





Published by the Department of the Army for the information of organizational maintenance and supply personnal. Distribution is made through normal publication channels. Within limits of availability, older issues may be obtained direct from U.S. Army Maintenance Board. Attn. PS Magazine, Fort Knox, Kentucky 40121.

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PS wants your ideas and contributions, and is glad to answer your questions. Name and address are kept in confidence. Just write to: MSG Half-Mast, PS Magazine, Gort Knox, Ky. 40121

Use of funds for printing of this publication, has been approved by Headquarters, Department of the Army, 11 April 1972.

DISTRIBUTION: In accordance with requirements submitted on DA Form 12-4.

Just about every guy thinks the Army supply bin is chock full of repair parts, components and assemblies. And when he needs a replacement, all he needs to do is send in a supply request, and—presto, it'll be delivered!

REPAIRABLE PARTS . .

That's not necessarily so with critical recoverable repairable items like transmissions, engines, torque converters, etc. There are just so many of these items made—enough to resupply by repairing the broken-down item. This is especially true on specialized roadbuilding equipment.

If you have a grader, roller, crane, shovel or the like deadlined waiting for a replacement recoverable part, check

with your own shop or with your DSU and GSU to see if the original unserviceable part is being repaired or if it's to be shipped back to the depot for repair.

If the critical recoverable item is still lying around some local shop, you may have a long wait before your equipment gets back on the job. Such items must be moved out right now so they can be repaired and returned to

When dealing with a DX item ... play it smart and stick to the direct exchange (DX) concept given in DA Cir 700-21 (May 71).

1



YOUR FILTER ELEMENT CHARACTER PERSONALITY.

YOU ZEE ... DER PROBLEM IN YOUR PERZINALITY STEMS FROM A SIBLING CONFLICT MIT A VOLTAGE REGULATOR ... PLEEZE CONTINUE.

Know your filter elements well and you won't get caught short, supplywise, PMwise or maintenancewise.

The most popular element is engine oil filter FSN 2940-141-9026.

You can put it on 21/2-, 5-, and 10-ton gasoline trucks plus 6 different pieces of construction and combat support equipment as well as the M59 carrier and M84 SP mortar.



MOST POPULAR FSN 2940-141-9026



Some elements are loners. They go in only one type of equipment.



A LONER FSN 2910-922-3956 I REMEMBER
MY MOTHER PAINTING
ME PINK... THIS MUST
HAVE DESTROYED MY DESIRE TO EXPLORE IT ... ETC

OR

Others are interchangeable. These fit into the company of a series of equipment or a wide variety.



FSN 2940-580-6283

Then, there are some that do more than one job, like filter element FSN 2940-580-6283. It's used as an engine oil filter, transmission oil filter or a hydraulic oil filter.

Here's a list of common filter elements that go on 5 or more kinds of construction and combat support equipment. Some of these can be used in wheeled vehicles and personnel carriers, too.

IT'S CHEAPER ..



USE

CODE

FSN 2520-766-4714

Fork Lift 4.000-lb MHE 181 (3930-064-6564) Carrier, M113A1 Carrier, M577A1 Carrier, M106A1 Carrier, M125A1 Carrier, M132A1 Chassis, Gun. XM741



FSN 2910-287-1912

Generator Set. 100-KW. Model MB-16 (6115-081-2030) Generator Set. 60-KW. MIL-Design Model HF-60-MD/CIED (6115-937-4389) Generator Set, 60-KW, MIL-Design Model SF-60-MD/CIED (6115-937-4388) Truck, Fork Lift, 10,000-lb RT, MHE 199 (3930-903-0899) Crusher, Jaw, Eagle MDL 5157 (3820-783-7311) Crusher, Roll, Eagle, MDL 5230B (3820-788-5999) Truck, Fork Lift, 10,000-lb. MHE 215 (3930-465-5869) Grader Road Mtzd Cat 120 (3805-466-0084) Loader, Scoop, 21/4-cu vd (3805-803-2671/72) Loader, Scoop, 11/2-cu yd (3805-679-6915

...AND IT MAKES MORE SENSE





Loader, Scoop, 11/2-cu vd

(3805-761-1640)

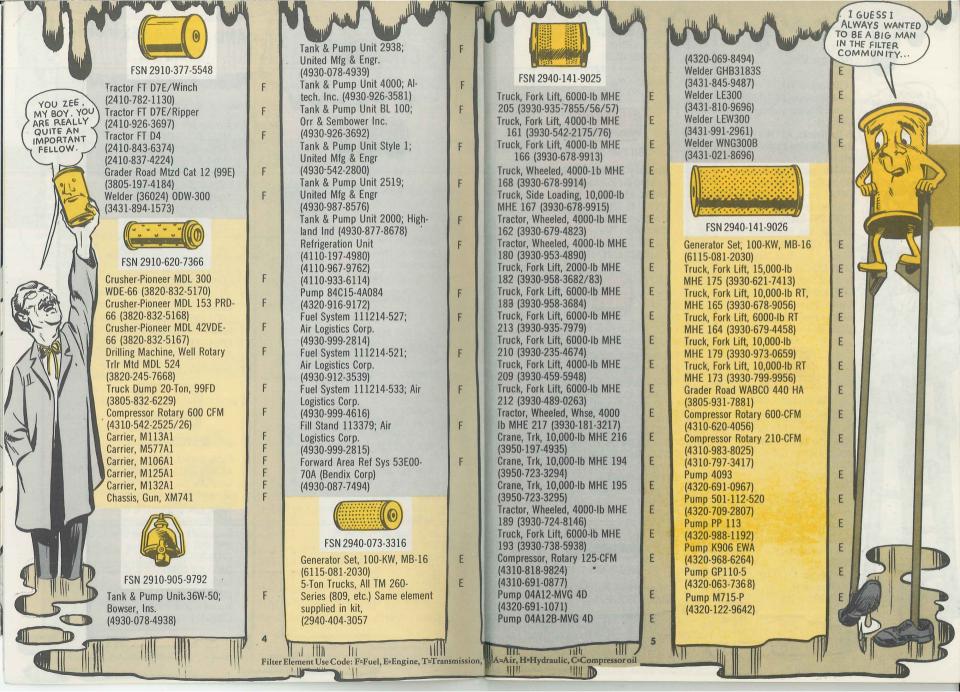
Traxcavator 933

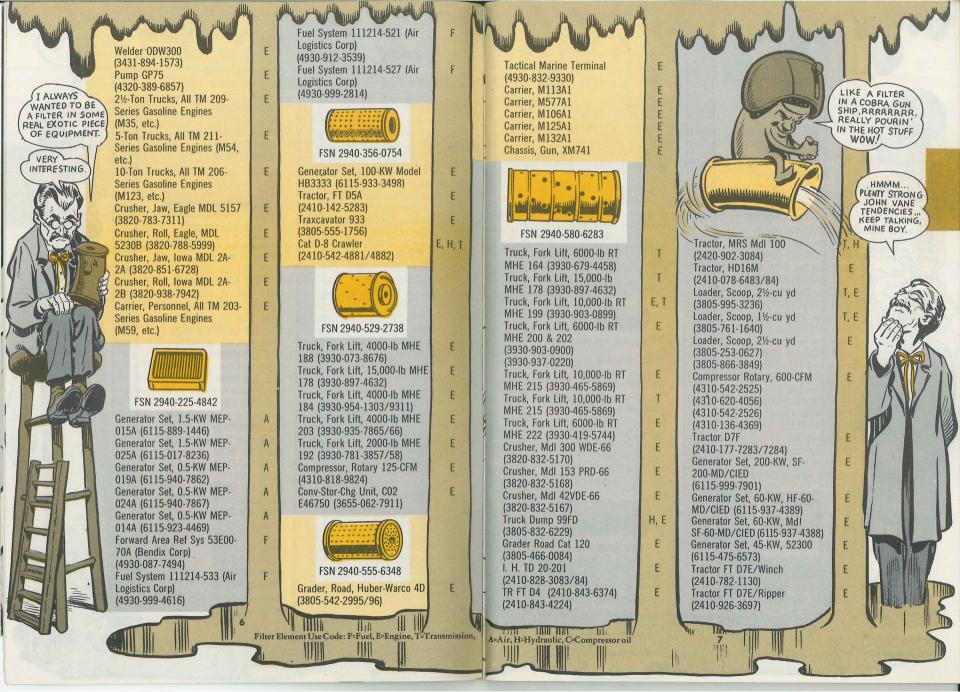
(2410-555-1756)

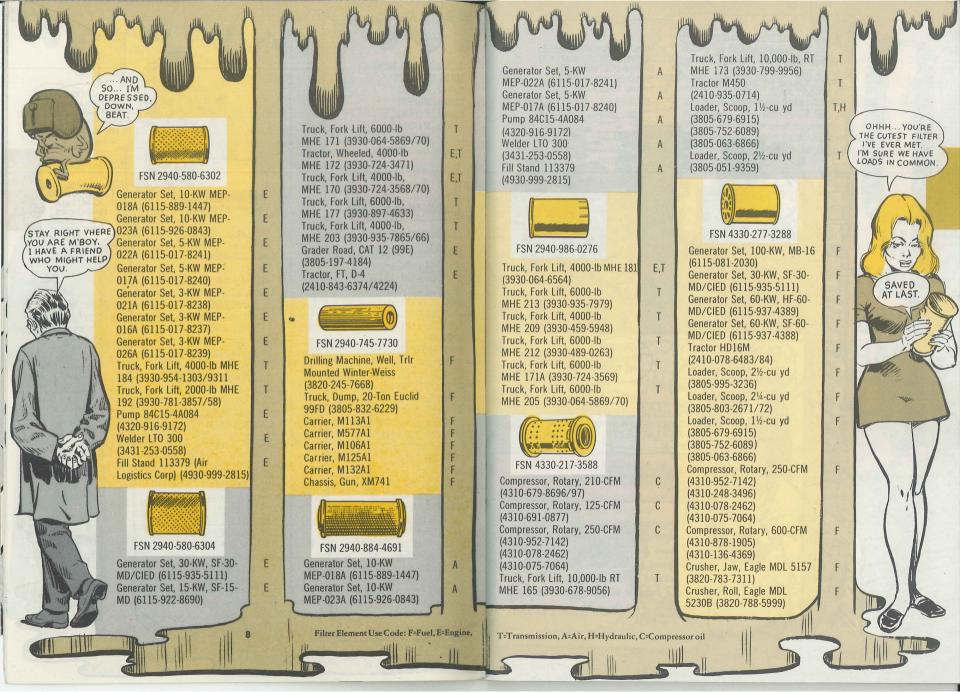
FSN 2910-287-1930

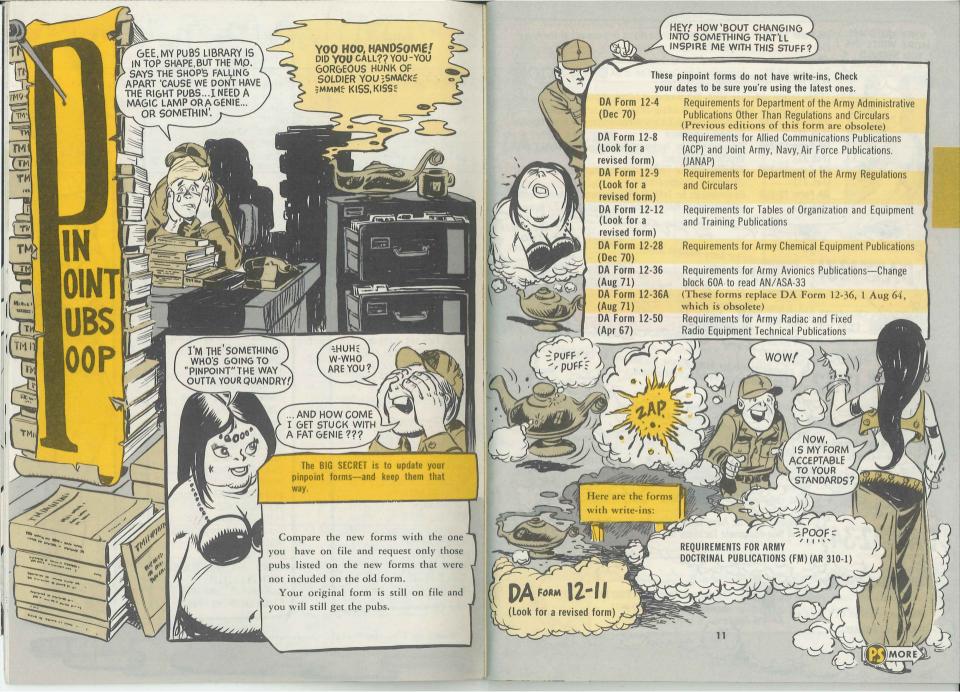
Generator Set, 30-KW, CE-301-AC/WKI (6115-077-8600) Generator Set, 15-KW, Model SF-15-MD (6115-922-8690) Truck, Fork Lift, 6000-lb RT. MHE 222 (3930-419-5744) Truck, Fork Lift, 6000-lb RT, MHE 200 & 202 (3930-903-0900) (3930-937-0220) Loader, Scoop, 21/2-cu yd (3805-051-9359) Tractor Model M450 L (3805-131-4620)

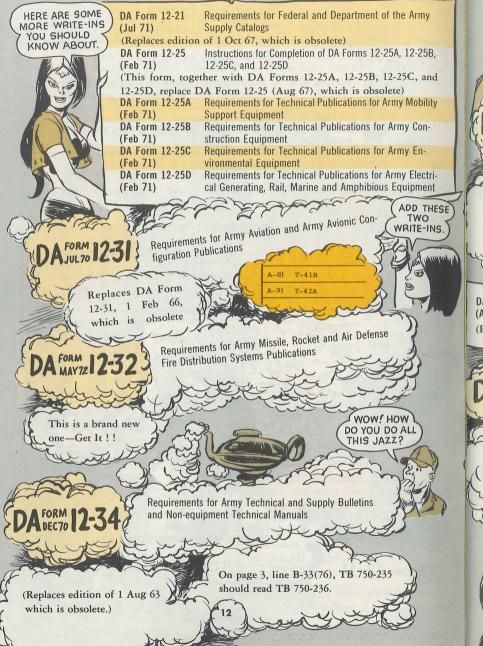
* Filter Element Use Code: F-Fuel, E-Engine, T-Transmission, A-Air, H-Hydraulic, C-Compressor oil











ANOTHER FORM CHANGE FOR YOU. DA Form 12-38 (Apr 71)

Requirements for Nuclear Weapons Publications DA Form 12-35 (Mar 70)

(Replaces DA Form 12-35, 1 Mar 63, which is obsolete.)

Requirements for Army Tracked Vehicles Publications

You have to add items to this form. They should be listed in places shown on the form.

VEHICLES ADDED TO ORIGINAL EDITION OF FORM BY "WRITE-IN":		
CARRIER, CARGO. M548; M548E1	(165)	
ARMORED RECONNAISSANCE XM551	(169)	
COMBAT ENGINEER TILBET	(173)	

MORTAR, 81-MM MORTAR, 107-MM GUN, ANTIAIRCRAFT ARTILLERY, (201) SP: 20MM, XM163 TRAINER, CONDUCT-OF-FIRE TANK, COMBAT: 152MM GUN LAUNCHER, M60A1E2 TANK BRIDGE LAUNCHER, AVL CHASSIS 20MM AAA GUN, XM741 TRAINER, SHERIDAN WEAPON

VEHICLES ADDED TO ORIGINAL EDITION

M577; M577A1

M132; M132A1

(181)

(185)

(189)

(193)

BULLDOZER, TANK

COMMAND POST

DRIVER TRAINER

FLAME THROWER

Requirements for Army Automotive Publications—Trucks

(Replaces edition of 1 Jul 65 which is obsolete.)

THERE ARE SOME TYPOGRAPHICAL ERRORS ON THIS FORM, SO INK THEM IN WHILE YOU THINK OF IT.

Requirements for Army Automotive Publications—Dolly, Trailer and Semi-trailer

(This reprint includes write-in items authorized) through 20 October 1970).

VAN, ELECTRONIC: 6 TON CHASSIS TRAILER: 35 TON, M536; TON, M537; 4-TON M795: TRAILER PLATBED: 4-TON M794 CHASSIS TRAILER: 2½ TON 2 - WHEEL M454

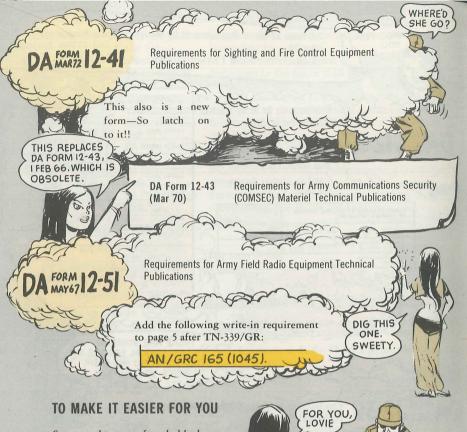
If you have the 12-39 form that has Van, Supply, 12 Ton M129A1C (325) at the very bottom of page 4, throw it away because there aren't enough spaces for the write-in items. The 12-39 that has spaces on page 4 that go to (405) can still be used if you add the write-in items.

DA Form 12-40 (Feb 71)

Requirements for Army Artillery, Small Arms and Conventional Ammunition Technical Publications

(Edition of 1 Aug 65 is obsolete.)





Start at the top of each blank space when you're adding those items because some items are too long to go on one line.



The number in front of the write-in item should be written on the form.



The forms printed in red are reprints of item (such as A-2), or the number after it an old form. They often include the write-(such as 185) is your clue as to where the ins but you'd better check so you won't miss some of your pubs.

Keep your pinpoint forms up to date by adding the write-ins as you get 'em.



When you get your write-in notices from the Publications Center, make sure you send 'em back within the time limit specified on the form.



Make sure you have your DA Pamphlet 310-10 (Feb 69) Guide for Publications Supply Personnel handy. In Appendix D pencil the dates after the form numbers. It's easy to erase and you can add new dates as the old forms become obsolete.



Be sure you have Change 1 (Mar 70) to your DA Pam 310-10. It's an illustration of how you fill out DA Form 17.



Use DA Form 17 to get those pubs you didn't get on initial distribution, or to get replacements for worn out or borrowed pubs. If you find you're sending in those 17's too often, better check your pinpoint forms to make sure you've asked for enough pubs.



Always notify your Publication(s) Centers when your unit is going to move. Be sure to include your Account Number(s), your old address, your new address, and the approximate date.

DON'T FORGET TO TELL THE PUBS CENTERS: BYE. BYE DOLL WE'RE SHIPPIN

Keep in mind you do not have to fill out a complete form if you just want to increase, or decrease the number of pubs you're getting or ask for some you're not getting. But don't forget to put an X in the Revised or Changed block.

HOW'BOUT NO DICE, CHANGING BACK | BABY, I'VE GOT AND JOINING ME A HOT DATE WITH FOR A BEER MY FAVORITE, CAMEL JOCK !!







'Specially if you use a powered wrench to speed up loading ammo drums on the HueyCobra (AH-1G).

Even during a hot load job, follow the slowpoke loading poop in para 2-21, TM 9-1090-203-12 (Apr 70) for M28/M28E1 subsystems, and para 2-14, TM 9-1005-257-12 (Nov 67) for M18/M18A1 jobbies.

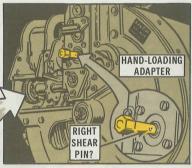


Never use an electric or pneumatic powered wrench to load 7.62-MM or 40-MM ammo. You'll break the ammo feed sprockets, bend the ammo shafts or tear up the gate assemblies—to mention a few of the things that could happen.



That's where speed puts you behind, 'cause such high-powered shenanigans mean downtime—and scratched missions.

Having problems with the straight headless pin on the hand-loading adapter on the 7.62-MM ammo magazine assembly?



Make sure it's the right one—P/N MS39086-141, FSN 5315-812-4658. Could be someone replaced it with a nail, steel spring pin, or cotter pin—and these "field fixes" don't hack it!

BORESIGHTING BIZ

Boresighting 2.75-in rocket launchers on the AH-1G can be a bore, if you go about it the wrong way.

Like maybe you're trying to center the protractor bubble during the up-down launcher leveling scene by turning the 2 suspension lugs. It can't be done that way!

Some launchers even have an extra long suspension lug at the rear. This lug does not ease the boresighting chore.

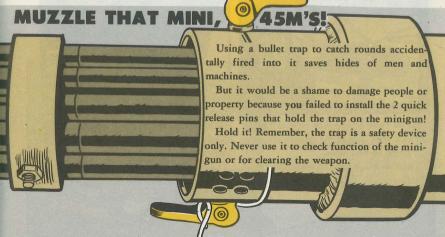
Never adjust launcher elevation by using the suspension lugs.

Use 2 short lugs, FSN 1325-183-5303, MS3314. Be sure they're straight, clean and have burr-less threads. Both lugs get the same adjustment on the launcher—just like you see in Fig 4-6, TM 9-1090-203-12 (Apr 70).



When ready to zero in on the boresight crosshairs, eyeball para 4-8 of the pub for guidelines. Now open the pylon fairing covers.

For an inboard mounted launcher, do the elevation bit by turning the clevis tie rod. If you're pampering an outboard mounted launcher, turn the rod end clevis nut. 'Course, for the boresight finale, adjust the sway brace bolts for right and left azimuth.





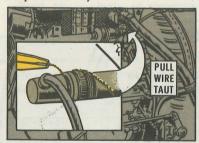
lock wire thru cannon plugs on your aircraft. Using muscle with the pliers can bust out the lock wire holes in small, soft- lot of sweat and elbow grease removing metal type plugs. No problem with the and installing the harness . . . in real close large, hard metal plugs.

Use 0.020-in diameter wire when the hole is 0.045 inch or less. Use 0.032-in diameter wire when the hole is more than 0.045 inch.

Focus in on the Huey T-53 engine ignition harness, for real.

Thread the lock wire thru the soft metal plug and twist 'er just short of the anchoring point.

Then-pull the wire taut with pliers and complete the safety.



Never yank on the wire or you'll break the lock wire hole in the cannon plug and that could be bad news.

There're 2 holes in the plug but if both are shot you're going to have to take off the initial ground run or test flight.

drilled in the plug.

That means grounding the bird and a quarters.

SAFETY TAILPIPE

Any time you install the tailpipe on your T-53 make sure the V-band clamp is properly seated according to the poop in para 5-16e(3) of TM 55-1520-210-20 (Sep 71).

If the clamp is not seated, stress on the clamp bolt, caused by metal expansion during operation, can snap the bolt.



Just in case-safety both halves of the clamp together using the bolt body as an anchoring point. The bolt is not drilled so the all-metal, self-locking bolt nut is not safetied. Just torque the nut to 100-130 inch-pounds.

Check the torque on the clamp nut after

Your vision a little distorted when you're wearing your SPH-4 pilot's helmet? Could be you have one of those early jobs with the acrylic visors. The later models have polycarbonate visors which reduce the optical distortion. The polycarbonate visors are more shatter resistant and fire resistant than the acrylic.

If you're not sure which visor you have, remove it from the housing (like it tells you in TM 10-8415-202-13), and check the number stenciled on the side of the visor. The numbers for the acrylic visors are 66C1611 (clear), and 65C1489 (tinted). The polycarbonate have these: 69C2110 (clear), and 69C2109 (tinted).

To get replacement polycarbonate visors, ask for Visor Lens Assembly, neutral tinted, 8415-490-1196; or Visor Lens Assembly, clear, 8415-490-1197.







If you Huey (UH-1) mechs haven't already put a guard on the fuel shutoff switch, as spelled out in TB 750-992-2, (Jan 72), hop to it.



Pilots have mistakenly turned off the fuel switch instead of the hydraulic switch to simulate a hydraulic-off landing.

Passengers boarding the Huey have accidentally hit the pedestal-mounted fuel switch with their equipment.

Either way-the result is sudden engine stoppage.

To protect the fuel switch and make identification easier, ask your supply for switch guard, FSN 5930-615-9215, listed in Fed Cat C-5930-IL-A (Jun 72) on page 89.

To make the guard fit the panel, grind off 3/8 inch from each end of the guard and de-burr the edges.

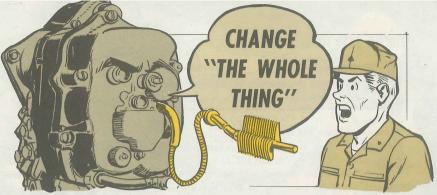
Stamp one end OFF and the other end ON.

Sand the panel where you're going to mount the guard with 400-grit sandpaper. Rough up the back of the guard so you'll get good bond.

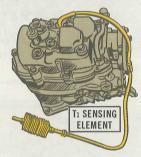
Bond the guard to the panel using Metal Set A-4, or equivalent adhesive, placing the ON end at the top of the panel.

That 20-cent guard could save an expensive bird.

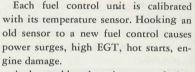




A complete T53 engine fuel control unit includes the T₁ temperature sensing element.



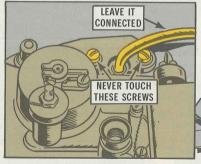
So-o-o, 67-November types, neverlike N-E-V-E-R-take the sensing element tube loose from the fuel control regulator. That's strictly a job for depot dudes.



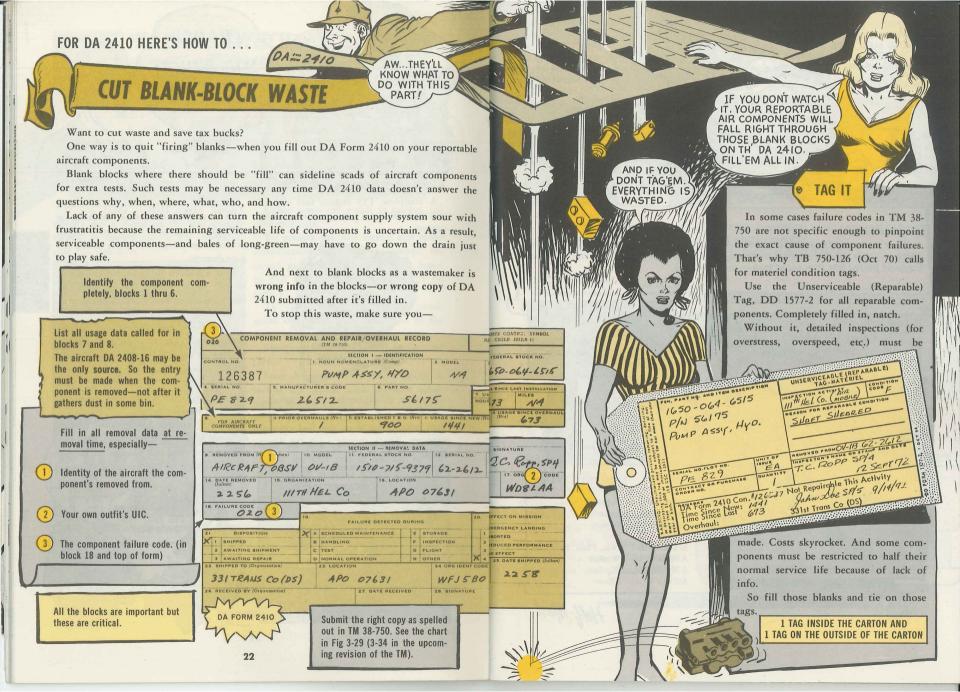
And a sudden drop in power during lift-off, or a sudden power surge on touchdown can hurt a pilot's pride-not to mention the bird's hide!

Change the fuel control by disconnecting the T₁ sensor at the engine inlet. You'll find the easy-does-it bit in chapter 5 of the engine tech manuals-TM 55-2840-229-24 (Apr 71) and TM 55-2840-233-24 (Jul 71). It'll save money, downtime, and frazzled nerves.

The fuel control has its own special shipping box. Use it when you ship the old control, and its sensor, to depot. You'll find packing poop in the engine





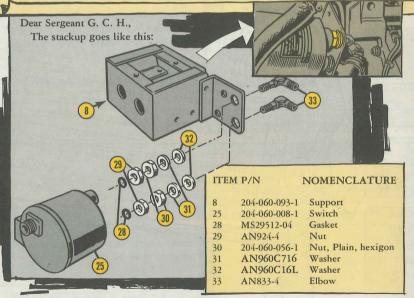




Dear Half-Mast.

What's the proper stackup when I install the elbows, gasket, nuts and the thick 'n' thin washers when mounting the Huey fuel pressure switch to the support plate? My P-manual leaves me guessing.

SSG G. C. H.



This poop is in Ch 1, (Apr 72) Huey P-manual.

Half-Mast



Dear Windy

I have been in several units where tech inspectors were required to be on unit orders in order to sign off a red X status symbol. What is the authority, Windy, or is it strictly a local SOP?

SFC G. W. H.

Dear Sergeant G. W. H.,

Local SOP-and a good one! AR 310-10 Ch 1 (Aug 70) Chap 1, Sect IV, para 1-11 says a commander may use unit orders to announce duty assignments.

The authority cited on the unit orders is Para 4-2c(2) (b), TM 38-750, which says the maintenance action must be inspected by qualified supervisory personnel or unit tech inspectors as designated by the commanding officer.

Putting the authority on paper makes clear which tech inspector MOS personnel, per AR 611-201, are authorized to sign off on the various aircraft in your unit.

DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY FOURTH US ARMY FLIGHT DETACHMENT Fort Sam Houston, Texas 78234

13 Hay 1971

UNIT ORDERS NUMBER 9 1. TC 469. Following orders are changed as indicated

Action: Recission

So much of: Para 2, UO 38, this HQ, 31 Oct 70

Pertaining to: Individuals authorized to sign off all Red X and Circle Red X,
and all Safety-Of-Flight TBs, messages, etc.

As reads: NA How changed: NA Authority: VOCO Fourth US Army Flight Detachment

outhority: Para 4-2 c (2) (b), TM 38-750

Designated as: NA Certified as: NA

Appointed as: Non-rated personnel authorized to sign off all Red X and Circle Red X, and all Safety-of-Flight TBs, messages, etc., with the concurrence from CO, Fourth US Army Flight Detachment, for aircraft types as listed below

Effective date: 13 May 71 Special Instructions: Non

PARKER, RICHARD H 509-26-4187 SFC 67250 P1 McMULLEN, WALTER D 480-52-7488 SSG 67F40 P1 TANNER, RUBEN L 264-44-4003 SSG 67G4H P1 BASZL, JAMES T 398-40-5321 SP6 67F20 P1 MARTINEZ, RUDY 453-48-7746 SP6 67W20 P1 MEDINA, HENRY R 453-56-1404 SP6 67F20 P1 TATE, BILLY G 467-46-9935 SP6 67W20

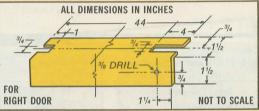


Dear Editor.

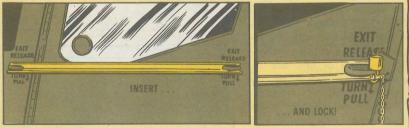
A couple of locking bars and locks came in mighty handy on a recent cross-country.

There is no way to lock up the Kiowa (OH-58A) and you can't always find a security quard right-off at some airfields.

So, we made up 2 bars, for the right and left doors, from 1/8-in thick angle iron. You can also use 1/8 or 1/4-in aluminum. We cut a slot in each end of the iron and drilled a hole to accommodate the lock.



To use the bar you insert the small slot into the front door handle, the large slot over the rear door handle and add the lock. The door handle can't be turned.



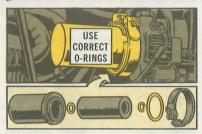
With the bars we secured the aircraft in a matter of minutes . . . worked like a charm.

> CW2 Gregory K. Libby Fort Knox, Ky

(Ed Note: Right-on. Looks like a winner.)

The fuel and transmission oil filters on large packing seats the filter to the your Huey (UH-1) and HueyCobra (AH-1G) are almost identical—which is why you ask for fuel and oil filter kit, FSN 2945-019-0280, when changing either one.

During installation, 2 small packings go in each end of the filter element. A



mounting surface.

Careful, tho, that you insert the right O-ring packings. They're made from 2 different materials. Packings made for the fuel system won't keep a seal if used in the oil system and vice-versa.

To keep your bird from turning into a drippy droop, here's how those new Orings should stack up.

	TRANSMISS	ION OIL FILTER		
	P/N	FSN	Qty	
1	MS29561-024	5350-964-0058	2	
١	MS29561-237	5330-726-4153	1	
1	FUEL	FILTER		
1	MS29513-024	5330-250-0236	2	
1	MS20513-237	5330-201-3079	1	

I TRUST

YOU WITH

TRUST THE TB Dear Windy.

TB 55 - 1500 - 307 - 25, (Nov 71) on aircraft components requiring historical data lists pitch link, P/N 209-010-411-1, as having a retirement life requiring a DA Form 2408-16.

The pitch change link we have on our Cobra, tho, is P/N 209-010-460-1. The part is listed in our log book 2408-16 but not in the TB.

I'm puzzled. Shouldn't it also appear in the TB? SP6 B. C. L.

MY ALL ... PUT YOUR FAITH IN YOUR TB/

Dear Specialist B. C. L.,

No! But I can see the reason for the mix-up. P/N 209-010-460-1, FSN 1615-486-0539, should not have a 2408-16 because it's not a finite life item.

The link is not listed in the TM overhaul and retirement schedule. Keep using the part until it no longer passes inspection.

The link is not listed in the TB because it's not a part "selected" for data collection by the Aviation Systems Command.



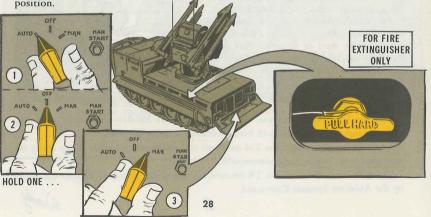
rear of the Chaparral missile system's keep the AUTO-OFF-MAN switch in launching station should come to a com- OFF position. plete stop when you're switching from automatic to manual control, or vice versa. Otherwise, you cause backfire . . . which cracks the bellows and sets up MPU repair.

So, when flipping the prime power switch on the master control panel from AUTO to MAN or MAN to AUTO, keep the switch in OFF position long enough for the MPU to come to a complete stop . . . and then go on to the other switch position.

A short pause in the OFF position can Another point on the MPU: Shut it off save your MPU a cracked bellows any when the track's moving, or the sway of time you switch modes of power control. the vehicle will prevent proper lube of Like so: The main power unit in the the MPU . . . and cause damage. Again,



And, that "PULL HARD" red handle on the left side of the track is the fire extinguisher handle for the MPU. It sprays foam all over the MPU compartment. So, don't pull it . . . unless the MPU's on fire.



WING SCREWS AND CABLE CAPS QUICK HANDS COULD REALLY NOTICE! DAMAGE THAT WITH MY BIRD. BLINDING SPEED I'LL BE DONE SUPER QUICK

Speed is important in a Chaparral missile system time trial, but not so important as to permit damage through over-eager hands.

Like with the wing screws for the flat and rolleron wings . . . especially as used with the M30 training missile.

Go easy on the tightening of the wing screws. The screws at the aft end of the flat and rolleron wings should be torqued to 100 in-lbs, plus or minus 10, as spelled out in TM 9-1440-585-12.



If you bug up the screw, the missile is put down . . . and the whole rig goes to the machine shop to get the screw out. That, of course, saves no time at all.

Another time when patience pays is in removing the umbilical cable before you off-load the M30 from the rail. If you don't first disconnect the cable, you can shear the umbilical assembly.

Getting at the connector is a chore, but it's worth the effort. To help in getting it off, push in on the connector ring to relieve the pressure, and then twist to the left. You may have to do it several times before you free it.



If you somehow bung up the cable connector ring, you've got to replace the umbilical cable assembly.



by people, right? Nothing new there.

So, obviously, people can cure the problems.

Here are a few cures to ponder:

RT-524

The RT-524 receiver-transmitter local control, the C-2329A, is fired by a separate power source (dry-cell batteries), and therefore has to be turned off and on separately.

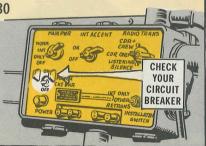
Which gives you 2 options:

- 1. Turn it on so that your RT will perform.
- 2. Turn it off when you're not using it. . . so you don't run down the battery.

AM-1780

If your commo goes out, one of the prime causes can be a tripped circuit breaker on the AM-1780 audio amplifier . . . above and to the right of the C-2329A.

Any surge in the system can trip the breaker, so check the amplifier. If the breaker switch is in OFF position, flip it to ON.





R-442

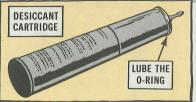
That R-442 auxiliary radio receiver nestled in the battery compartment of the launching station makes a tempting step . . . but resist the urge.

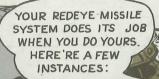
A careless foot snagging or stomping the receiver's RF cable (CG-52) can put your receiver out of business.

CHAPARRAL VALVE GREASE



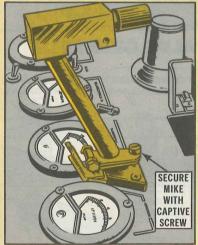
Forget those valve grease specs in para 4-13 of TM 9-1440-585-12 (Oct 69). What you need to lube Chaparral desiccant cartridge O-rings is valve grease MIS-16265 (KEL-F-90), FSN 9150-754-2760. A change to the TM will update the grease specs.





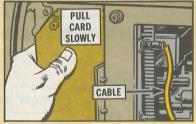
THE NEWER TYPE microphone on

secure it with its captive screw. That to the rear (the only card with a cable). If prevents it from swinging free, especially you pull it out like the others, you can when you flip the test set over.



Naturally, line up the screw before you start turning it . . . to avoid stripped threads.

RESIST THE URGE to pull the A208 the AN/TSM-82 test set (GMTS) card, on the underside of the GMTS, all breaks at the hinge...from several causes. the way out when you've got to check or So, when you're not using the mike, change it. The A208 has a cable attached pull the connector off the cable . . . or



Pull it to the edge of the housing, remove the cable . . . and the card is free.



THE AZIMUTH LOCK has to be in place whenever you move the test set-to prevent the visual target assembly and other components from swinging free.



A free-wheeling assembly can smash into the two limit switches on the underside and break them . . . or the assembly itself can be damaged. Either way, somebody loses. And it doesn't take much to get the assembly swinging.



BE CAREFUL when you put the attenuator/filter assembly in place. Adjust it so that it barely clears the lip of the collimator. That way, the pins on the filter clear the lens on the weapon round and trainer.



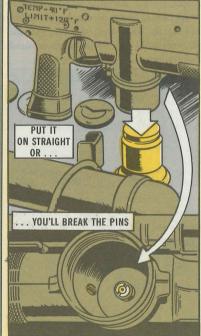
If the pins stick out too far, they can scratch the lens and reduce the effectiveness of the trainer and weapon round.



WEAPON ROUND

CORRAL THIS WEAPON ROUND INFO... IT'S IMPORTANT.

Straight on is right on when you install the M41E2 weapon round in the test set. Same goes when you remove it.



Angling it in place or off breaks the pins in the launcher receptacle.

THE RUBBER BOOTS on the trigger guard and uncaging switch sometimes break loose from their adhesive, letting in dirt and moisture.



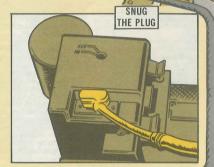
If the switch boots are loose, reseal them with adhesive, MIL-A-1154, FSN 8040-273-8717. M41E2 weapon rounds with serial numbers starting upward from 306520 do not require adhesive for the boots.





The cable connector (for P1 plug and J1 jack) to the A8 module always has to be firmly in place, with screws snugged down, just in case the performance indicator on the trainer should unsnap.

With the cable snugged down, the indicator falls only a few inches. Otherwise, it can go bouncing off and get zapped by ground, floor or whatever.



COVERUP



When you're putting the cover on the trainer of your Redeye M76 GMS training set, put it all the way on, friend.

Snugged down right, you prevent damage to the covers when you put the M49E3 trainer into its shipping and storage container. Loose covers snag on the sides of the container and can be damaged.



This is a selected list of recent pubs of interest to organizational maintenance personnel. This list is compiled from recent AG Distribution Centers Bulletins. For complete details see DA Pam 310-4 (Jun 71), and Ch 4 (Feb 72), TM's, TB's, etc.: DA Pam 310-6 (Jul 71) and Ch 3 (Apr 72), SC's and SM's: DA Pam 310-7 (Feb 72), MWO's; and DA Pam 310-9 (Nov 71), COMSEC Pubs.

TECHNICAL MANUALS

TM 9-1005-299-ESC May 20-MM M35 TM 9-1005-299-12 May 20-MM Gun M35 TM 9-1010-221-24 Mar 40-MM. TM 9-1400-461-20 C6 May M22 TM 9-1430-250-24-2 Apr Technical Evaluation Procedures for Radar Course Directing Central and AN/MPQ-T1 Simulator (NIKE-HERCULES and Improved NIKE-

TM 9-1430-589-12 May Target Alert Data Display Set AN/GSQ-137 (X0-2) (Forward Area Alerting Radar System) TM 9-2300-216-20 C2 Nov Gun FA Self-Propelled: 175-MM, M107 and Howitzer, Heavy, Self-Propelled: 8-Inch. M110

TB 9-2300-295-15/10 May Reporting of Veh Deficiencies During Warranty Period-Contact DAA F03-71-C-0015 (Chrysler Corp): M60A1 Tank, M728 CEV. M60A1 AVBL

TM 9-2320-206-20P C1 May 10 Ton. M123, M123C, M123A1C, M123E2, M125

TM 9-2320-209-20 C5 Apr 2-1/2 Ton Truck

TM 9-2330-223-14 C3 May Trailer, Rocket Transporter: 762-MM Rocket. M329, M329A1, M329A2 TM 9-2350-222-10 C11 Apr Veh Combat Engr Full Tracked: M728W/E TM 9-4935-501-14P Apr AN/TSM-44 (XO-4) (FSN 4935-690-5962) (Basic HAWK and Self-Propelled HAWK) TM 9-6920-470-20P May Training Set, Guided Missile Sys XM 70 (FSN 6920-179-7320) (TOW) TM 11-3895-207-20P May Reeling Machine Cable Motor Driven RL-172/G and RL-172A/G

TM 11-1510-201-20P-1 May Electronic Equip Configuration for RU-8D Aircraft

TM 11-5820-727-20P Apr Radio Terminal Set AN/TRC-132A TM 11-5825-231-25P-3 May Antenna AN/TRA-32

TM 11-5895-687-ESC May Interrogator Set AN/TPX-50 TM 11-6625-441-20P Jun Test Sets TS-1588/AIC and TS-1588A/AIC (FSN 6625-895-6646 and FSN 6625-239-6010)

TM 11-6625-564-12 C2 Apr Manual Maint Kits Electronic Equip MK-731/ ARC-51X and MK-731A/ARC-51X TM 55-1500-204-25/1 C8 Apr General Aircraft Maint Manual TM 55-1510-201-20P-1 May U-8D. F. G: RU-8D TM 55-1510-209-20P Apr U-21A,

U-21A G. RU-21A, RU-21B, RU-21C. RU-21D RU-21F TM 55-1520-210-20P-1 C3 May UH-1B, C. D. H. M. TM 55-1520-214-PMD Apr OH-6A

TM 55-1520-217-20/2 C9 Apr TM 55-1520-217-20PMP/2 C1

TM 55-1520-221-CL C1 Mar AH-1B TM 55-1520-221-10 C4 May AH-1G TM 55-1520-221-10 C6 Jun AH-1G TM 55-1520-209-10 C15 Jun CH-47A

TM 55-1930-205-20P May Lighter, Amphibious, (LARC-5) TM 55-2810-221-20P Apr Engine 0-435-23B, 0-435-23C, 0-435-25, 0-435-25A 0-540-9 0-540-9A TM 55-2840-229-24 C3 May Engine

T53-L-9A, T53-L-11, T53-L-11 SER NO. SUFF A. T53-L-11A, T53-L-11A SER NO. SUFF A, T53-L-11B, T53-L-11C, T53-L-11D, T53-L-13A, T53-1-13B TM 55-2840-233-24 C4 May Engine

T53-L-7, T53-L-7A, T53-L-15, T53-1-701 TM 55-2840-234-24/1 C2 May

T55-L-7, T55-L-7B, T55-L-7C TM 55-2840-234-24/2 C2 May T55-L-11A

MISCELLANEOUS

TB 750-992-2 C1 (NSTAG) Jun EIR Rotary Wing TB 5-4200-200-10 May Hand Portable Fire Extinguishers Approved for Army Users C5945-It-A Vol 2 of 2 Aug Identification List FSC 5945 Relays. Contactors and Solenoids LO 9-2320-242-12 Apr Truck Cargo 1-1/4 Ton M561, Truck Ambl M792

Sleeping Bag Lace

Need a new lace to fasten together tective cover? FSN 8465-227-1218 will get it.

T-42A Checklist

Latch onto a copy of the new TM your mountain sleeping bag and pro- 55-1510-208-CL (Mar 72) and put it in your Cochise (T-42A). The binder for the pilot's checklist is TM 1500-1. You can get both from the St. Louis Pubs Center.

MWO Of The Month

Positive van side panel locking is the aim of MWO 9-2300-398-30 (Jun 71) for M313-series semitrailers and M292-type truck vans. It takes 8 hours for each job, using MWO Kit FSN 2540-181-4104. One-year compliance time began 20 Aug 71-which could make you hurry a little if your van hasn't had the treatment.







FIRST, THE SUPPLY
SYSTEM HAS ONLY SO
MUCH OF EACH ITEM TO
SPREAD AROUND.

EEK!
THE BOX'S
GOT
FEET.























































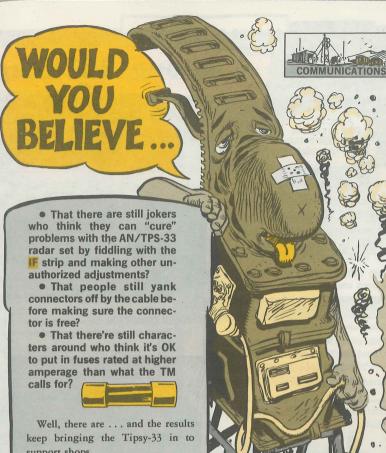












support shops.

So what happens?

Unauthorized adjustments create problems too numerous to list. One thing they'll do is to make big headaches for support ... and big jobs out of little ones.

Yanking cables is plain foolish, especially when you come up with 2 pieces.

Overfusing can cause major circuitry damage.

Believe it.

A Strong '25' Keeps Good Times Alive

POWER CONNECTOR CAP-Loose, miss-

ing, (Screw on tightly for back-packing).

CY-2562 BATTERY BOX-Missing or damaged gasket.

A DOSE OF PM KEEPS ME IN SUPER SHAPE... KEEP ME THAT WAY!

The AN/PRC-25 radio set is an able, willing little communications partner, whether you're carrying it back-pack or driving it.

The same applies to the AN/PRC-77 and its configurations. This perky pair have been around a while and their performance record is tops-but to keep that record tops, y'need to know and appreciate-and baby-your set.

For a helpful handful in the right direction, heed the PM inspection points that follow. The ones in bold type need to be corrected before your set can do its job.

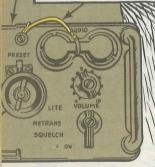


CHANNEL DIAL WINDOW—Smudged, dirty.

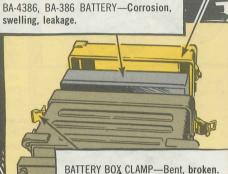


CONTROL PANEL—Rust, binding, loose controls.

CAP CORDS—Fraved, missing,



DIAL LAMP-Burned out.



H-189 HANDSET-Cracked, Push-to-talk switch inoperative, cord improperly connected to audio connector, moisture shields torn, missing.

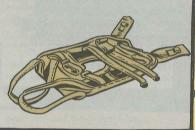


HANDSET CORD-Frayed, cuts, kinked, broken insulation.

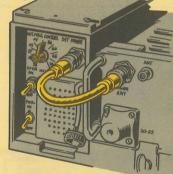




ST-138 HARNESS—Fungus, tears, canvas not holding metal frame at all points.



AM-2060 POWER-AMPLIFIER—Switches loose or binding, switch screws loose, missing.



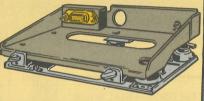
POWER RECEPTACLE CONNECTOR CABLE CX-4655/U—Cut, kinked, torn, broken insulation; connectors not locked to receptacles on both ends.

ANTENNAS—Loose fit, corrosion, bent.

HMM...
I, GUESS
IT'S NEW
ANTENNA
TIME...
OVER!

ANTENNA AND CONTROL CABLES— Frayed, cut, broken insulation, cable connectors loose at equipment receptacles.

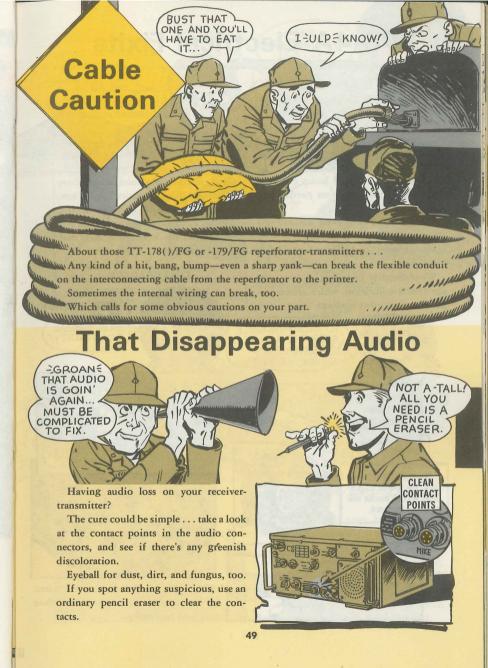
MT-1029 MOUNT—Connector amphenol broken.



When it's making like an AN/VRC-53 or an AN/GRC-125 non-pack for a vehicular job, the PRC-25 takes on the OA-3633 amplifier-power supply group so it can swing with your vehicle's battery. There's no BA-4386 in these sets when the AN/GRC-125 is vehicle mounted.

Never leave your BA-4386 (or BA-386) in the PRC-25 when you're operating on a strictly vehicular basis. It's a sure-fire setup for corrosion damage from the battery.





PPS-4A Electrical Fixits



A couple of electrical basics can keep the pussycat it is.

voltage as you operate the set . . . to keep 7 position on the VOLTAGE ADJ dial, from operating for any length of time at get another battery. low voltage.

Why? Because operating at low voltage affects calibration, which affects target tones and other readings.

Press the BATTERY

If not, advance the

one mark at a time until 2

VOLTAGE ADJ switch

the meter is in the red.

TEST switch.

If your voltage is

right, the RANGE EXTEN-

SION METER needle will

be about centered.

EXTENSION IN THE RED

Check for the right voltage level every your AN/PPS-4A radar set purring like half-hour or so of operation. If it's low, get on the VOLTAGE ADJ switch. If it Like so: you've got to advance the still doesn't come up when you reach No.

FUSEHOLDERS



Otherwise, you can break the holders, the fuses don't do their job . . . and there goes your continuity.

Don't botch your power source by getting impatient with the 10-ft power cable at the battery or receiver-transmitter end.

Hold the connector on the collar, push in ... and turn the collar to get the connector on or off.

Twisting the connector in back of the collar, or turning the cable, can give you a busted connector, contacts or cable.

AND REMEMBER. ONE LAST IMPORTANT POINT ON AN ELECTRICAL SOURCE

When you're operating the PU-532 generator set (for charging batteries). keep the air vents open.



Saves burned-up generators.



If you want to save yourself from a gouged ear or the loss of root hair, and maybe prevent damage to a headset as a bonus, think clip . . . while operating your AN/ PPS-4A radar set.

The idea is, if you attach the Pipsy-4A headset cord to your fatigues by the clothing clip, you'll feel the cord tug at the clip if you accidentally snag it.



That way, you stop in time to keep the headset from being pulled off your head. Or, the headset vank is softened enough so you don't rip out some scalp, an ear ... and maybe even have time to catch the headset as it flutters to the ground.



Hold one and read this . . . before calling on support to try to get your AN/ARC-116 radio set talking back to you.

The ARC-116 has a couple of built-in protectors that shut it off whenever the set gets a trouble indicator.

Like with too high amperage. Thanks to built-in short circuit protection, the set shuts off whenever it draws more than 2 amps.

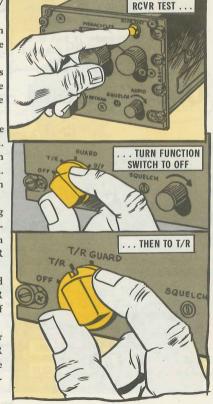
When this happens, you get no tone when you push the RCVR TEST button.

To get going again, turn the function switch to OFF and then back to T/R. Naturally, if it kicks out a time or two on you, get help.

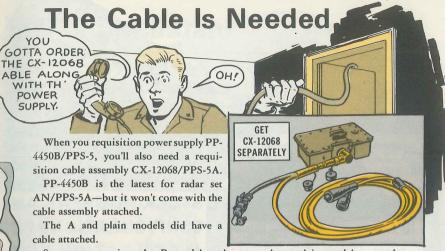
There's also a high voltage standing wave ratio (VSWR) shutdown...to protect the set from faulty antennas, broken cables and such. When the high VSWR device kicks in, you get no side tone.

So, unkey the mike . . . and you should get a tone when you press the RCVR TEST button, since the set recycles itself when unkeyed.

Transmitting in a hangar, revetment or other shelter can cause the high VSWR shutdown device to kick in. So, get the bird or the set outside before retransmitting.



PUSH



So-o-o-o, any time the B model replaces an A or plain model, remember to requisition CX-12068/PPS-5A with FSN 5995-462-3035.

Incidentally, you can go after PP-4450B with FSN 5840-248-1184.



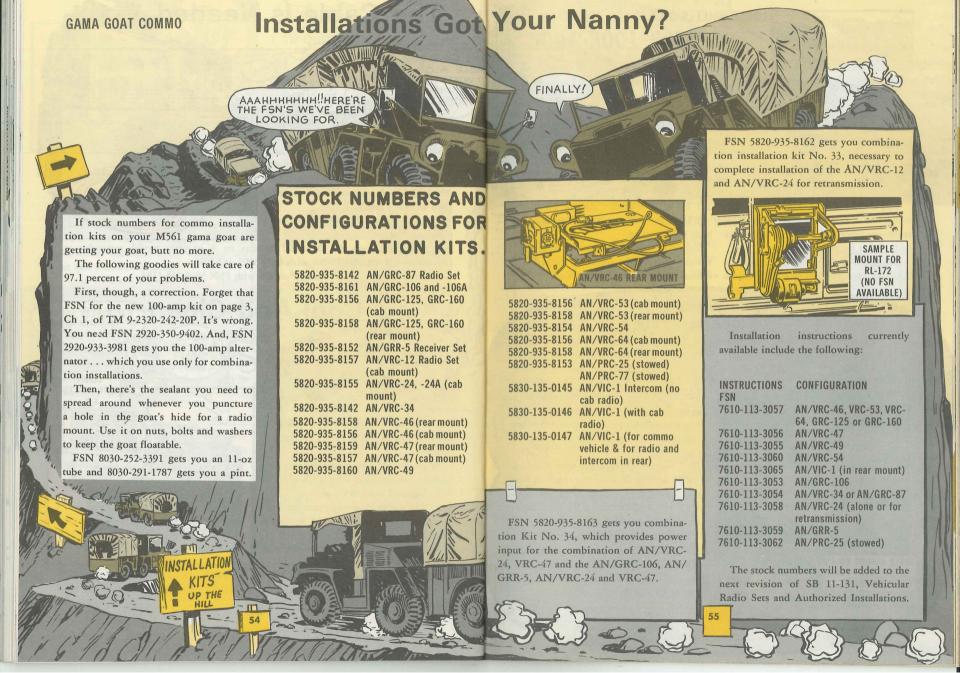
52

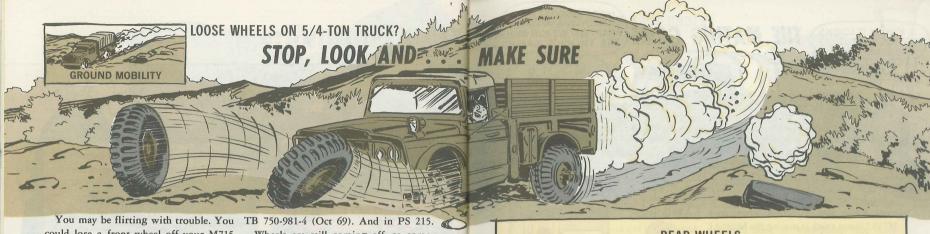
what-have-you, over the AM-3349 so that the air flow of the exchanger grillwork

is blocked. Block'er like that when the amplifier's operating and you'll get heat

less jokers'll pitch a coat, heavy cloth or

damage inside.



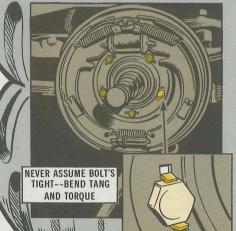


could lose a front wheel off your M715 truck-or other TM-244-series 11/4-ton ve- body's slipping up. hicle. It has happened!

Wheels are still coming off, so some-

Take no chances. Right now, pull those Did you miss the word? It came out in wheels-all 4 of 'em-including the brake-TACOM Msg 7-11800 (Jul 69). Also in drums-right down to the backing plate.

On each front wheel, make sure each of the 5 mounting bolts is held snug by a lockplate tang bent up tight against a flat side of the bolt head.



Not good? Then try to tighten the bolt by hand. If it won't move, make sure it's tight enough. Use your torque wrench. Give it 45-60 lb-ft torque. Then get that lock tang up where it's supposed to be.

But if you can move the bolt by hand, take the bolt out and look it over close for stripped or buggered threads. Got a bad one? Get a new one-FSN 5305-234-7843. Give it 45-60 lb-ft torque. Bend up the lock tang. If the lock tang's busted off, replace the lockplate-PN 11656870. It's a non-stock item, so it'll have to come from the boneyard.

If you've got an older 5/4 job, it may have split lock washers instead of lockplates. Make the same check for looseness and bum threads. Use the same torque for tightening.

Hill han hard and hill sand help

REAR WHEELS

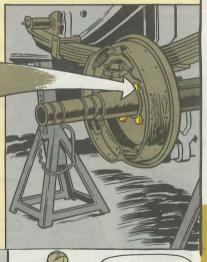
There's a locknut on each of the 4 bolts for each rear wheel backing plate. Try to tighten the nut by hand. If it's snug, make sure-45-60 lb-ft torque.



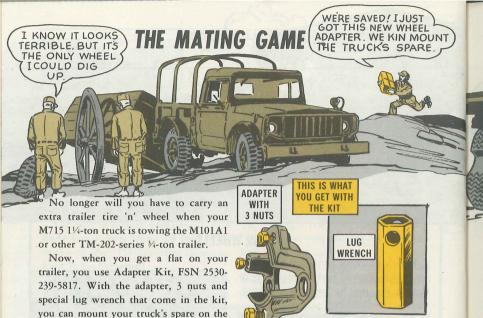
But if you can move the nut with your fingers, check both the nut and bolt for thread damage. Need a new one? Get Bolt, FSN 5306-436-4819 or Locknut, FSN 5310-067-9507.

HIT 'EM ALL

Make sure you've covered all the 5/4's in your fleet. Record this wheel backing plate inspection on the DA Form 2408-1 (monthly) for each vehicle.





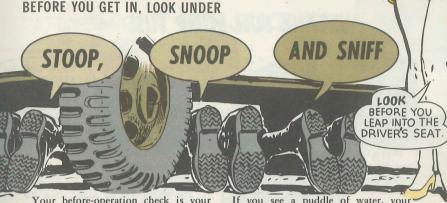


You mount the adapter on the trailer's studs, using 3 of the trailer's 5 lug nuts and the special wrench. Use your truck's lug wrench handle to turn this wrench. Then you mount the truck wheel on the adapter, using the 3 nuts that come in the kit and your truck's wrench.

trailer.

This setup is meant only to get you home—not for tearin' around the country for a week or so.





Your before-operation check is your round-trip ticket and you get it only after you pay the price of a sharp walk around and check off. But don't forget to stoop, snoop and sniff under the vehicle—which means you gotta bend your achin' back.

If you see a puddle of water, your radiator, hose or waterpump may have had it. Report that fast, too.

I THINK THE WATER PUMP HAS

HAD IT:SPUTTERS



A fresh blotch of oil means you've got a cracked, broken or loose hose, tube or fitting. Report it fast.

The stuff that's left behind where your vehicle stood can cost you plenty. It's sure-fire evidence that you skipped a vital PM check.







Here's the supply scoop on the 2-amp your 2½-ton and 5-ton, multifuel vehicles:

FSN 5920-855-4260 will get you the fuse. FSN 5920-105-9932 will bring you a fuse kit, consisting of the fuse, a seal, 2 gaskets, and a retainer.

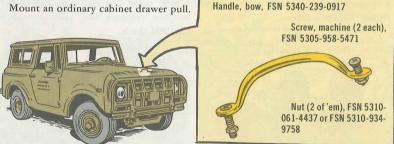
TM 9-2320-230-20P (Apr 69) for the 5fuse for the intank fuel pump used on ton 8x8 vehicles lists the kit and the fuse, but by part numbers only. See its page 31. The FSN's will be added when the TM's for the respective vehicles are updated.

> Your support's AMDF (Army Master Data File) lists the fuse at 12¢, and the kit at \$6.94.

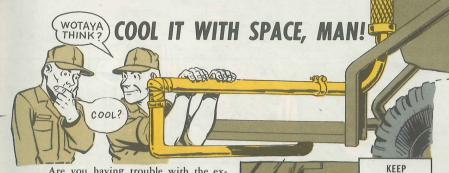


No need to skin your knuckles on the brushguard when you raise the hood on your IHC Scout 1/4-ton truck. With a handle on the hood, you won't have to reach down behind the brushguard.

Mount an ordinary cabinet drawer pull.



Besides doing yourself a favor, you're more likely to get into that engine compartment and pull your good ol' before-operations-inspection.



Are you having trouble with the exhaust flex tube burning out on your new multifuel TM-209-series 21/2-ton truck?

It's probably because the flex tube is too close to that hot pipe coming from your exhaust manifold.

So make sure there's at least 1/2-in space between those 2 pipes.

A new flex tube comes under FSN 2990-873-6925, listed on page 64.1, Ch 2 (Apr 69), TM 9-2320-209-20P, along with other parts for that vertical exhaust system.

SPACE HERE

1/2

INCH

FIX FOR AIR CLEANER LEAK



fuel) truck. Eyeball those 3 little clips that hold the filter element retainer.

Any of 'em loose? Broken away from the air cleaner housing?

Then you've got a leak! Dirty air is sneaking past the filter element retainer.

Even a small leak lets a lot of dirt get into your engine. Dirt is murder in your engine.

So stop that leak. Fix those clips.

Article No. 3-9 in TB 750-981-4 (Nov 71) tells you how.



THREAD

YOUR THREADS ARE FINE, BUT ITS THESE THREADS THAT REALLY COUNT

fore the bolt breaks.

Here's the way the differences stack up:

UNF thread-Because the threads are

finer their holding power is greater, they

resist vibration and will usually strip be-

COOL. UNC end is slightly oversized (jam fit) so it will-or should-hold in the casting against the turning force involved in re-

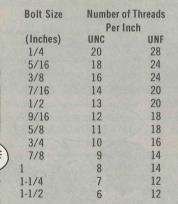
THESE.

ARE REALLY

UNE

Say you're not sure whether a bolt is UNC or UNF. Just count the number of threads in an inch and check it out on this chart:

moving the nut from the UNF end.)



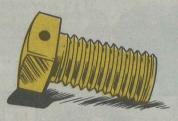
When in doubt, see what type hardware your parts manual calls for. Other So you can figure in this case the UNC good places to check for the right info on

Why is an Army ground vehicle mechanic like a housewife?

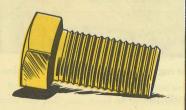
Ans: They both need to know about really looks coarse. threads.

needs to know are:

UNC-Unified American Standard Coarse

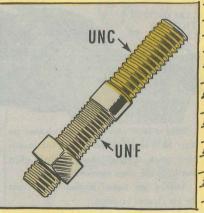


UNF-Unified American Standard Fine



This is often pretty easy because the UNF actually looks fine and the UNC

But sometimes it's harder to tell 'em The 2 kinds of threads the mechanic apart. Like, maybe you've got a stud with UNC threads on one end and UNF on the other, and you have to mate the correct end with the threads in the hole.



In this case it pays to know a little more about the differences between UNC and UNF threads so you can figure what size threads the hole is threaded for.

UNC thread-Quicker to assemble, better for use with all types of cast iron and steel, aluminum, copper, plastic, etc., used to secure components to a major item, such as oil pan to cylinder block, grill doors. Bolts will usually break before the threads strip.

WONDER HE ESCAPED, THOSE WERE UNC THREADS AN THOSE BOOTS

DON'T

GOT UNF

THREADS

WORRY...SHE'S

end of the stud goes in the casting and bolts, screws and their threads are Fed the UNF end takes the nut. (Actually, the Cats C5305-IL-A and C5306-IL-A.



You've got a built-in good deal going for you in the 250-CFM rotary air compressor.

Every ounce of PM effort you put into 'er will tip the scales your way with good breakdowns . . . no sweat.

with it all the way.

You have to give your compressor the right pre-start checkup, the right run and the right shutdown along with the right skid platform to lift the housing side tools.

> KEEP AN EYE ON YOUR TM'S AS YOU GO ALONG.



PRE-START CHECKOFF

First, see to it the compressor is operated on level ground. Tilted more than 15° it service. This means no headaches, no could end up with oil starvation and bearing burnout. If you've got a trailer-For the payoff, though, you gotta stay mounting rig, make sure the brakes are on and the wheels are blocked.

To save a lot of wear and tear on your equipment and on you, get up on the non-



On the Davey see if the condensation or water has been drained from the fuel during the last shutdown. Open the moisture separator drain cock. Shut it again or you'll lose air pressure when it's running.



If it's a Joy, on first time starts or after working on the fuel system, bleed and prime the fuel system to head off air-lock fuel starvation. Loosen the bleed screw on top of the secondary fuel filter and

operate the hand pump, the push-button on top of the primary fuel filter. Keep this up till pure fuel-no air bubbles-flows from around the plug.

THAT COMPRESSOR WILL BE RIGHT ON --IF YOU'RE PM WISE.



When you're checking the radiator coolant, don't stand or stomp on the trailer brake chamber housing. It'll bust the bolts sooner or later.

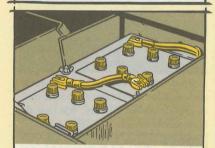


Dirty air filters can be the living end. There's a filter on the engine and another on the compressor. Eyeball their indicators. They'll turn from green to red as the dirt builds up. Empty dust compartments if red shows.



Your pre-start check isn't done till you cover these tender spots:

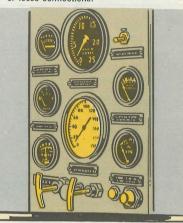
ENGINE CRANKCASE OIL—Level OK? Does the hourmeter (LO) say it's time to change?



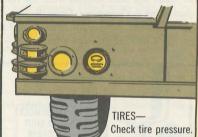
BATTERIES—Terminals OK? Not corroded, electrolyte ¾ inch over the battery plates and no bare wires. Hold down tight?

RADIATOR—Coolant within 2 inches from the top. No pinched, cracked or dripping hoses.

CONTROLS AND INSTRUMENTS—Damage or loose connections?



LIGHTS AND REFLECTORS—Check operation and inspect for damage.





ACCESSORIES—Dry chemical fire extinguisher at the ready. (You can now get the 2½-lb extinguisher, FSN 4210-889-2221, with the throwaway cylinder. A new cylinder comes under FSN 4210-889-2222. See TB 5-4200-200-10 (Jun 66).



SAFETY VALVE—Free and in working condition.



FUEL SYSTEM—Tank full? Drain primary fuel filter. Joints tight? No leaks!

BRAKE SYSTEM—Drain air reservoir. Service brake operating OK?

V-BELTS-No more slack than TM's say.

AIR INTAKE SYSTEM—Any leaks?

LINES—Solid, no kinks or breaks.

SAFETY CHAIN—Check for damaged or broken links and mounting.



COUPLINGS—Gaskets good and facings smooth.

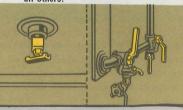
THE KICKOFF

A good start is your first step to making the right run. Your TM's spell out the fine points. You don't want to screw up here.

STARTING THE JOY

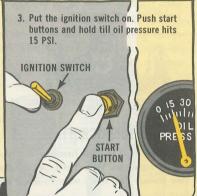


 Be sure the fuel shutoff valve is open.
 Open one service line valve but close all others.



2. Push the starter button, letting it rotate the compressor a few times.





 Adjust the service line valve to maintain 1,200-1,400 RPM till the engine warms up.



If the engine dies, drain away all air pressure and go through the whole start procedure again. If you don't, fresh oil in the chamber could break your compressor vanes and maybe ruin the whole



STARTING THE DAVEY ⁶

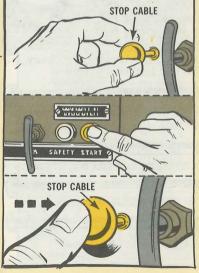


The Davey is different. It has no ignition switch, so here's what you do.

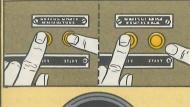
Close the air outlet valve on the hose reel or the service valve.



Pull the stop cable out to stop position, turn over for 3 seconds with starter button only, then push stop cable in all the way.



 Push start and safety switch buttons at the same time. Release the start button when engine starts but don't release the safety switch till you get oil pressure.





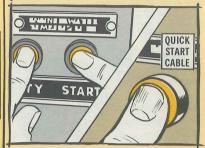
4. You can get a fast warmup if you partly open the air outlet valve and adjust the idle control to fast idle (1000 RPM). Make sure the air pressure in the receiver is kept above 80 PSI.



 After the engine runs steady, push in the idle control cable and close air outlet valve on the hose reel or service valve.



In cold weather, you don't guess with the quick-start cable. Use it only after the start and safety switch buttons are pressed.



When you have the engine purrin' like a contented cat, it's time to eyeball the readings of all the engine and compressor gages and to make a few last-minute checks.

CHOKE—Closed soon's the kicker's running on its own.



TACHOMETER—Operating and steadying down.



AMMETER—Charge going to the battery.



TEMP GAGE—If you've got a blow-through unit or a moisture trap, you'll have to wait till your engine temp gage says 140° to shut the compressor unloader with a cold weather start.

PRESSURE GAGE—Glue your eye on it. When it hits 100 PSI you're ready for the crew and their pneumatic tools.

RUNNIN' THE RIG

There's no better PM invented yet than staying alert on the job.

For instance, you always want to be up-wind from the drills, chisels, etc. to keep your compressor out of the dust. It'll pay you to move it around if the wind changes, for the sake of your filters.

Listen for unusual noises.

Stay out of the red with your compressor oil temperature gage. During operations, it should be between 150°-220°F.

Never operate the compressor with less than 80 PSI in the receiver. If it drops below that partly close the outlet

Keep your hoses out of the way and free of kinks. A busted high-pressure line can whip around and smack you for good.

Turn the panel lights on at night so you can easily watch those dials.

Use ear protectors. That goes for the guys on the tools, too. Working near steady loud noise will make you deaf for sure. A good ear protector is the M-1 commercial noise foe Model Mark II. It has foam-filled seal pads. Order it with FSN 4240-861-3612. Your best deal is to get a medic to fit you. If you can't get protectors, anything'll help: rifle cleaning patches, cotton wads, etc.

OIL SEPARATOR—Check your compressor oil level while the compressor is operating. Fill it after you've stopped the compressor and opened one air outlet valve to relieve all pressure.

TOOLS—Any combo of tools that exceed 200 CFM could overload and burn out your compressor. Say, you've got a sump pump, 100 CFM, and a chain saw, 90 CFM, hooked up, that's it, no more.



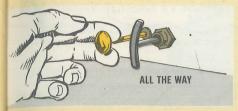
The right shutdown is the best insurance for a trouble-free operation the next time you use the air compressor. Take lots of time to ease off.

Close the air outlet valve and allow the unit to unload for 5 minutes.

The excess air can be used to clean out your tools, blowing out the muck and the water.

Remember, with the Joy, rev'er up to 1500 RPM for a minute before you set the ignition switch to stop. This'll save you from starting problems when you fire up again.

With the Davey, the engine stop goes all the way out to STOP. If it's not, dieseling could take over.



Open the moisture separator drain cock and drain sump. Cut off the air and bleed the lines. (Never disconnect a tool without draining the lines.)

Don't call it quits till you make a detailed look-see.

HOSE REELS—Be sure there're no kinks. Connect hoses to the center service valve and tighten the reel lock.



FUEL RETURN LINE—Solid and undamaged?

OILERS—Service 'em now and count 'em. All there?



How's your lube holding up? Look for dry bearings, drippy gaskets, hot spots. If you find metal chips in the oil, call support.

Last but not least get your record forms in order. Get the day's business entered in the right places,

If your Davey doesn't have a muffler, you gotta go an extra step to keep the air intakes clean. Have a 55-in length of exhaust extension put on in the place of the rain shield and point it away from the intakes. You can get the extension with FSN 2990-044-1289. But your best deal is to get the muffler under FSN 2990-044-1286.

PUBS YOU NEED

FOR THE DAVEY

TM 5-4310-250-15 (Nov 65)—With Changes.

TM 5-4310-250-20P (Jul 70)—W/Ch 1. LO 5-4310-250-12 (May 70)—Lubrication Order.

FOR THE JOY

TM 5-4310-247-15 (Apr 65)—With Changes.

TM 5-4310-247-20P (Dec 69). LO 5-4310-247-15 (Apr 65).

FOR BOTH

TB 742-93-1 (Mar 70)—Inspection And Test Of Air And Other Gas Compressors.

FOR TRAILER MOUNTED

SC 3820-97-CL-E09 (Mar 69) —Pneumatic Tool And Compressor Outfit For 250 CFM: Trailer Mounted.

TM 9-2330-247-14 (May 70)—3½-ton M353 trailer.

FOR TOOLS

See DA Pam 310-4 (June 71)—W/Ch 4 for TM's and LO's on specific tools.

7

SOONER THE BETTER



FIX ME QUICK ... OR CUT OFF Y'R THROTTLE

Have you checked the Mil Std engine throttle cable on the 350-GPM pump lately?

It often gets snagged on the vibrating shroud and ends up cut, bent or broken. Both

sides of the shroud can do this dirty work too.

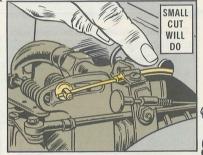
If yours is caught, get a mechanic on the scene.

A little cable adjustment may do the trick.

If not, an engine tuneup or a carb adjustment may be necessary.

Sometimes, a small hole cut in the top shroud is the only answer.

In any case, do your stuff, man . . . before the pump bugs out on you.





Before metal particles, rust and other gook causes damage to the hydraulic pump adapter, accessory drive gears and hydraulic actuator, install a line type filter to your hydraulic system soonest.

FSN 6115-937-4388 60 KW generator.

You can get the whole kit with FSN 6115-068-8194, including installation instructions. Plus extra poop for adjusting backlash in the accessory drive gears. And be sure to save the list of parts, FSN's and adjusting info until they show up in the next revision to the generator's TM's.

KIT

FSN 6115-068-8194

INSTALLED

When sending in your request give each generator's complete serial number, and include your document identifier information. The RIC is A12.

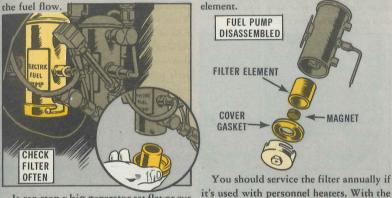
HAVE

HALP! MY FUEL IS BEING CUT OFF CLOGGED FILTER

Listen close if you've got electric fuel

Look out for the clogged filter that blocks aged get the new replacement filter

If you have a screen element you can pump; FSN 2910-930-9367 (MS 51321-2). still clean and reuse 'em, but when it's damelement.



FUEL PUMP DISASSEMBLED FILTER ELEMENT COVER - MAGNET GASKET You should service the filter annually if

It can stop a big generator set flat or cut off a personnel heater of shop vans and tracked vehicles without notice.

If it's damaged or clogged get a replacement filter element with FSN-2910-893-6402 and a cover gasket, FSN 5330-763-

9322.



ILTER EVERY THREE MONTHS

engine fuel system as in the M548 Cargo

Carrier, XM727 Carrier and XM730 Car-

rier you may have to service it every 3

You can get a repair kit, too, for this MS 51321-2 fuel pump, Order it with FSN 2910-588-7691 until the stock is exhausted then get it with FSN 2910-092-9331.



Any time you decon your M106 portable agent disperser, make sure you leave its dust control lever open all the way.

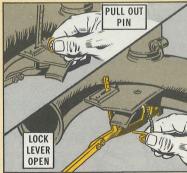


Same goes when you store the Mite. Otherwise, corrosion from dampness and agent residue will freeze the dust valve tube and put your Mite out of action.



Dust valve disassembly and corrosion cleaning make for a messy, sticky job. Worse yet, if the corrosion hangs on for any time at all, the dust valve, its preformed packing and the dust valve tube will be shot-and so will your Mite, 'cause those parts aren't in the supply system.

To lock the dust control lever open: Pull the metering pin from the metering control bar. Push the lever down as far as it'll go, and replace the pin in the end of the metering bar that's hanging under the elbow flange.



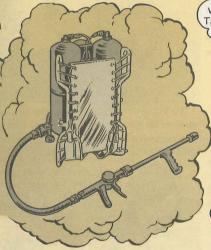
The Mite's covered by TM 3-1040-254-13 (Apr 68). Scoop on deconning the disperser is in para 25, and storage info's in paras 79 and 80.



NOW, ON

M3..

All your PM is for naught on your M3 portable agent disperser if you forget to trigger to take the pressure off the gun tube remove the gun's tube when you decon or while the M3's stored. That'll weaken the store the M3. See note on page 4-10, trigger spring. TM 3-1040-214-12 (Feb 72).



If you leave the tube in the gun, it'll be representation crimped permanent-like by the pressure of the trigger switch. Once that happens the tube's done for, and your disperser won't fire even with its working pressure of 40

And never, like never tie up or tape the



Paras 4-14,4-15, TM 3-1040-214-12 cover the scoop on deconning the M3, and in paras 2-10c and 4-19 in the TM give info on after-operation services.

FILTER-ELEMENT CHECK-UP



the lot numbers of all the filter elements used in their M17 or M17A1 protective masks. The list includes the name of the soldier each mask is assigned to.



That way—when a new SB 3-30-2, Protective Mask Canisters and Filter Elements Serviceability Lists, is published, they simply check their list against the SB's info. There's no need to pull a physical check on each mask to locate the unserviceable elements called out in the SB.

Saves time and work for all concerned. Also saves possible damage to the elements or the masks by cutting down on unnecessary disassembly.

To make things even easier, the filter element lot number info is also noted on the individual's ID tag (or tape) that's used on the harness of each mask.



Both elements in a mask must show the same lot number.





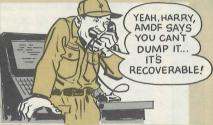
Hold it!

blies. Keep 'em handy and identified till needed scoop from them. you check their recoverability codes with your supply support's AMDF.

Why? Cause the recoverability code on some such items, and on other repair parts, too, is being changed from expendable to recoverable-and could be the changes haven't caught up with your repair parts manuals.

And when an item's recoverability code jumps from expendable to recoverable, you'll need your unserviceable item to swap with support for a like service- That info'll do you till your repair parts able item.

Your support's AMDF, of course, has Best hang on to your equipment's un- the lastest info on all FSN items in the serviceable assemblies and sub-assem- Army supply system. So you get the



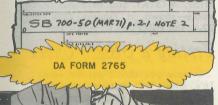
Also, be sure to add the new recoverability info to your repair parts records. manuals are updated.



SB 700-50 MAGIC

supplies and you don't have a specific publication reference, SB 700-50 is your magic lamp.

But the magic word is cite it—not rub it. In block O of DA Form 2765, that is.



A lot. Snoop around today and find out. Uncover your excess, unauthorized repair parts and other maintenance supplies and equipment. See your supply support outfit about turning 'em in right

Who knows, some other outfit may be standing in line and sweatin' for supplies that are a burden to you.

In short, today, your excess may just be your support's first line of supply.

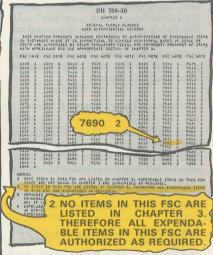
Give it a try.

Read the fine print, tho. Items must be expendable and either listed by name and FSN in the SB or cited by group and class in Note 1, 2 or 3 on page 2-1. The fine print also says that repair parts are authorized by TM, and medical supplies are

authorized by SB 8-100.

DON'T RUB! CAT! READ IT AND THEN CITE IT ... YOU'LL GET

ACTION!



Many expendable items mentioned in PS, for example, are authorized as required since they are covered by Note 2. Just cite the SB in Block O to request 'em.







New BII Poop

DA has knocked off all effective dates on Basic Issue Items (BII). You can trim down your equipment's BII as soon as you get your new Basic Issue Item List (BIIL). This new scoop went out Armywide in DA Message DALOMTE 282005Z Jun 72.

M151 Rust PM

Why wait for rust to eat out the rear body panel on your M151—or other TM-218-series ¼-ton vehicle? TB 750-981-3 (Jul 72) gives the poop on drilling drain holes to keep water from settling in the panel. You or your support can do the job, depending on what your CO decides.

On Guard!

You 67 Yankee types had better hold onto the maintenance instructions (MI H-1-1) that come with your exhaust infra-red supression kit. These inspection and repair poopsheets are all you'll get till the 'Cobra and Huey Dash 20's are revised. 'Nuff said.

M131A5C Semitrailer

It won't rust—the new fuel tank for your M131A5C 5,000-gal fuel servicing semitrailer's auxiliary engine. Order the tank by FSN 2910-358-5582.

Switch For 5- Ton

Yes, you can get that Switch, rotary starter, PN 11614131, in TM 9-2320-260-20P (Jun 70). It comes under FSN 2920-134-5036. It's for all TM-260-series 5-ton trucks—M813 cargo truck and the others.

FSN'S Hiding Out

Oh yes, TM 9-2320-218-20P (Jan 72) does list FSN's for the spare wheel retaining bracket and nut for your M151, M151A1 and M151A2 1/4-ton trucks—shown in Figures 22-5 and 22-6. The FSN's are on page 169.

Testing a 6BQ5 Tube?

In case you didn't get the word in TB's, letters or whatever, and you're about to test a 6BQ5 electron tube with a TV-7()/U test set, heed this: the test set will indicate a short in the tube. However, the tube is good . . . so use it. It's just a normal indication on that tube—with all TV-7 models. TB 11-6625-274-12/1 is picking up this info.

Open Channel "C"

Sometimes there's a break in the channel of communication between the commanding officer and the originator of an EIR. To keep the program perking make sure commodity command replies get back to the operator or mechanic who submitted the EIR, OK?

Power Unit Pub

May while with a die . Aprille . Muse

A power unit operator without TM 5-6115-365-15 and its 3 changes is working minus his right-hand pub. This TM also gives the repair parts and the maintenance info on most power units. The TM changes count most now. Ch 3 (Jun 71) is like a whole new TM, and Ch 2 (Apr 70) and Ch 1 (Jun 69) have good info, too. Order them on DA Form 17. Then get in your pin-point order for future editions by filling in Block 782 on DA Form 12-25.

Glue to Boot

To secure the mast split dust boot on the Huey (UH-1) scissors and sleeve assembly, use rubber cement, EC 776, on the joining flap. FSN 8040-809-8252 will get you a 2-oz tube of the adhesive.

Pillows and Mattresses

No need to guess on how to clean those pillows and cotton mattresses. TB 10-7210-200-13 (Feb 72) tells you what to use to clean your mattresses, and gives the FSN's for the cloth to patch those pillows.

Pipe Wrench Strap

You need a strap for your strap style pipe wrench, FSN 5120-242-3249? Order Strap, Webbing: cotton and nylon; 30 in. lg, 1¾ in. wide, both ends plain, FSN 5120-905-2965. You'll be back in business.

Cooler Gas Can Ice You

KEEP YOUR

GEAR IN

which willing

GREAT SHAPE...

Fiddling with air conditioner refrigerant can chill you for keeps. Common R-12 refrigerant makes phosgene gas (deadly, blisters your lungs and bronchial tubes) when heated with an open flame or other high heat source.

Best let somebody do the job who knows how.

M416 Adjustment

Any spring-shackle bushing adjustment on your M416 ¼-ton trailer should leave a 1/32-in clearance between the hex head and the spring shackle bracket—even tho the current TM 9-2330-251-14 doesn't say so. This clearance guideline was dropped from the TM by accident.

New Arrival

There's a new pub you'll want to eye when your aircraft is transferred. It's TM 55-1500-326-25 (Apr 72) on standards of serviceability for transfer and replaces the poop in the aircraft organizational maintenance pubs.

Tool EJR'S

STOP! Before you get rid of that new tool (5100 group and class) that will not do its job, let someone know that it's not up to snuff. Fill out a DA Form 2407 telling why the tool will not do the job, and send it to: CG, U.S. Army Mobility Equipment Command, ATTN: AMSME-MAO, 4300 Goodfellow Blvd, St. Louis, MO 63120.

☆U.S. GOVERNMENT PRINTING OFFICE: 1972 - 759-497/2

Would You Stake Your Life highingon

the Condition of Your Equipment?

