9-2350-260-20-1-2 Feb M60 tank TM 9-2350-260-20-1-3 Feb M60 tank TM 9-4910-702-148 Feb M60 tenk TM 9-4910-702-109 Mar Veh wheel balancer, Mod 7500 and 5400 (Wheel Balancer Manufacturers Associated) TM 9-4935-587-24P Dec Chaparral

C 1, TM 10-7300-200-12 Jan Stove, gasoline; 1, 2-burner; 5,500 BTU C 5, TM 11-1520-237-23-2 Mar Avionics fault isolation UH-60A TM 11-1520-237-23P Mar Avionics UH-

60A helicopter system
TM 11-4940-480-14-HR Apr AN/TSM126A transportable electronic shop
(OUO) TM 11-5810-280-12 Mar
TSEC/KY-65

(OUO) TM 11-5810-281-20 Mar TSEC/KY-75 TM 11-5965-279-13&P Feb MK-

896A/AIC headset-microphone C 1, TM 11-6130-384-14&P Apr PP-2926B/U battery charger TM 11-6665-209-10 Mar AN/PDR-27J, L, Q radiac sets

TM 11-7440-251-10-HR Apr AN/GSQ-122 battery display TM 11-7440-253-10-HR Apr AN/GSC-21

rwariable format message entry device
C 3, TM 55-1500-220-PM Nov 80 AH-1S
(Mod/Prod)

C 2, TM 55-1520-209-23P-3 Jan CH-47A, CH-47B, CH-47C C 20, TM 55-1520-210-23-1 Apr UH-

1D/H/V/EH-1H C 21, TM 55-1520-210-23-1 May UH-1D/H/V/EH-1H

C 13, TM 55-1520-214-23 Jan OH-6A C 4, TM 55-1520-228-23-2 Apr OH-58A and OH-58C C 6, TM 55-1520-228-PM Jan OH-58A/C C 7, TM 55-1520-237-23-2 Nov 80 General information manual UH-60A C 7, TM 55-1520-237-23-3 Mar Fault isolation UH-60A

TM 55-1520-242-S Jan Shipment of UH-

TM 55-4920-390-13&P Dec 80 Strobex blade tracker (model 135M-9) TM 55-4920-425-13&P Jan Tester, gyro

indicator, pitch and roll
TM 38-750 May The Army Maintenance
Management System (TAMMS)

MISCELLANEOUS

ML-A May Management data list (ML)

PAM 310-2 Mar Index of forms, labels (fiche)

PAM 310-4 Jan Index of technical pubs (fiche) SB 708-41/42 Apr Fed supply code

manufacturers (fiche)
SC 5180-90-CL-N05 Jan Tool kit

SC 6680-90-CL-N01 Sep Sampling and gaging kit, petroleum

TB 5-4200-200-10 Jan Hand portable fire extinguishers TB 9-1425-480-20 Nov Mounting in-

structs for: kit, GM infrared tracker case M213, kit, APC install Dragon TB 9-1425-550-10 Jan TSM-93 LCSS, Shilleds TOW Lance and Dragon

TB 9-1425-550-10 Jan TSM-93 LCSS, Shillelagh, TOW, Lance, and Dragon supplementary eqpt

TB 43-0106 Apr Aeronautical eqpt Army oil analysis program (AOAP) TB 43-0002-87 Apr Brake fluid, silicone

TB 43-0002-87 Apr Brake fluid, silicone (BFS) conversion procedures for tankauto eqpt

TB 43-0216 Dec Safety and hazard warnings for op and maint of TACOM egpt

M915-Series Trucks W/ESDC's Make Local Check

The initial fielding plan for the M915-series trucks showed 8J as the Weapon/Equipment System Designator Code (W/ESDC) for these vehicles. That code is no longer authorized for requisitions. Here're the new W/ESDC's for the M915 family:

Model	W/ESDC
M915	MZ
M916	PE
M917	MR
M918	7W
M919	PA
M920	PD

Before you quiz Corpus Christi Army Depot at AUTOVON 861-2651/2652 on an aircraft component problem, talk it over with your AVIM unit and your TSARCOM field maintenance technicians. They may have the answer.

Order From Support

Some commercial equipment TM poop—TM 9-4940-525-14&P, for example—can lead you astray. When the pub tells you to go directly to the manufacturer for repair parts, forget it! If you need a repair part, submit a request to your supply support activity.

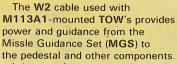






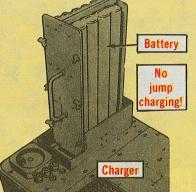
HERE ARE SOME COMMON PROBLEMS WITH THE

row System



It is **not** a footrest, hanger, stepladder, bootrest or whatever. The cable looks tough, but damaged wiring and broken connectors for the **W2** have put a lot of systems down.





Charge TOW batteries by the TM. Do not jump charge (don't start a charge, pull the battery, and get it on CHARGE cycle). That'll cause the battery to take a short charge, damage it and shorten its life.

Instead, discharge the battery completely and then charge it fully. It could mean the mission.

Index plates on the optical sight and traversing unit (TU) should be paint-free.

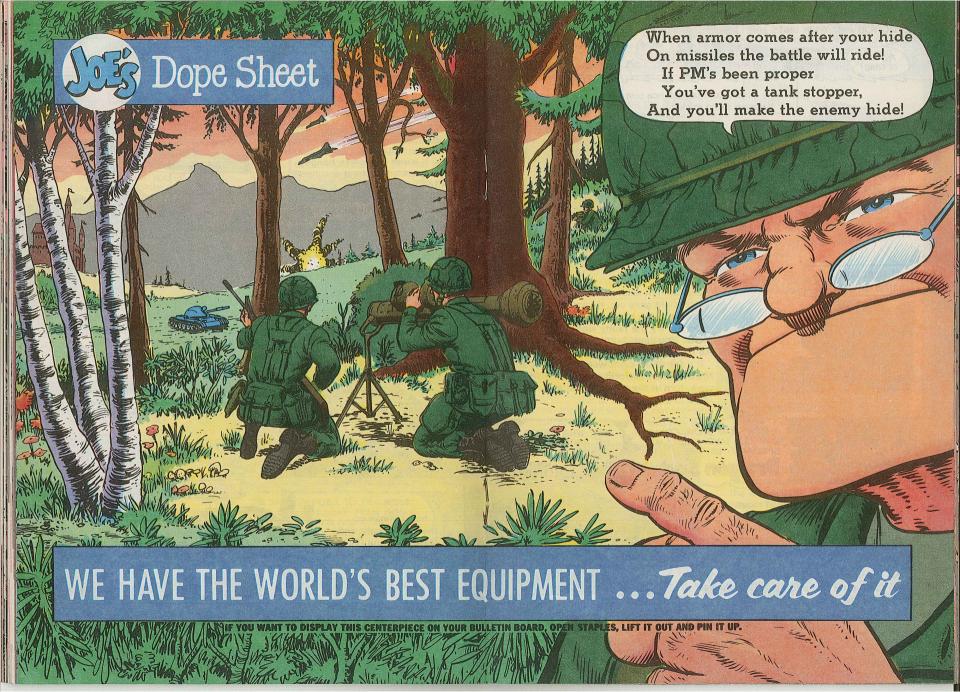
If you get a replacement that's painted, turn it in!



HOW 'BOUT GIVING
THESE TROOPS A COPY
OF SGT. HALF-MAST'S
POSTER, CONNIE?









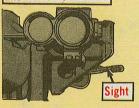
Make this simple counter-balance test before a firing mission:

Install the sight and launch tube (no missile or missile simulation round). Release the TU elevation

lock. The launch tube should not move.

If the tube drifts up or down, have your support check it out.

If sight fails, try another on your MGS



Last but not least on TOW, if your optical sight goes out, try another (known good) optical sight on your MGS.

Launch tube

Do not try the faulty sight on another MGS. You could burn out expensive A5 cards in the MGS.

If a substitute sight works OK on your MGS, replace the original If it doesn't work, turn in the original sight and MGS to support.

GOOD TOW SHOW, CONNIE! NOW I'LL TAKE OVER! MY SPECIALTY IS THE

It's common, the damage to mounts and even trackers on various Dragon configurations caused by slamming the tracker home.

No slamming or force is needed. Just slide the tracker home like your TM shows, be sure to look and see that it locks.

HUH! WHAT DOES

HE KNOW ABOUT

DRAGONS - & ULPS!

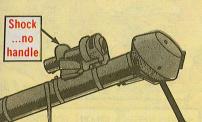
MISFIRES WITH THE LAUNCH EFFECTS TRAINER (LET) ARE ROUTINE BUT IF YOU HAVE A SERIES OF THEM, DO THIS ...

> Check the primer

OOPS ... S'CUSE

Check the primer on the NATO cartridge. If there is no firing pin dent, or just a shallow one, contact your direct support for a headspace check.

If there is a good dent and the cartridge didn't fire, contact your ammo supply point. You may have bad ammo.



The aft shock absorber on the tracker is a constant victim of careless handling.

The shock is not a handle. It's not there to push or pull the tracker from or into its carrying case.

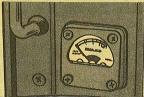
Worst of all, if you break the shock off, you put the tracker down.

Another all-the-time hazard is LET batteries. Take 'em out after use!

Batteries in the AN/TSQ-T1 monitoring set need a serious look before you charge them.

Overcharging damages them. Charging them too soon can shorten their lives or throw in a memory cycle which gives them a short charge.





Eveball the ammeter on the monitoring set. If the needle is in the low yellow, charge. If not, use them. There's enough time left on them for just about any job.

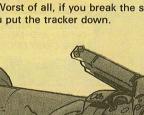
HA!... AND I HOW TO AVOID A DRAGGIN' DRAGON! HEY, GREAT--HOW TO AVOID A TOWED TOW!

DON'T GET SMART, PRIVATE!

> YES, KYMCHEE DOESN'T LIKE ETHNIC HUMOR!

LET







"SOF"..."SOF"-

The NORD

A Safety-of-Flight Message (SOF) is the Head Hangar's way to tell you, in the aircraft flying unit, about some action to take on your bird. The message may require a special inspection, advise you of a problem and fix—may even ground your bird! AR 95-18 is the "word" on SOF.

SAFETY- OF- FLIGHT MESSAGES COME IN THESE 4 DIFFERENT KINDS ...

- mediately ground a fleet or a portion of a fleet because of a hazardous condition that might result in death or injury to personnel, or damage or destruction of property or the aircraft.
 - Technical Messages are for less hazardous conditions. They can ground aircraft for materiel or maintenance reasons or direct special inspections. The messages generally direct corrective action or maintenance.
- Maintenance Notices announce pending changes to publications, procedures, or maintenance procedures. They may stress or clarify a maintenance procedure already required.
- Operational Messages may ground or restrict aircraft usage until hazardous flight procedures, operating restrictions or operational policies are corrected.

Those involving maintenance and supply are sent out by the US Army Troop Support and Aviation Materiel Readiness Command (TSARCOM). The US Army Safety Center at Fort Rucker issues operational messages to correct operational hazards.



Maintenance Information

notices are not Safety-of-Flight messages. They are sent to different addresses, and contain maintenance advice and suggestions.

Maintenance Advisory

messages were also used to send out maintenance information. They were eliminated when AR 95-18 was revised.

From

ABOVE

What Your Unit Does

Units are responsible for following the instructions in the Safety-of-Flight messages. Compliance requirements for units are spelled out in Para 7-f (1) of AR 95-18 and in the messages themselves.

Any SOF message travels thru normal message channels from TSARCOM or the US Army Safety Center, through the major commands, and down to the units. Upon receipt, the unit must acknowledge receipt to TSARCOM or to a designated organization.

The message tells your unit how to comply, a time period for compliance and a point of contact at TSARCOM or the Safety Center.

Within 5 working days of the initial message, your unit reports compliance or non-compliance. The report also lists the unit's equipment, results of the inspection, and the status of the equipment affected.

TSARCOM only knows what the units in the field report. If your unit doesn't send in the reports, the Head Hangar has to assume you didn't get the message and they send it again. So, make sure you send in the reports.

SO MAKE SURE YOU SEND IN THE REPORTS!

Compliance—A Must

Compliance is <u>not</u> something you get around to "when you get the time." The name, "Safety-of-Flight," tells it all. You never want someone flying in an unsafe aircraft.

The unit commander is responsible for compliance, with the quality control section insuring that the necessary inspections and checks are done.

Aviation Messages

If your unit has not received these messages, check with your next higher headquarters.

UH-60A-81-5 Safety of Flight (SOF) Onetime inspect UH-60A Black Hawk gearbox assy, input module, P/N 70351-08001-043, NSN 1615-01-074-1219, TB 55-1520-237-20-13 DRDAV-EEB 062220Z Apr 81

UH-60A-81-6 SOF Technical, PCS CSGLD-1860, One-time inspect UH-60A Black Hawk spindle assy, main rotor, P/N 70102-08100, Series, TB 55-1520-237-20-14 DRDAV-EEB 032005 Apr 81 UH-60A-81-7 SOF Technical, RCS

CSGLD-1860, One-time inspect UH-60A Black Hawk troop/cargo door lower stop, P/N 70307-02727-124, TB 55-1520-237-20-17 DRIDAV-EEB 082225Z Apr 81 UH-60A-81-8 OSF Technical, RCS CSGLD-1860, One-time inspect UH-60A Black Hawk fan, axial P/N 70361-03005-103/-105, TB 55-1520-237-20-16 DRDAV-EEB 062230Z Apr 81 UH-60A-81-9 SOF Supplement to Technical, RCS-CSGLD-1860, One-time inspect UH-60Z Black Hawk gearbox assy, input module, P/N 70351-08001-043, NSN 1615-01-074-121, TB 55-1520-237-20-13 DRDAV-EEB 151605Z Apr 81 UH-60A-81-10 SOF Maint Notice, RCS CSGLD-1860, UH-60A Black Hawk troop/cargo door track waar strips DRDAV-EEB 222119Z Apr 81 UH-60A-81-11 SOF Maint Notice UH-60A Black Hawk engline gimbal mount

UH-60A-81-11 SOF Maint Notice UH-60A Black Hawk engine gimbal mount elastomeric bond separation, accept/reject criteria DRDAV-EEB 222119Z Apr 81 CH-47-81-11 Maint Notice advising maint personnel of CH-47 lubrication changes DRSTS-MEA 091430Z Apr 81 OH-58-81-03 Maint Notice OH-58A jet assy bleed valve removal DRSTS-MEA

141920Z Apr 81
AH-1-81-09 Maint Notice on the AH-1 tail rotor drive shaft bearings (AH-1-81-09)
DRSTS-MEA 031630Z Apr 81
AH-1-81-10 Maint Notice Inspect AH-1

pitch link tube P/N 209-010-460-3, NSN 4710-00-454-8814 DRSTS-MEA 102030Z

AH-1-81-11 Maint Notice Inspect AH-1 pitch link tube P/N 209-010-460-3, NSN 4710-00-454-8814 DRSTS-MEA 151730Z Apr 81

MAH-1-81-12 Maint Notice Removal of main rotor blades P/N 540-011-5, NSN 1615-00-847-7461, P/N 540-011-250-1, NSN 1615-00-178-9680 from AH-1 DRSTS-MEA 231510Z Apr 81

DHS1S-MEA 231510Z Apr 81
UH-1-81-05 SOF Maint Notice Addition
in daily inspection req for UH-1D/H/V,
EH-1H Kamatics drive shaft DRSTSMEA 101745Z Apr 81

General 81-04 Safety of Use (Urgent)
One-time inspect RCS CSGLD-1860,
inspect and replace retainer, split, rescue
hoist assy NSN 1680-00-497-7491
DRSTS-MEA 231500Z Apr 81

General 81-05 Tech Info, Expedite return of repairables, NSN's 6685-00-235-4593 and 6685-00-235-4594, probe assy thermocouple DRSTS-MEA 291815Z Apr 81

38



EQUIPMENT IMPROVEMENT REPORT AND MAINTENANCE DIGEST

(ROTARY WING AIRCRAFT)

IST QTR CY 1980

HEADQUARTERS, DEPARTMENT OF TH

Getting the Word



All messages are numbered in a sequence for each type of aircraft. For example, UH-60A-81-1 would be the first UH-60A message for 1981. Sometimes, tho, messages may get sent out of sequence, or be canceled after the number is assigned.

There are several ways to make sure you get all the messages. Lists are in:

 Flightfax, a monthly safety newsletter from the Safety Center. TECHNICAL BULLETIN with a monthly summary of SOF messages released.

 Equipment Improvement Report and Maintenance Digests (TB) 43-0001-1-series for fixed wing; and TB 43-0001-2-series for rotary wing), which give titles, message number and date, a brief summary

and a point of contact.

 TSARCOM's yearly list of messages, which is sent as a TWX message.



PS Magazine

If you come up short of a message, call TSARCOM at AUTOVON 693-3300 or commercial (314) 263-3300.



Units keep messages until they are canceled or superseded. The EIR Digest has a list of the currently active messages. File copies on clipboards for each kind of aircraft. This will give ready access to the right messages.

If a SOF directs a special inspection, write it up on the aircraft's DA Form 2408-13 and other appropriate forms as directed by the message and TM 38-750. Make the necessary entries on the 2408-13 to show aircraft status and message number and name. Write up modifications on the appropriate forms.

If You Find a Problem

A unit can be the beginning of a Safety-of-Flight message. If you find a hazardous condition or a material fault that might lead to injury or damage, tell TSARCOM-immediately! Call AUTOVON 693-2066. Follow up with a Quality Deficiency Report on a SF 368 like it says in Chap 12 of TM 38-750.

A Safety-of-Flight message is the Head Hangar's fastest way to get important messages to you, the aviation unit. Make sure you do your part and comply when you get one.

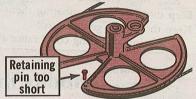
NEVER TAKE CHANCES WITH SAFETY!



Comes the time for a tail rotor control cable replacement in your Huey, the cable retaining pin in the parts pub may be too short.

The use of pin, NSN 5315-00-811-1266—Item 1, Fig 362 in TM 55-1520-210-23P—won't let you install a cotter key if the depot installed an oversize bushing in the quadrant.

In that case, bird mechs, you want pin, NSN 5315-00-812-3757.



Changing Blade?



Dear Windy,

When replacing only one main rotor blade on a Huey, is it necessary to scope the assembly? TM 55-1520-210-23 doesn't have "the word."

SSG H. H.



Dear Sergeant H. H.,

The scope fixture gives the best results. If you don't have one, tho, follow the note on page 5-49 of TM 55-1520-210-23. Set the length of each drag brace to 19.030 inches-equal within .002-in.

We often find the flat snap ring on an Dear Windy, aircraft bearing partially popped out, and it's easy to snap it back in place. On a Huey bellcrank, tho, we found

the snap ring missing.

Are those rings really important? What's the aircraft status if one is missing?

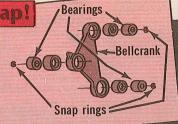
SFC J. A. H.

Dear Sergeant J. A. H.,

Snap rings are used in bearings to keep dirt from contaminating them. Keep those little gems seated!

A missing snap ring could cause a

REHREE LEE



bearing failure. You have a red X condition if one is missing. The bearing has to be inspected for serviceability.

A NEW BEARING OR EVEN A NEW BELLCRANK MAY BE NEEDED



Your Cobra Loaded?

Modify the Wheels-

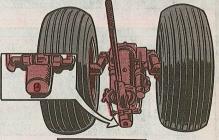
Totin' an AH-1S around the airfield on unmodified ground-handling wheels can be hazardous to your health. The wheels will jump off your bird when it's loaded down with armament subsystems. Same thing happens when jacking up one of those "heavies."

What you need are longer fore and aft wheel support pins, which will give you full engagement in the skid eyebolts.

No new wheels are in the works. So, a minor mod has to be done in the field, with the assistance of supportif needed.

The details on how to make and install the pins are on pages 4-6 in TB 43-0001-2-2 (May 74). If you can't dig up a copy, write to PS Magazine and we'll send you the details.





Get longer ones!

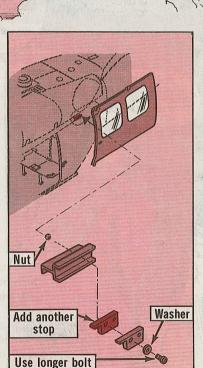
If you fly missions with the troop/ cargo doors of the Black Hawk open, they may be forced back past the stops by the slipstream.

To keep them where they belong, double up the rear stops. Safety of Flight Msg UH-60A-80-41 authorizes it.

To make the fix, ask for aft rightand left-hand door stops, NSN 1560-01-095-7176 and NSN 1560-01-095-7177—plus 4 machine Bolts NSN 5306-00-156-2330. Your local Sikorsky rep has the parts.

When you get the parts, check out Task 7, Step 1 of TM 55-1520-237-23-5. Take the cover off the rear upper cargo door track and remove the 2 bolts holding the present stop. Save the washers and nuts.

Put a second stop next to the existing one, using the new bolts, washers and nuts. Do the same thing for the door on the other side.



Double Up!



AN/PRT-4, PRR-9 Radios...

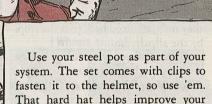
Good

It's no secret that your squad radios are short-range operators. It's also no secret that bad PM will shorten that range or knock you off the air altogether.

WHEN THE
TIME COMES TO
USE THOSE
LITTLE TALKERS,
YOU'LL NEED
EVERY INCH OF
RANGE THEY CAN
DELIVER!

HERE ARE A FEW MAINTENANCE AND OPERATIONAL TIPS THAT'LL HELP YOU

GET IT!





Don't clip it over the helmet and helmet liner, tho. That'll stretch and break the clips.

Delivers Small Talk"

ROMEO II THIS
IS JULIETT 12...WE
HAVE A TARGET,
OVER...

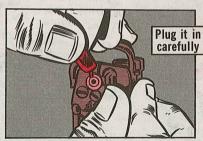
TO BE PATIENT!*

Thanks to Bill Mauldin of "Willie and Joe" fame for the idea!

AN/PRR-9 Receiver

Using the H-264 headset will help you pick up traffic, too. Be sure yours has the ear holder to keep it in place.





Plugging the headset into the receiver takes a steady hand. Jiggling or crooked alinement can damage the connector springs inside the set.

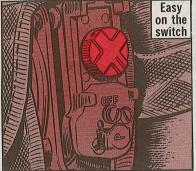
Some headsets require you to plug the cable into the earphone, too. If yours does, be sure they're mated snugly.

Remember that radio when you remove the helmet. Don't drop it or toss it. It won't hurt the steel a bit, but might KO the receiver.

Removing the radio takes a firm hand, too. Pull the whole radio, not just the horn.

Getting the word means keeping the horn transducer clean. Just remove it and tap it gently. Don't blow into it. That can destroy the membrane or turning the knob, you probably need a send dirt deeper into the set.

Easy on the receiver control switch, too. Whether you're looking for more



volume or trying to turn it off, be sensitive to resistance. That's telling

you the switch has gone as far as it can. Stop, or you'll break it.

If you don't get more volume by new battery.

If you know the battery's good but still get no volume, have your repairman look at the horn. It can swell up and pinch off the sound.



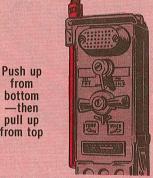
Finally, make sure the AS-1998 antenna is anchored firmly. The blades on the base should mate firmly with the grooves on the set. If they don't, you get a wobbly or lost antenna.

AN/PRTA Transmitter

Sending the word means proper use of the AS-1999 antenna.

The set is line-of-sight. What you see will get the best signal. Still, use the angles. Holding the set straight up and down gives good transmission in both directions. Letting it slip to the horizontal sends half your signal into the ground.

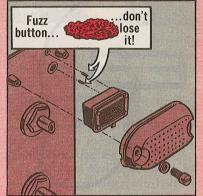
Letting the antenna hit your steel pot keeps the signal from going anywhere. The hard hat is a ground.



To extend the antenna, push up from the bottom to start it and then pull it until it stops. If you leave the antenna base on the battery box clamp, you're grounded, too.

If the signal still doesn't come in loud and clear at the other end, check your microphone.

Mikes with thin contact pins need fuzz buttons to insure contact. If yours Make the antenna work for you. are missing, get 'em replaced. The NSN is 5965-00-933-3060. If contact is still marginal, have your repairman



add a little solder to the element contacts.

Make sure mike screws are snug, too. That insures good contact. Use washers and never overtighten the screws. Too much force can break the





Lanyards

To prevent either set from getting lost, fasten it to your gear with the lanyard provided.



Never hook the clip to the set's eyelet, tho. That can break it.

To fasten the lanyard, push the loop end of the cord through the evelet. Then run the clip through the loop and snug it on itself. Put the clip on the



belt slide if you use it on your harness, or clip it to a button hole.



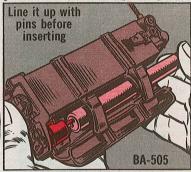


NO NEED TO CHECK THEIR RECEIVER BATTERIFS. CONNIE ...

OUT A CALL YOU'RE GIVING PERSONAL THE FIRST GUY HERE

Batteries

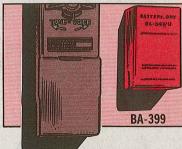
There are only 2. A BA-505, NSN 6135-00-926-0844, powers the receiver. Be sure to line it up with the pins on the set before pushing it on.



One of the pins is bigger than the other and forcing the battery over it will damage one or both.

So, ease it on until vou're sure it's mated and then snug it up.

Get a BA-399, NSN 6135-00-926-0845, for your transmitter. There are 4

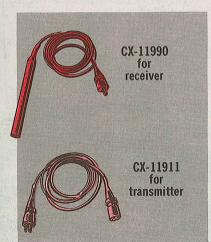


mating contacts here. Too much force can crack or break the receptacle, so go easy.

In both cases, if you're not using the sets for a day or more, remove the batteries. That stops corrosion. And, if your batteries are swollen, leaking or otherwise kaput, replace 'em.

A couple of handy accessories will give your batteries extra life when the temps dip below freezing.

To keep operating, you need connecting cable CX-11991/PRT-4, NSN 5995-00-179-8257, and CX-11990/ PRR-9, NSN 5995-00-179-8256.



The cables allow you to keep the batteries inside your clothing while the sets do their work outside.

No matter what the temp, tho, be as sure as you can about the life left in a battery before you use it. Test your batteries with the AN/PSM-13 test set before hitting the field.

A quick and dirty power check for your transmitter battery is to hold the TONE/VOICE switch in TONE and listen.



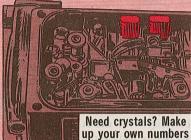
A steady whine, gurgle or unsteady tone clues you in to a good battery. No sound means you replace the BA-399



Crystals

Getting crystals for your radios is simply a matter of making up your own number.

Like this: Start with the crystal number. It's a CR-81/U.



Choose the operating freqs you'll need. Say one will be 55.10 MHz. Now. since C8 to TM 11-5820-549-12 tells you to subtract 10.70 MHz from all freqs, you end up with 44.40 MHz (55.10 - 10.70).

CR81U44.400000MHz.

Your supply will go to the Master problems. Cross Reference List (MCRL) Part 1 and cross reference that number. The coil and capacitors. Use only the NSN for that crystal is 5955-00-926-2688.

GETTING CRYSTALS, YOUR SUPPORT CAN CONTACT THE HEADSHED. Defense Electronic Supply Center ATTN: DESC-STG Dayton, OH 45444 Or, call Autovon 850-5165/5746.

IF THERE'S

ANY PROBLEM

Be sure you install the crystals so they straddle the cord. That'll make removal easier next time.

Finally when alining the sets after a freq change, use only the alinement Now, add 4 zero's. The number you tool in the ID-1189 channel alinement give your supply support, then, is indicator. Screwdrivers in the innards of a radio can cause all kinds of

Same goes for the antenna loading proper alinement tool.

Pamphlet for Leaders

Are you a corporal, sergeant, warrant, lieutenant—or any officer? Then you need a copy of this pub!

ORDER COPIES TODAY!

50





Ordering replacement AT-271 antennas for your backpack radios? Ask for NSN 5820-00-242-4967.

It'll cost you about \$21 less than another AT-271 (NSN 5985-00-646-2365) that's in the supply system and will do the same job in the field.

It's only a matter of time before the more expensive number is the only one available, tho.

So, take advantage of this price break and order the cheaper antenna until the



field takes a great memory or a bulky TM, right?

Not any more. Now it takes TM 11-5820-401-10-4. Folded, it'll fit in your billfold or fatigue pocket. Unfolded, it puts operating and troubleshooting info at your fingertips.

If your unit doesn't have 'em yet, let your pubs clerk know.



WPII Chemicals...

Dear Half-Mast,

We use 3 chemicals—calcium hypochlorite, activated charcoal and ferric chloride—in our water purification unit.

Neither TM 5-4610-221-12 nor any other pub we can find has any poop about storage, shelf life and disposal of the chemicals. Can you shed some light on the subject?

инишиний инивидиний

SFC F. M. D.





ventilated place and protected from physical damage.

materials such as activated charcoal. adjust it to keep the right dosage of Calcium hypochlorite is classified a chemical in it.

strong oxidizer by the Department of Transportation (DOT) that can quickly ignite charcoal.

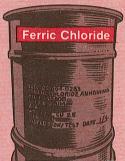
• Never mix it with ferric chloride. You'll get a lot of heat...and chlorine

• As long as its container is intact, calcium hypochlorite should be OK. It • Keep it cool, dry and in a well- may lose some of its strength after longtime storage. No problem, tho, since you frequently measure the • Keep it away from combustible chlorine content of the water and



• It's flammable: Under certain conditions, it reacts with air, and can ignite by itself.

• Keep it cool, dry and protected.



• While this chemical is not a fire hazard, you should keep it dry and away from other chemicals.

Keep a close watch on your in-house supply of WPU chemicals. Try to keep just enough on hand to meet immediate mission requirements...'specially during summer months.

All 3 chemicals have indefinite shelf life, but the fresher they are, the better your water purification program.

Never, like n-e-v-e-r, store or turn in your WPU set with broken or partial containers of these chemicals.



... BUT THE NATIONAL FIRE PREVENTION ASSOCIATION -

NFPA -- HAS SOME GOOD GUIDELINES!



Dust and smoke clog your M17 or M17A1 protective mask. That makes it hard for you to breathe. So how do you unclog it?

Never just automatically change your mask's filter elements because of a breathing problem. They might be OK. Before you trash the filters, see if the inlet valves are clogged.

Valves clogged? Brush 'em clean



Brush the inlet valves with a bristled brush, like an M16A1 rifle tooth brush, (NSN 1005-00-494-6602). Never hit the inlet valves with a hard object to shake loose dust and dirt. That damages the sides of the inlet valve cap.



Remove the valve disks. Hit the inside (disk side) against a medium hard flat surface, like your canteen.



After you do that, brush away any gunk with your fingers.

That should make you breathe easier. If not, then check the filter elements. If they're clogged, change them.

Air Filters Gotta Breathe

Air filters, whatever they're on, must be cleaned or replaced regularly for best equipment performances. Do it, and hang up DA Poster 750-81 to nudge your brain along. A processed DA Form 4569 for Baltimore Pubs Center gets it.





If you want your 36-gal water bag to do its job next time, you'd better store it right this time.

Before it's stored tho, it has to be clean. Scrub the insides with a chlorine water solution. Use one ampule—tube—of calcium hypochlorite, NSN 6810-00-266-6979, for each gallon of water. Rinse out the bag several times with potable water to get rid of any traces of cleaning solution.

Dry the bag completely...and it's ready for storage.

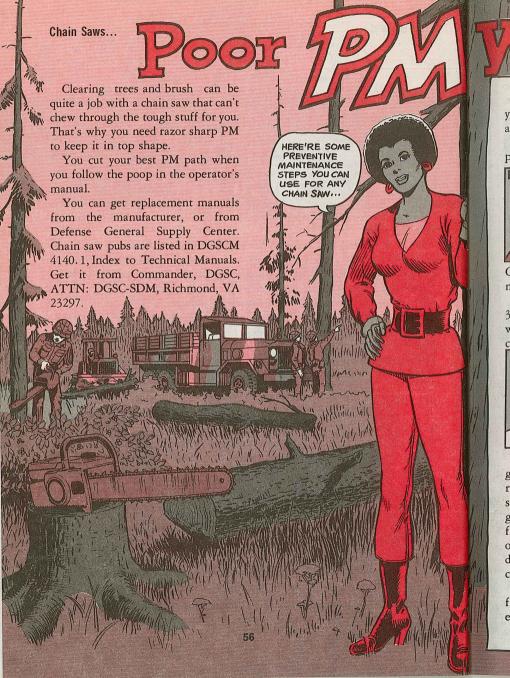
Fold the bag compactly and wrap it in kraft paper, NSN 8135-00-286-7318. Put the bundle in a box for protection. Use the original box, but if it's gone, any clean box will do.

Put the box away in a clean, dry place and your bag will be safe till the next



WPU Poppet Valve NSN

NSN 4330-00-070-9475 gets a replacement poppet valve for the chemical solution feeder system on the 1500-GPH water purification units. Jot down this NSN for Item 20, Fig 36 in TM 5-4610-221-20P.



Cleaning

Cleaning is critical when you consider all the dirt, oil and sawdust your chain saw kicks up when it's working. Some areas need special attention.

AIR FILTER—The air filter BAR AND CHAIN—Dirt 'n' oil protects the engine from dust and dirt. on the guide bar and chain keep your



Clean it daily—more often when the manufacturer recommends it.

Use low-pressure air that's less than 30 PSI—to blow away loose dirt and wipe away any that remains on the chain saw.



Close the choke to keep dirt from getting into the carburetor when you remove the filter screen. Take the screen off and use light air pressure to get rid of most of the dirt. Soak the filter in a cleaning solvent like PD680 or wash in detergent and water. Let it dry completely. If it doesn't come clean, replace it.

Never run the saw without an air filter. That's a sure way to ruin the engine.

BAR AND CHAIN—Dirt 'n' oil on the guide bar and chain keep your saw from cutting at its best. They also cause parts to wear out faster. Clean them whenever you finish using the saw.

Remove the bar and chain for cleaning. Take sap, dirt and oil off the chain by soaking it in a cleaning solvent. Remember to re-oil it to prevent rust.

Clean groove with putty knife

Use a piece of stiff wire or a putty knife to get sawdust and grime out of the chain groove. The oil holes also need to be cleaned out so that oil can get to the chain. Wipe the oil and dust from the sides of the bar, too.

While you've got the bar off for cleaning, check it for bends or excessive wear in the chain groove. If you find either, replace the bar with a new one.

When you put the bar back on the saw, don't put it back the same way it came off. The edge that was up now goes down. That'll even out the wear and make the bar last longer.

NOT ALL BARS CAN BE REVERSED, MAKE SURE YOURS CAN BEFORE YOU SWITCH IT!





The openings in the fan housing, the cooling fins and the area around

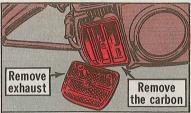


the sprocket collect sticky, oily sawdust. A bottle brush or a toothbrushf'rinstance, the one you use to clean your M16A1 rifle—helps you get to the hard-to-reach spots. You might have to remove the engine shroud to clean the area where the chain goes

back into the saw.

DRAT -- NO WONDER IT KEEPS STALLING!

Carbon deposits build up in the exhaust stack. Take the exhaust off before you clean it to keep carbon particles from falling into the engine.



Use a blunt edged tool to remove the carbon, then wipe away the particles. Be careful not to damage engine parts.

Give the whole saw the once-over to make sure you didn't miss anything in your cleaning.

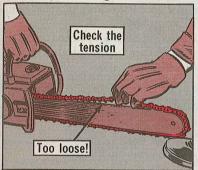


Chain Maintenance

Maintaining chain tension is important. If the chain is too loose, it bogs down in the wood. If it's too tight, it'll bind on the bar.



Check the tension by holding the bar upright and pulling the chain around by hand. Tighten it until it's



snug on the bar but still moves free and easy.

If the chain is new, wash it in solvent, then soak it in oil. Make sure the new chain stays wet with oil by



giving the chain thumb oiler a few extra squirts.

oil to the chain and bar by hand before gas, but do what your saw's manufacyou start. You've added enough when turer recommends. A 30-weight oil the chain throws a little oil when you NSN 9150-00-117-8791 (pt) designed accelerate the saw to operating speed. for 2-cycle engines is best.

Check the new chain's tension often because it'll tend to stretch the first few times you use it.

A worn sprocket or bar can do in a new chain. Check them both before you add the new chain.

A chain saw is no place to conserve oil. Keep giving the thumb oiler a workout while you're cutting. Never wait till the chain starts squeaking and chattering or the bar turns blue before vou use it.

If you're sawing a big log, it helps to hit the oiler a time or two while you're cutting.

In winter try mixing a pint of kerosene-or less-with every quart of oil you use in the chain oil reservoir. It'll keep the oil flowing freely.

Never let the chain oil reservoir run out of oil. Add oil every time you refuel. Use non-detergent OE-30 oil NSN 9150-00-186-6681 (gt) for best



Mix chain saw fuel in a container not in the saw's tank. Most Army saws On saws with automatic oilers, add use a pint of oil for every 2 gallons of



The wet-weather parka and trousers need good PM to keep that cold damp stuff on the outside and away from your warm body.

TM 10-8400-201-23 on clothing and equipment has the repair and care poop you need to heed for your wet-weather outfit. Para 19-7, C7, deals with your poncho, but use the info for other wet-weather gear also.



Careful: Toluene is harmful. Use rubber or other solvent resistant gloves when cleaning with it. Keep it off your skin. Avoid breathing its vapors. Use it only in a well ventilated place.

For you mini-size troops there's an XXS size parka and trousers. Use NSN 8405-01-053-9202 for the parka; 8405-01-053-9400 for the trousers. Wearing the right size outfit cuts down wear, tear 'n' repair.

RT Forklifts... Transmission PM Service

LO's for the 6,000-lb and 10.000-lb RTFL's are a little short on details about servicing the torque converter/transmission.

HERE'S

· With the transmission oil warm or hot-not cold-and the vehicle on level ground, drain the transmission.

• Clean and replace the sump screen.

• Remove and clean the external transmission filter body. (Put in a new HOW TO PULL THE 500-HOUR filter element before putting the filter SERVICE ... back on.)

• Fill the transfer case to the FULL mark.

• Start the engine with transmission in neutral.

 Run the engine at fast idle until transmission oil reaches operating temperature.

· With engine still running, at idle or fast idle, remove the fill cap/plug and add oil until it reaches the FULL mark.

> • Put the fill cap/plug in.

On all 6,000-lb RTFL's-and on 10,000 pounders with shortfiller tubes—remove the cap/plug only when the engine is running. If the engine is not running, the oil drains from the converter back into the sump and you'll get an oil overflow if you remove the cap.



Here're the correct part numbers for the 3 components of the control rod housing kit, NSN 2805-00-929-3472, for your 3-HP Mil Std engines.



PN 13215E3835 13215E3836 9786E64-1

Nomenclature

Retaining Spring Retaining Spring Governor Control Rod Housing



Govenor control rod housing

Keeping Engines Cool

62

Remember those decals you've seen on small engines—the kind that show Connie reminding you to keep the

engine cool?

YOU CAN GET 'EM FOR YOUR RIGS! WRITE PIRECTLY TO...



Just tell 'em how many you need for all your 1½ to 20-HP military standard engines.



DO NOT REMOVE ENGINE

SHROUD WHILE OPERATING.

Ribbon Bridge Parts Poop

Here's some info for your Ribbon Bridge P-Manual Best, a Concerned Friend



Unscramble a couple of numbers in your ribbon bridge P-manual, TM 5-5420-209-20P, like so: Use NSN 5340-00-630-3099, PN 13218E4163, FSCM 97403, to get the Snap-Tite plug, Item 5, Fig 83 and Item 7, Fig 86. Plugs are in

Snap-Tite plug



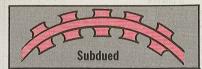


the supply system, but use the PN and exception data supply type request until the NSN makes the AMDF.

NSN 5420-00-507-7043 is for the roadway connector, Item 5, Fig 86.



For the best care of you, your equipment and your tactical position, use only the subdued barbed tape concertina, NSN 5660-00-921-5516.





In tactical operations never use any other barbed tape such as stainless steel, NSN 5660-00-430-2804. They'll tell the enemy where you are. Use them non-tactically only.



Don't get caught with unmodified equipment when you get the word to move out.

Make sure all modification work orders pertaining to your equipment have been applied.

Get a copy of DA Pam 750-10, Index of Modification Work Orders, and go through it to see what MWO's are listed for your equipment.

Check the ones you found against your maintenance records. If you find any that have not been applied, fill out a DA Form 2407 Maintenance Request to tell your support unit that you need the MWO applied.

Take all copies of your DA Form 2407 to support. They'll tell you when the MWO's can be applied.

Check out Para 3-8 in TM 38-750 for the instructions you need to complete and dispose of DA 2407.

Support'll notify the headshed—through command channels—about any overdue but still current MWO's that you need to have applied.

MAIN	FENANCE REQUEST M 38-750, the proponent agency is DC	SLOG.	PAGE NO.	NO. OF PAGES		T CONTROL SYMBOL D-1047(R1)
For use of this form, see 1	SECTION	TT- EQUIPME	NT DATA			
039023	WORK ORDER NUMBER	WESDC FV	ORG PD		M. Rober	Te UNIT IDENT CODE
□ WORK REQUEST MWO	305th Engr Bn		APO	New Yo		WKH37A
2. SERIAL NO.	Generator	4. LINE NO.	60-K		6. NATIONAL ST 6115 -00	-118-1252
7. MAINTENANCE ACTIVITY	A. LEVEL B. UTILIZA- TION CODE ITEM YES	a. ERC	b. PACING	10. HOURS		
LIE INSTITUTE	Solectione use for X) [E Storage	068 Inc	perative	258 Overheatin	rmance I	Out of Adjustment Other MENT TM (Do not
3 D	A Form 2407 Evised May 81	, 50 T		Te	ll your so ou need applie	MWO
		II - WORK AC				



TM 38-750 Change

The headshed says to make this change in your new TM 38-750:

On Page 4-2, mark out the ECC/LIN entries in column d and the note telling you how to make them. They're wrong. Para 4-2f (10) (d) has the right poop.

Take a Look!

Check your storage bins and shelves in aircraft tech supply. If you find any unserviceable-repairable parts collecting dust, turn 'em in. They're needed to keep the supply system going and your birds flying.

Compass Direction

Aircraft types should have compass, NSN 6605-00-151-5337, listed in TC 1-62 on life support equipment, in their SRU-21/P survival vest. A change to SC 8465-90-CL-P02 will remove the old compass, NSN 6605-00-515-5637.

Lighter Refill Info

The poop on page 37 of PS 337—about ordering lighter refills by the case for your SRU-21/P aircraft survival vests—still goes. Supply support should use the following new address, tho: Lifesaver Products Inc., 1512 11th St., Suite 205, Santa Monica, CA 90401.

TMDE On The Prowl

US Army Central TMDE Activity (USACTA), which troubleshoots Test, Measurement and Diagnostic Equipment, plans selected unit visits soon for a firsthand look at operating and maintenance snags. If your unit gets notified, note any problems and lay 'em on the TMDE types. If you've got urgent or recurring TMDE problems, contact USACTA, ATTN: DRXCT-TAF, Lexington, KY 40511.

M880 Tailgate Arm

Need a tailgate check arm for your M880series truck? NSN 5340-01-007-1413 is right even tho it's incorrectly listed as "Bracket, shelf" on the AMDF.

M256 Detector Kit

Down to 4 sampler-detectors in your M256 chemical agent detector kit? Get a new kit, NSN 6665-01-016-8399.

5-Ton Air Hose

Never try to repair the air-compressor-to-air-pak-assembly hose on your M809-series 5-ton truck. This is the hose listed on Page 42, C 2, TM 9-2320-260-20P, under NSN 4730-00-096-9630 (now on the AMDF as NSN 4720-00-096-9630). The hose is coded in the TM as non-repairable. Got a bad one? Get a new one! The word's in TACOM Msg DRSTA-M 151600Z May 81.

★ U.S. GOVERNMENT PRINTING OFFICE: 1981—757-003/10

Would You Stake Your Life Non the Condition of Your Equipment?

Wheel Will Rims Notes

CS SACCS III

See TM 9-2610-200-20